FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

2015 - OVERVIEW OF THE INSTITUTE

Historical notes	pag.	2
Organisation at NICO	pag.	5
Outreach activities	pag.	7
Seminars at NICO	pag.	8

LABORATORIES

Clinical neurobiology	pag.	9
Adult neurogenesis	pag.	39
Neurobiology of cerebral plasticity	pag.	62
Peripheral Nerve Regeneration	pag.	88
Neuroendocrinology	pag.	108
Neurophysiology of degenerative diseases	pag.	126
Brain development and disease	pag.	141

Web site visits	pag. 158
-----------------	----------

BRIEF HISTORICAL NOTES

The Cavalieri Ottolenghi Foundation is a no-profit organisation recognized by the Piedmont Region committed to supporting research and development of structural and infrastructural Neuroscience. The Foundation comes from the legacy to the University of Turin of Annetta Cavalieri Ottolenghi in the 50s and aims, according to the Statute, that "to deepen the existing knowledge on the interdependence between physico-chemical state of the human body and the expression of the psyche: that is, on the causes and treatment of mental insanity."

After decades in which the Foundation has funded scientific research projects and purchase of scientific equipment, in the 90s an international scientific committee of eminent personalities in Neuroscience proposed to build a center for Neuroscience and chose Dr. Carlos Dotti, a foreign researcher, as scientific director. For some years, the research group of the Foundation was hosted at the San Luigi Hospital, Orbassano (Torino) while the construction of the building began in 2001 and was completed in 2009. Meanwhile, Dr. Dotti moved abroad with his group.

In 2009, the Board of Administrators identified in prof. Ferdinando Rossi, University of Turin, the figure of the scientific director of the Foundation, decided to issue an announcement of selection, limited to the Piedmont Region, to select the groups to be included in the new building. Eight groups (seven of the University of Turin, one of the San Luigi Hospital) were selected by a national committee (which included Professors Bentivoglio, Bogetto, Cattaneo and Saglio, assisted by Dr. Borio, Administrative Director at the University of Turin) and in May 2010 they moved into the new building. The institute was named Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi (NICO).

Aims of NICO

1) The complexity of the studies on the brain requires a multidisciplinary approach. For this we combine complementary approaches and experiences, integrating basic research and clinical application. The birth of NICO takes full advantage of both the integration of the wealth of knowledge and the shared use of expensive equipment and laboratories formerly fragmented in university departments.

2) Our researchers are engaged in many activities of scientific dissemination, dedicated to the public (Open days at the NICO, Stem Cell Day and Night of Researchers, public conferences) and to high school students (Neuroscience Olympics and Scientific Summer Academy). These and other initiatives are designed both to bring young people to science, by sharing the commitment and passion that drives scientific research, both to communicate with competence and clarity a complex issue such as neuroscience.

The Institute of Neurosciences of the Cavalieri Ottolenghi Foundation (NICO) aims to perform high-level research in neuroscience geared toward the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of neurological disorders and in line with this principle, the research is focused on mechanisms that govern normal neural maturation and defects involved in mental retardation syndromes.

THE COLLABORATIVE VISION AT NICO

Since its foundation in 2011, the NICO adopted a new (relative to the Departments of origin) view of sharing all facilities, supplies and instruments by all groups. Excepted for the clinical-relevant activities, which have to be performed in dedicated and isolated rooms to maintain privacy related to human material, all instruments are located in common facilities which are shared by all the members of NICO. This has initially created an organizational burden, but it has also obliged people to meet, share decisions, collaborate and interact, also in the formation of new researchers. Internal courses on the use of instruments and facilities have been organised to improve their correct usage. Starting from the practical needs of every day research life, this attitude has boosted collaboration and exchange of ideas among the individual researchers and ameliorated the scientific production of single researchers. To sum

up, it has created a scientific environment which, respecting the peculiarities of single researchers, interacts and operates as a real community to apply for grants and develop multidisciplinary projects, and also acts as a whole institutional body in front of the scientific community and to the public. Finally, it represents a fundamental breakthrough to save money and to exploit the use of expensive instruments.

POSITIONING OF NICO IN THE UNIVERSITY OF TURIN

NICO is part of the University Interdepartmental center for Neuroscience (called Neuroscience Institute of Turin – NIT), which gathers most researchers active in the field in Turin (even outside the University). NICO researchers are part of doctorate schools (Neuroscience and Veterinary Medicine) of the University of Turin, and, as lecturers at the schools of Biology, Biotechnology, Pharmacy, Medicine, Psychology and Veterinary Medicine, are involved in the preparation of many theses for Graduate and Master degrees. NICO collaborates with several other research centers of the University of Turin, such as the Molecular Biotechnology center, the IRCCS Candiolo and the Brain Imaging Center.

The scientific director of NICO has participated to an Institutional visit of the University of Turin and the Polytechnic of Turin to the University of Haifa, as the University representative for Neuroscience.

Several groups of the NICO have projects and funding in collaboration with the Polytechnic of Turin.

Starting from 2016, microscopy facilities at the NICO will be part of the Open Access lab program of the University of Turin.

POSITIONING OF THE NICO IN ITALY AND IN THE WORLD

NICO researchers have several international collaborations in the world, as shown by their publication record. They have also a strong rate of exchange of visits and seminars, as it can be argued from their reports in attachment. Also they participate to exchange programs of bachelor, graduate and doctorate degrees, and NICO is often visited and attended by foreign students. They also participated in the international Young Investigators Training Program established in Italy in occasion of the 2011 World International Brain Research Organisation Meeting and of the 2014 European Neuroscience Meeting. Every second year, an international meeting (Steroids and Nervous System) is organized by Prof. Panzica's group (with the cooperation of prof. R.C. Melcangi, University of Milan): the meeting has an average 150 people attendance and more than 40 invited speakers from all over the world. The 2013 and 2015 editions were organized with the administrative help of the Ottolenghi Foundation at the Teaching center of the San Luigi Hospital. The Clinical Neurobiology group is organising local and national meetings on multiple sclerosis in the San Luigi Hospital.

NICO researchers are/have been members of committees for national and international meetings and societies, and acted as referees for international peer review journals and panels of funding agencies.

Researchers of NICO are involved in several collaborative grants at a local (Compagnia di San Paolo), national (PRIN) and international (7-FP and Horizon 2020) level, as detailed in the following reports.

NICO has recently (July 2015) applied to the MIUR (Italian Ministry of University and Research) in order to be included in the list of Research Institutes which are allowed to hire directly foreign researchers. Moreover, NICO has a pending application to the MIUR to receive public funds to support private research institutes: NICO has already been included in the list of admitted institutions (http://attiministeriali.miur.it/anno-2015/febbraio/dcd-09022015.aspx) and the final decision on funding is awaiting the Ministry signature.

In 2014 NICO has signed an official agreement of collaboration with Italian Institute of Technology for the exchange of researchers and facilities, and in this frame researchers of the two institutions are already collaborating and preparing joint grant applications. Also, in the frame of NIT, an agreement has been signed with the Istituto Superiore Mario Boella (a research and innovation centre of the Compagnia di San Paolo operating in the Information

and Communication Technologies (ICT) domain). As a result of this collaboration, a grant agreement within the Horizon 2020 program has just been signed in which the director of NICO is the coordinator.

THE NICO SPINOFF

In 2014 and 2015 some NICO researchers (prof. Eva, Geuna, Panzica, Buffo, Boido and Vercelli) collaborated in preparing the application for an academic spinoff (S&P Brain) of the University of Torino, to provide services to researchers, institution and companies related to behavioral neurosciences. This will allow to provide an income to the NICO, and also to apply for cooperative grants as a company. The spinoff has been approved by the adhoc committee of the University of Torino, and will be discussed in the Academic Senate and Council of Advisors of the University within end 2015.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NICO (NEUROSCIENCE INSTITUTE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI)

Scientific Director is prof. Alessandro Vercelli (appointed March 2014, up to February 2017). In addition to the scientific direction he performs also the function of Administrative Director.

Our activities are organized into **eight groups**: Adult Neurogenesis (PIs Luca Bonfanti and Paolo Peretto) Brain Development and Disease (PI Alessandro Vercelli) Clinical Neurobiology (PI Antonio Bertolotto) Nerve Regeneration (PI Stefano Geuna) Neurobiology of Brain Plasticity (PI Annalisa Buffo) Neuroendocrinology (PI Giancarlo Panzica) Neurophysiology of Neurodegenerative Diseases (PI Filippo Tempia) Neuropsychopharmacology (PI Carola Eva)

Staff

Employees directly depending from the Foundation consist of **two secretaries** (Maria Lo Grande and Susanna Monteleone) and **two technicians** (Sri Satuti Werdiningsih and Martyr).

We have a contract with a **Press Agent**, dr. Barbara Magnani, who is helping us in all dissemination activities.

According to the Convention with the University of Turin and with San Luigi Hospital of Orbassano, the NICO hosts:

- **University staff**: 4 full professors, 4 associate professors, 8 university research assistants, 1 technician, 12 post-docs and 14 doctoral students;

- **Hospital staff**: 1 Head physician, 1 manager biologist, 4 specialists in Clinical Biochemistry, 3 post-doc fellows, 3 laboratory technicians.

About 40 graduating students of Biology, Biotechnology, Medicine and Psychology perform experiments for their thesis at the NICO.

Labs and Equipment

Molecular and cellular neurobiology Neuroanatomy

This laboratory is equipped with numerous, excellent quality research light microscopes. We have two confocal microscopes (Leica SP5 and Nikon). A two-photon microscope Nikon (A1MP) has just been acquired. There is also an electron microscope in the Department of Cell Biology, San Luigi Hospital, adjacent NICO.

There are also various imaging systems with computerized microscopes and photo / digital video cameras that allow morphometric investigations, studies densitometry quantitative autoradiography, image processing and statistical analysis. Two Neurolucida systems are in the facility.

For neurohistological studies, sliding or rotational microtomes, 3 vibratomes and 4 cryostats are available.

Animal facility

The structures dedicated to the experimental animals include rooms dedicated to farming and livestock buildings, spaces dedicated to behavioral tests and, finally, rooms equipped for surgery on rodents. The laboratory for behavioral tests is equipped with mazes and infrared camera for the behavioral analysis of locomotor activity, anxiety, depression and memory. There is also a computerized video analysis (Ethovision XT video track system) to analyze scanned images of behavioral tests.

There are spaces equipped with P2 for the use of viruses.

Cellular and molecular biology

NICO has excellent facilities for research in the field of molecular and cell biology, and a dedicated and experienced staff for tissue culture experiments and molecular biology.

Tools for cell biology experiments allow cell count, the freezing of cells, plating of cells for experiments of tissue culture and cell transfection. For in vitro and ex vivo cultures (primary cultures, tissue explants, organotypic cultures, neurospheres) inverted microscopes are available and a system that allows the acquisition of images in time-lapse of viable cells.

In addition, the NICO provides expertise and services related to molecular biology techniques, such as the preparation and analysis of DNA, RNA and microRNA. The instrumentation of molecular biology platform includes a semi-automatic system for the purification of nucleic acids, three machines for Real-Time PCR, a electroporator for bacteria or ES, as well as many other instruments as a standard laboratory for extraction and analysis of DNA, RNA and proteins.

Electrophysiology

The laboratory of neurophysiology provides tools for the preparation of micro-sections of nervous tissue, that can be maintained in vitro for several hours. There are two experimental stations for patch clamp recordings of membrane potential or ionic current of single neurons in sections. These positions are furnished with complete tools for the electrical stimulation of the axons and for application of pharmacological substances. They can also make extracellular recordings to study synaptic plasticity.

Clinical Neurobiology Laboratory (CNL)

The CNL offers diagnostic services and consulting for the interior (San Luigi Hospital) and external (10 departments of neurology in the region) diagnosis of multiple sclerosis.

The diagnostic tests offered include cytochemical examination of cerebrospinal fluid, immunoisoelectrofocusing to search for oligoclonal bands and several essays for the detection of viral nucleic acids. In addition, the laboratory provides a diagnostic service for neuronal paraneoplastic antibodies.

Currently the CNL is one of the few laboratories in Italy capable of providing a diagnostic service for the detection of antibodies NMO-IgG and anti-AQP4.

Finally, the CNL offers various services for monitoring patients with multiple sclerosis treated with different drugs; in this regard the lab performs a service in Italy and Europe for the serological titration of antibodies against interferon-beta (using three different methods) and natalizumab (Tysabri) potentially produced by patients treated with these drugs.

The laboratory is also equipped with a service for the evaluation of the biological activity of interferon-beta through the measurement of gene expression of specific proteins induced by interferon (such as MxA).

Common services

In addition to spaces dedicated to animal facility and laboratories, there are two rooms for the secretariat, a staff kitchen, a room for small meetings (up to 20 people), a seminar room and a room for deep freezers.

OUTREACH ACTIVITIES

From the perspective of educational and scientific dissemination the aims of NICO are:

• to promote scientific culture, and in particular knowledge of neuroscience, in high schools, through multimedia tools that reduce the economic impact of training initiatives

• provide basic skills on the normal functioning of the brain and neurodegenerative processes

• explain the importance of basic research and the impact on society of tomorrow

• create synergies and exchange of expertise / experience in the world of university research, the school and society, represented in this case from the large network of voluntary associations active in the field of disability and dementia

The NICO is engaged in scientific **activities dedicated to students** of high schools - Scientific Summer Academy, Olympic Neuroscience and Unistem Day, national and international - and to public (Researchers' Night, Open Day and Brain Awareness Week).

These activities - thanks to the network of partnerships that, starting by the University of Turin in the years has expanded throughout the country at other universities, associations (e.g. Nonprofit Associations) and institutions like Centre Agora Science (which brings together the University of Turin and East Piedmont and Polytechnic of Turin) - have allowed to establish direct contacts with teachers and students of high schools.

NICO is organizing the regional competition of the World Olympics in Neuroscience: every year in the world, high school students participate in a competition to stimulate interest in the study of neuroscience. The competition begins with the sending of educational materials to schools, then a local selection in schools (in Piedmont hundreds of students), regional (at the NICO) and finally a national one in which the Italian "champion" is chosen for the world competition.

In order to further attract the interest of young people in the NICO's activities, a "Volley Brain" championship has been organised twice through the years.

The Institute has a strong link with the Piedmontese **Associations of patients** with disabilities (e.g. the Coordination Committee for Tetraplegic and Paraplegic patients of Piedmont) and neurodegenerative diseases and their families (CAAP - Coordination committee of Alzheimer Associations of Piedmont -12 local associations - the Ass. Of Parkinson friends of different provinces of the region, the Association Girotondo Onlus for SMA patients in Biella, etc.).

NICO is involved in the organization of a series of **dissemination lectures** for the public, some of which on the occasion of the "Brain Awareness Week " (which is held worldwide in March) at "Circolo dei Lettori" of Turin. The goal is to provide accurate information on scientific topics not easy to understand / disclose - such as the state of research and therapies available on neurodegenerative diseases - and often the subject of simplification and distortion (for example regarding the Stamina affair).

Recently, NICO, in **collaboration with the Museum of Human Anatomy of Turin**, has submitted an application to the Ministry of Universities for the installation of videos to be shown in the museum on "New techniques in the study of the nervous system at the microscopic level" and "macroscopic", as well as in writing a book on models of the nervous system, given the large number of visitors and of school students attending the museum.

SCIENTIFIC SEMINARS AT NICO

Over the last five years, an internal committee (Annalisa Buffo, Daniela Carulli and Silvia De Marchis) has been charged of the promotion and organisation of the seminar activities at NICO. The committee established a procedure according to which speakers to be invited are first proposed by NICO researchers and then selected based on a poll by all the NICO community. The committee also took the responsibility to organize the 'DISFEB meets NICO' series, agreed by the director of NICO and prof Melcangi of the Department of Pharmacological and Biomolecular Sciences-Center of Excellence on Neurodegenerative Diseases, Milan.

INVITED SPEAKERS

2011: Claudia Verderio, CNR, Milan; Roberto Furlan, Ospedale San Raffaele, Mlan; Alfredo Brusco, University of Turin; Elisa Vigna, IRCC Candiolo, University of Turin; Elsa Fabbretti, Sissa, Trieste; Helena Vieira (ITQB-UNL/IBET, Oeira, Lisboa); Claudio Giachino (Max planck Institute, Freiburg, Germany); Gaetano Donofrio (University of Parma).

2012: Julien Puyal, University of Lausanne; Anna Gualandris, University of Turin; Marco Sassoè-Pognetto, University of Turin; Silvia Nicolis, University of Milan Bicocca; Carla Taveggia, San Raffaele Hospital; Antonio Uccelli, University of Genoa; Patrizia Panzanelli, University of Turin; Ferdinando di Cunto, University of Turin; Glauco Tarozzo, IIT Genoa; Paolo Giacobini, Unv of Lion; Anna Gualandri, University of Turin; Silvia Nicolis, University of Milan; Antonio Uccelli, University of Genoa; Claudio Ciardelli, Politecnico, Turin; Giuseppina Tesco, University of Boston; Daniela Rossi, Salvatore Maugeri, Pavia; Adriano Chiò, University of Turin; Giorgio Merlo, University of Turin; Maurizio Giustetto, University of Turin; Cristina Becchio, University of Turin; Martina Amanzio, University of Turin; GianBattista Ferrero, University of Turin.

2013: Enzo Terreno, University of Turin; Luca Muzio, San Raffaele Hospital; Tommaso Fellin and Serena Bovetti, IIT Genoa; Laura Sacerdote, University of Turin; M. Miquel, University Jaume de Castelo; G Fisone, Karolinska Institute; L Chelazzi, University of Verona.

2014 - NICO seminars: Chiara Rolando, University of Basel; F. Cauda, Ospedale Koelliker -Università di Torino; Alessandro Sale, CNR di Pisa; Paolo Fabene, Università di Verona; Prof. Federico Bussolino, Istituto di Candiolo – IRCCS, Università di Torino; Alexander J. Graur, Ph.D - The New York Academy of Sciences; Maurizio Balistreri, Università di Torino; Carlo Ricciardi, Emiliano Descrovi, Fabrizio Pirri - Politecnico di Torino; Federico Cremisi, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa; Matteo Caleo, CNR, Pisa; Umberto Dianzani, Università del Piemonte Orientale "Amedeo Avogadro"; Cinthia Farina, - San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan.

DISFEB MEETS NICO: Roberto Melcangi, Barbara Viviani, Roberto Gardoni (University of Milan).

2015: F. Molinari, Politecnico di Torino; M. Tamietto, University of Turin; J. Kwok, University of Cambridge (UK); P. Palanza, University of Parma; M. Studer, University of Nice Sophia-Antipolis; D. F. Benfenati, IIT Genoa; De Pietri Tonelli, IIT Genoa; Toshitaka Oohashi (University of Okayama, Japan); F Laezza, University of Texas; A. Gozzi, University of Trento. **DISFEB MEETS NICO**: N. Mitro; R. Molteni; A. Villa; M. Fumagalli; L. Musazzi; A. Poletti; Anna Cariboni; V. Magnaghi (University of Milan).

NICO lectures on Neuroscience:

Arturo Alvarez Buylla, University of California, San Francisco, May 2013 Ferdinando Rossi Lecture on Neuroscience: Frank Bradke, German Center for Neurodegenerative Diseases, Bonn, January 2015.

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: Clinical neurobiology, SCDO Neurologia 2 - CRESM

1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION – PERSONNEL:

• Principal Investigator

Antonio Bertolotto
MD
Nationality: Italy
Email: antonio.bertolotto@gmail.com

Birthdate (12/02/1952) Gender: M Phone: 00 39 011 670 66 00

• Personnel

Arianna Sala

Birthdate (22/05/1972) Gender: F

MSc in Biology Gender: F Role: Resident Biologist, Specialist in Clinical Pathology Nationality: Italian Expertise: She is principally involved in the diagnostic process of inflammatory diseases of the nervous system and in the development of novel laboratory procedures for the advancement of diagnostic technologies.

2. Marzia Caldano

1.

Birthdate (20/07/1975)

MSc and Board Certification in Clinical and Analytical Biochemistry Gender: F Role: Pharmacist Nationality: Italian Expertise: relevant experience in drug immunogenicity, cell cultures, gene expression analysis and cerebrospinal fluid analysis. She is in charge of an Italian Service for the detection of anti-Interferon and anti-Natalizumab antibodies in multiple sclerosis patients.

Currently her studies is focused on personalization of therapy and identification of new biomarkers to establish the efficacy of treatment.

 3.
 Letizia Granieri
 Birthdate (13/12/1980)

 MSc and Board Certification in Clinical Pathology
 Gender: F

 Role: Biologist
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: experience on cerebrospinal fluid examination, drug immunogenity evaluation and central nervous system autoimmunity. Her principal research fields are monitoring biological response to different treatments in multiple sclerosis patients and the study of anti-AQP4 antibodies in Neuromyelitis Optica (NMO) and related pathologies.

 4.
 Fabiana Marnetto
 Birthdate (14/12/1980)

 MSc and Board Certification in Clinical and Analytical Biochemistry
 Gender: F

 Role: Medical Biologist
 Nationality: Italian

Expertise: Detection of antibodies in autoimmune diseases (anti-KIR4.1 antibodies in MS and anti-Aquaporin 4 antibodies in NMO). Investigating the Epstein Barr virus (EBV) involvement in MS pathogenesis. Evaluation of clinical/biological response to different therapies in MS and NMO: biomarkers discovery and validation, assessing the clinical/biological response to different therapies in MS. Experience in performing cerebrospinal fluid evaluation and serological tests for anti- central nervous system antibodies, for diagnosis and management of patients with MS, NMO and other neurological disorders.

5. Serena Martire

6.

Serena MartireBirthdate (01/08/1987)MSc and Master in Medical and Genomic StatisticsGender: FRole: Medical BiotechnologistNationality: ItalianExpertise: Molecular biology, data management, gene expression and genotype dataanalysis, biostatistics

Francesca MontaroloBirthdate (14/05/1983)MSc and PhD in NeuroscienceGender: FRole: BiologistNationality: ItalianExpertise: Technical skills to work "in vivo" with experimental murine model, looking at
cognitive behavior tests and at immunohistological and biomolecular aspects in the
central nervous system.

7. Simona Perga

Birthdate (29/03/1977)

MSc, PhD in Molecular and Experimental Pathology and Board Certification in Clinical and Analytical Biochemistry Gender: F Role: Medical Biotechnologist Nationality: Italian

Expertise: Previous research activity concerned the investigation of the molecular mechanisms underlying the physiological pathological neuronal aging in "in vitro" primary neuronal and glial cultures and in vivo mice models and disease biomarkers research in biological fluids (cerebrospinal fluid and serum) through the application of proteomics and biochemical techniques. Her current research activity is relates to the molecular mechanisms involved in the pathogenesis of multiple sclerosis (MS). In particular this research is carried on performing gene and protein expression analysis in peripheral blood mononuclear cells or in sub-population isolated from whole blood obtained from patients and healthy controls; immunohistochemically and immunofluorescence analysis in post-mortem MS human brain tissues and in the EAE mouse models of MS.

Michela Spadaro Birthdate (10/03/1975)
 MSc and PhD in in Immunology and Cellular Biology Gender: F
 Role Biologist Nationality: Italian
 Expertise: Technical skills to work "in vivo" with experimental murine model and human samples to explore the immune mechanisms underlying multiple sclerosis pathology by flow cytometry and functional assays, molecular biology and data management.

9. Paola Valentino Birthdate (11/08/1981) MSc and Board Certification in Clinical and Analytical Biochemistry Gender: F Role: Medical Biotechnologist Nationality: Italian Expertise: gene expression analysis and evaluation of drug immunogenicity therapies in MS and NMO patients. Evaluation and validation of diagnostic and prognostic tests for the detection of biomarkers for MS and NMO. Cerebrospinal fluid evaluation and serological tests for diagnosis and management of patients with MS, NMO and other neurological disorders

 10.
 Gabriele Bono
 Birthdate (30/03/1991)

 Bachelor's degree in Biomedical Laboratory Technicians
 Gender: M

 Role: Biomedical Laboratory Technicians
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: Analysis of whole blood , serum and plasma; dosage of serum proteins by
 capillary electrophoresis; seeding of organic samples on plates of agarose for

 microbiological analysis; processing of histological and cytological specimens; PCR, flow
 cytometry, mice manipulation, extracting of nucleic acids, immunohistochemistry and

 immunofluorescence.
 Immunofluorescence.

 11.
 Federica Brescia
 Birthdate (26/03/1984)

 Bachelor's degree in Biomedical Laboratory Technicians
 Gender: F

 Role Biomedical Laboratory Technicians
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: Cerebrospinal fluid analysis and serological tests, DNA and RNA extraction,

 databases management, Bio-Bank management, cells culture and CPE test.

 12.
 Daniela De Nicolò
 Birthdate (03/05/1985)

 Bachelor's degree in Biomedical Laboratory Technicians
 Gender: F

 Role: Biomedical Laboratory Technicians
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: Cerebrospinal fluid analysis and serological tests, DNA and RNA extraction,

 databases management, Bio-Bank management, cells culture and CPE test.

Daniela GramolelliBirthdate (31/01/1980)GraduateGender: FRole SecretaryNationality: ItalianExpertise: compiling databases and acceptance samples.

13.

2. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

1977 graduation cum laude, Medical Doctor, University of Turin, Italy 1981 specialization cum laude, Neurology, University of Turin, Ital

Employment and research experience:

1982 -1992 Neurological Clinic, University of Turin (Italy), vice-head
1992-2002 Neurological Clinic, University Hospital S. Luigi, Orbassano, vice-head
2002-2009 Multiple Sclerosis Regional Referral Centre (CRESM) & Clinical Neuro-Biology (CNB), AOU S. Luigi, Orbassano, Director
2009- today Neurological Unit 2 – CRESM, University Hospital S. Luigi, Orbassano, Director

Relevant discoveries: (Relevant contribution to basic and clinical topics) Peri-neuronal nets and Extracellular Matrix components in CNS Identification of subsets of resting microglia in normal CNS Antibodies against bio-pharmaceutical Procedure for lumbar puncture reducing pain Anti-inflammatory molecules involved in Multiple Sclerosis Auto-Antibodies specific for Multiple Sclerosis and NMOSD

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).

Starting- end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overal I Amou nt Funde d	Directly Availabl e to NICO
	National vs International	PI vs. Component	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
2009-2010	national	Comp	FISM	I meccanismi immuno-biologici della gravidanza: come possono indurre una spontanea remissione nella sclerosi multipla		90.000	90.000*
2010-2011	National	Comp	FISM	Analisi delle variazioni di singoli nucleotidi poliformi in TNFAIP3 associati alla sclerosi multipla	FISM code 2010/R/28	40.000	40.000*
2010	National	PI	Alenia	Nuove metodiche bio-molecolari per differenziare le malattie autoimmuni del Sistema Nervoso (SN)		10.000	10.000
2010	National	PI	Alenia			40.000	40000
2010	National	PI	FISM	Correlazione tra neurodegenerazione e infiammazione nella sclerosi multipla: NR4A2 come modulatore di infiammazione	FISM code 2010/R/7	30.000	30.000*
2010-2013	National	Comp	Ministero Salute Italia	"The ubiquintin-editing enzyme A20 (TNFAIP3) as a peacekeeper in inflammation and immunity: a link between TNFAIP3 deregulation and Multiple Sclerosis"	Project Code: GR-2010- 2315964	263.00 0	263.000 *
2011	national	Comp	FISM	Analisi dell'infezione con virus Epstein- Barr e della risposta immunitaria nel fluido cerebrospinale e nel sangue di pazienti con sclerosi multipla mediante tecniche altamente sensibili di PCR		16.000	16.000
2011-2013	National	PI	Compagnia di SanPaolo	Immunological mechanisms of pregnancy induces spontaneous remission in MS: microarray longitudinal analysis of gene expression in MS patients and healthy volunteers before and during pregnancy		100.00 0	100.000
2012 - 2013	National	PI	Novartis Spa	Clinical effect of a Nurr1 agonist on EAE	-	€ 50.000	€ 50.000
2012-2014	National	PI	Merck	Prediction of clinical IFNB response and differences among IFNB preparations		200.00 0	200.000

2013	National	PI	FISM	Diagnostic and prognostic biomarkers in multiple sclerosis: a possible role of Vitamin D Binding Protein isoforms	FISM Code 2013/S/4	80.000	80.000#
2013	National	Comp	FISM	Sviluppo e validazione preliminare della versione abbreviata e computerizza dell'MSQOL-54		7000	
2013-2014	National	PI	Novartis Spa	Clinical effect of a Nurr1 agonist on Relapsing Remitting EAE	-	€ 50.000	€ 50.000
2013-2015	National	PI	TEVA	T regulatory cells (Treg) in pregnacy and Copaxone treated MS patients	-	50.000 €	50.000
2014	National	Comp	FISM	Studio dell'espressione di geni dei virus di Epstein Barr e geni cellulari in pazienti con CIS, SM, recidivante remittente e SM primaria progressiva: ricerca di biomarcatori diagnostici e progonostici		51.950	51.950*
2014	National	PI	Biogen	SERVIZIO DOMPÈ per NAbs e anticorpi anti Tysabri	-	199.37 9,72	199.379, 72
2014	National	PI	FISM	Una banca biologica ed un laboratorio dedicati alla raccolta ed alla distribuzione di campioni biologici di SMPP, la replicazione e la condivisione di dati e la validazione di metodi biologici	-	74.800	74.800 [#]
2014-2016	national	Comp	FISM	"Ruolo della deubiquitinasi A20/TNFAIP3 nell'immuno-patologia della SM".	FISM code 2014/R/14	100.00 0	100.000*
2015	National	PI	Biogen	SERVIZIO DOMPÈ per NAbs e anticorpi anti Tysabri	-	109.80 0	109.800
2015-2016	national	PI	Merck	Regulatory cells: evaluation of the effect of IFN-beta treatment in MS patients"	-	60.000	60.000
2015-2017	National	PI	Ministero Salute	«Improving therapeutic appropiateness of Multiple Sclerosis treatments using biomolecular approaches to personalize therapy and save pharmaceutical spending»		381.88 0	381.880 *

*The financial management of the project was in charge to the administration of AOU San Luigi, but the research was performed mainly at NICO. Scientific instruments funded by the project are located at NICO and are available to all the researcher of NICO.

"The financial management of the project was in charge to the administration of FISM, but the research was performed mainly at NICO. The project overhead (5%) and scientific instruments funded by the project are located at NICO and are available to all the researcher of NICO.

Please list the name of PhDs you have supervised. PhD: Dr Francesca Gilli

Board Certification in Clinical Pathology: Dr Arianna Sala, Dr Letizia Granieri

Board Certification in Clinical and Analytical Biochemistry: Dr. Fabiana Marnetto, Dr Marzia Caldano, Dr Paola Valentino, Dr Simona Perga, Dr Nicole D. Navone

Master in Medical and Genomic Statistics: Dr. Serena Martire

Please list honours, prizes or awards received, If applicable.

2003: member of "Therapeutics and Technology Assessment subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology" for anti-IFNb antibodies Since 2004 Coordinatore della Commissione Regionale SM dell'Assessorato alla Sanità 2009: member of Accademia di Medicina di Torino 2012: idoneità a Professore Universitario di Prima Fascia, Settore Neurologia

Please list your outreach activities

• Describe your international collaborative experiences.

University of Munchen (anti-KIR antibodies);

Muenster (European Bio-bank and LSelectin); MAGE (European project for antibodies anti-biological drugs); Tel Aviv (SNPS for prevention of PML in Natalizumab treated patients).

• Invited talks:

Since 1st May 2015:

19-20 XI Milano "Abbiamo risposto?" in tavola rotonda in "SM: una sola malattia?"
24 X Pero (MI) "SM e alimentazione: cibi e diete nell'era dei nuovi farmaci" in "Alla round MS"
10 X Barcellona "Hot Topics in MS: Best of ECTRIMS 2015"
11 IX Padova "Terapia: stato dell'arte" in "Due passi nel futuro della SM"
18 VI Orbassano "Interazioni fra ricercatori ed il comitato etico"
5 VI Brescia "L Selectina: un potenziale marker di richio con PML" in "Monitoraggio del trattamento long term con Natalizumab"
29 V Palermo "La cefalea post-rachicentesi: un dolore evitabile" in Seminari della Scuola di Specializzazione in Neurologia
28 V Baveno "Tavola rotonda: modelli organizzativi dei centri SM" in "Top Seminar"
Editorial duties Member of the Editorial Board of:

"Multiple Sclerosis International" since 2012 "Progress in Neuroscience" since 2012 "Dataset Papers in Neuroscience" dal 2012 "Journal of Multiple Sclerosis" since 2014 "Neurology and Therapy" since 2014

Member of the Scientific Committee of AISM 1997-1998; 2010-2013

Please list your organizational activities:

Speakers invited:

Prof.ssa Farina C., Istituto Neurologico Besta, Milano, title: "Peripheral and central pathogenic processes in Multiple Sclerosis", February 14th, 2014.

Prof Dianzani U., Dipartimento di Scienze della Salute, Università del Piemonte Orientale "Amedeo Avogadro" title: "Vaccinazione inversa nella terapia della Sclerosi Multipla", March 21st, 2014

Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized:

XXI AINI Congress 22nd -25th September 2011, Pollenzo (Cuneo, Italy);

Since 2006: 18 Residential Courses "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" Every year a meeting focused on clinical management of MS.

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable

2012: Co-Titolare del brevetto n. 13168110.8 "BIOMARCATORI PER PATALOGIE DEL SISTEMA NERVOSO CENTRALE"

2013: Co-Titolare del brevetto europeo n EP2664923 European and USA patent extension with the title of "Biomarkers for central nervous system diseases".

3. **PI's PUBBLICATIONS:**

(Please list below your publications in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science). For each publication, please indicate:

* if you contributed equally to the fist-author, as stated in the published article

Please use the following format throughout:

Manca, A., Capsoni, S., Di Luzio, A., Vignone D, Malerba F, Paoletti F, Brandi R, Arisi I, Cattaneo A, Levi-Montalcini R. (2012). Nerve growth factor regulates axial rotation during early stages of chick embryo development. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A., 109(6):2009-14 IF= 9.67; R = 4/57; Times cited = 8

- Prosperini, L., Annovazzi, P., Capobianco, M., Capra, R., Buttari, F., Gasperini, C., Galgani, S., 1. Solaro, C., Centonze, D., Bertolotto, A., Pozzilli, C., Ghezzi, A. (2015). Natalizumab discontinuation in patients with multiple sclerosis: Profiling risk and benefits at therapeutic crossroads. Mult Scler.; 21(13):1713-22. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 0
- 2. Bertolotto, A. (2015). Evaluation of the impact of neutralizing antibodies on IFNβ response. Clin Chim Acta., 449:31-6. IF = 2.824; R = 11/57 (Biochemistry medical); Times cited = 1
- 3. laffaldano, P., Lucisano, G., Pozzilli, C., Brescia Morra, V., Ghezzi, A., Millefiorini, E., Patti, F., Lugaresi, A., Zimatore, G.B., Marrosu, M.G., Amato, M.P., Bertolotto, A., Bergamaschi, R., Granella, F., Coniglio, G., Tedeschi, G., Sola, P., Lus, G., Ferrò, M.T., Iuliano, G., Corea, F., Protti, A., Cavalla, P., Guareschi, A., Rodegher, M., Paolicelli, D., Tortorella, C., Lepore, V., Prosperini, L., Saccà, F., Baroncini, D., Comi, G., Trojano, M.; Italian iMed-Web database. (2015). Fingolimod versus interferon beta/glatiramer acetate after natalizumab suspension in multiple sclerosis. Brain; 138(Pt 11): 3275-86.
 - IF = 9.196; R = 4/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 0
- 4. Schwab, N., Schneider-Hohendorf, T., Pignolet, B., Spadaro, M., Görlich, D., Meinl, I., Windhagen, S., Tackenberg, B., Breuer, J., Cantó, E., Kümpfel, T., Hohlfeld, R., Siffrin, V., Luessi, F., Posevitz-Fejfár, A., Montalban, X., Meuth, S.G., Zipp, F., Gold, R., Du Pasquier, R.A., Kleinschnitz, C., Jacobi, A., Comabella, M., Bertolotto, A., Brassat, D., Wiendl, H. (2015). PML risk stratification using anti-JCV antibody index and L-selectin. Mult Scler., 15 Oct 2. pii: 1352458515607651. [Epub ahead of print] IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 0
- 5. Spadaro, M., Caldano, M., Marnetto, F., Lugaresi, A., Bertolotto, A. (2015). Natalizumab treatment reduces L-selectin (CD62L) in CD4+ T cells. J Neuroinflammation, 12:146. IF = 5.41; R = 11/144 (Neurology) 25/200 (Immunology); Times cited = 0
- 6. Veroni, C., Marnetto, F., Granieri, L., Bertolotto, A., Ballerini, C., Repice, A.M., Schirru, L., Coghe, G., Cocco, E., Anastasiadou, E., Puopolo, M., Aloisi, F. (2015). Immune and Epstein-Barr virus gene expression in cerebrospinal fluid and peripheral blood mononuclear cells from patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis. J Neuroinflammation, 12:132. IF = 5.41; R = 11/144 (Neurology) 25/200 (Immunology); Times cited = 0
- 7. Capobianco, M., di Sapio, A., Malentacchi, M., Malucchi, S., Matta, M., Sperli, F., Bertolotto, A. (2015). No impact of current therapeutic strategies on disease reactivation after natalizumab discontinuation: a comparative analysis of different approaches during the first year of natalizumab discontinuation. Eur J Neurol. 2015 Mar;22(3):585-7. IF = 4.055; R = 36/144 (Neurology) 58/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 1

- Montarolo, F., Perga, S., Martire, S., Bertolotto, A. (2015). Nurr1 reduction influences the onset of chronic EAE in mice. <u>Inflamm Res.</u>, 64(11):841-4 IF = 2.347; R = 106/200 (Immunology); Times cited =0
- Perga, S., Giuliano Albo, A., Lis, K., Minari, N., Falvo, S., Marnetto, F., Caldano, M., Reviglione, R., Berchialla, P., Capobianco, M.A., Malentacchi, M., Corpillo, D., Bertolotto, A. (2015). Vitamin D Binding Protein Isoforms and Apolipoprotein E in Cerebrospinal Fluid as Prognostic Biomarkers of Multiple Sclerosis. <u>PLoS One</u>, 10(6):e0129291. IF = 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 0
- Bertolotto, A., Malentacchi, M., Capobianco, M., di Sapio, A., Malucchi, S., Motuzova, Y., Pulizzi, A., Berchialla, P., Sperli, F. (2015). The use of the 25 Sprotte needle markedly reduces post-dural puncture headache in routine neurological practice. <u>*Cephalalgia*</u>; Apr 23. pii: 0333102415583983. [Epub ahead of print]
 IF = 4.891; R = 41/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 0
- Bertolotto, A., Granieri, L., Marnetto, F., Valentino, P., Sala, A., Capobianco, M., Malucchi, S., Di Sapio, A., Malentacchi, M., Matta, M., Caldano, M. (2015). Biological monitoring of IFN-β therapy in Multiple Sclerosis. <u>*Cytokine Growth Factor Rev.*</u>, 26(2):241-8.
 IF = 5.357; R = 20/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology) 21/200 (Immunology); Times cited = 1
- Perga, S., Montarolo, F., Martire, S., Berchialla, P., Malucchi, S., Bertolotto, A. (2015). Antiinflammatory genes associated with multiple sclerosis: a gene expression study. <u>J</u> <u>Neuroimmunol.</u>, 279:75-8. IF = 2.467; R = 83/200 (Immunology) 52/144 (Neurology) 85/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 0
- Lo Re, M., di Sapio, A., Malentacchi, M., Granieri, L., Bertolotto A. (2015). Acute confusional state in HaNDL syndrome (transient headache and neurologic deficits with cerebrospinal fluid lymphocytosis). <u>Neurol Sci.</u>, 36(3):477-8.
 IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 1
- Chiò, A., Calvo, A., Moglia, C., Canosa, A., Brunetti, M., Barberis, M., Restagno, G., Conte, A., Bisogni, G., Marangi, G., Moncada, A., Lattante, S., Zollino, M., Sabatelli, M., Bagarotti, A., Corrado, L., Mora, G., Bersano, E., Mazzini, L., D'Alfonso, S.; PARALS (2015). ATXN2 polyQ intermediate repeats are a modifier of ALS survival. <u>Neurology</u>, 84(3): 251-8. IF = 8.185; R = 9/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 3
- Rosato, R., Testa, S., Oggero, A., Molinengo, G., Bertolotto, A. (2015). Quality of life and patient preferences: identification of subgroups of multiple sclerosis patients. <u>*Qual Life Res.*</u>; 24(9): 2173-82.
 IF = 2.486; R = 92/460 (Public Health, Environmental and Occupational Health); Times cited = 0

2014

- Di Sapio, A., Bertolotto, A., Melillo, F., Sperli, F., Malucchi, S., Troni, W. (2014). A new neurophysiological approach to assess central motor conduction damage to proximal and distal muscles of lower limbs. *Clin Neurophysiol.*; 125(1): 133-41.
 IF = 3.097; R = 59/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 1
- Chiò, A., Calvo, A., Bovio, G., Canosa, A., Bertuzzo, D., Galmozzi, F., Cugnasco, P., Clerico, M., De Mercanti, S., Bersano, E., Cammarosano, S., Ilardi, A., Manera, U., Moglia, C., Sideri, R., Marinou, K., Bottacchi, E., Pisano, F., Cantello, R., Mazzini, L., Mora, G.; Piemonte and Valle d'Aosta Register for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. (2014). Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis outcome measures and the role of albumin and creatinine: a population-based study. <u>JAMA Neurol.</u>; 71(9): 1134-42.

IF = 7.271; R = 12/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 4

- Montarolo, F., Raffaele, C., Perga, S., Martire, S., Finardi, A., Furlan, R., Hintermann, S., Bertolotto A. (2014). Effects of isoxazolo-pyridinone 7e, a potent activator of the Nurr1 signaling pathway, on experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis in mice. <u>*PLoS One*</u>, 9(9):e108791. IF = 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 0
- Marnetto, F., Granieri, L., Valentino, P., Capobianco, M., Pautasso, M., Bertolotto, A. (2014). CD19 mRNA quantification improves rituximab treatment-to-target approach: a proof of concept study. <u>J</u> <u>Neuroimmunol</u>., 277(1-2):127-33.
 IF = 2.467; R = 83/200 (Immunology) 52/144 (Neurology) 85/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 0
- Hegen, H., Millonig, A., Bertolotto, A., Comabella, M., Giovanonni, G., Guger, M., Hoelzl, M., Khalil, M., Killestein, J., Lindberg, R., Malucchi, S., Mehling, M., Montalban, X., Polman, C.H., Rudzki, D., Schautzer, F., Sellebjerg, F., Sørensen, P.S., Deisenhammer, F. (2014). Early detection of neutralizing antibodies to interferon-beta in multiple sclerosis patients: binding antibodies predict neutralizing antibody development. <u>*Mult Scler*</u>.; 20(5): 577-87. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 4
- Bertolotto, A., Capobianco, M., Amato, M.P., Capello, E., Capra, R., Centonze, D., Di Ioia, M., Gallo, A., Grimaldi, L., Imberti, L., Lugaresi, A., Mancinelli, C., Marrosu, M.G., Moiola, L., Montanari, E., Romano, S., Musu, L., Paolicelli, D., Patti, F., Pozzilli, C., Rossi, S., Salvetti, M., Tedeschi, G., Tola, M.R., Trojano, M., Zaffaroni, M., Malucchi, S.; Italian Multiple Sclerosis Study group. (2014). Guidelines on the clinical use for the detection of neutralizing antibodies (NAbs) to IFN beta in multiple sclerosis therapy: report from the Italian Multiple Sclerosis Study group. <u>Neurol Sci.</u>, 35(2):307-16.

IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 5

 Gnanapavan, S., Hegen, H., Khalil, M., Hemmer, B., Franciotta, D., Hughes, S., Hintzen, R., Jeromin, A., Havrdova, E., Tumani, H., Bertolotto, A., Comabella, M., Frederiksen, J., Álvarez-Cermeño, J.C., Villar, L., Galimberti, D., Myhr, K.M., Dujmovic, I., Fazekas, F., Ionete, C., Menge, T., Kuhle, J., Keir, G., Deisenhammer, F., Teunissen, C., Giovannoni, G. (2014). Guidelines for uniform reporting of body fluid biomarker studies in neurologic disorders. <u>*Neurology*</u>. 2014 Sep 23;83(13):1210-6

IF = 8.185; R = 9/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 6

23. Navone, N.D., Perga, S., Martire, S., Berchialla, P., Malucchi, S., Bertolotto, A. (2014). Monocytes and CD4+ T cells contribution to the under-expression of NR4A2 and TNFAIP3 genes in patients with multiple sclerosis. *J Neuroimmunol.*, 272(1-2):99-102.
IF = 2.467; R = 83/200 (Immunology) 52/144 (Neurology) 85/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 2

- Teunissen, C., Menge, T., Altintas, A., Álvarez-Cermeño, J.C., Bertolotto, A., Berven, F.S., Brundin, L., Comabella, M., Degn, M., Deisenhammer, F., Fazekas, F., Franciotta, D., Frederiksen, J.L., Galimberti, D., Gnanapavan, S., Hegen, H., Hemmer, B., Hintzen, R., Hughes, S., Iacobaeus, E., Kroksveen, A.C., Kuhle, J., Richert, J., Tumani, H., Villar, L.M., Drulovic, J., Dujmovic, I., Khalil, M., Bartos, A. (2013) Consensus definitions and application guidelines for control groups in cerebrospinal fluid biomarker studies in multiple sclerosis. <u>*Mult Scler.*</u>; 19(13):1802-9. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 25
- Comi, G., Battaglia, M.A., Bertolotto, A., Del Sette, M., Ghezzi, A., Malferrari, G., Salvetti, M., Sormani, M.P., Tesio, L., Stolz, E., Mancardi, G. (2013). Italian multicentre observational study of the prevalence of CCSVI in multiple sclerosis (CoSMo study): rationale, design, and methodology. <u>Neurol Sci.</u>; 34(8): 1297-307.
 IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 6
- Comi, G., Battaglia, M.A., Bertolotto, A., Del Sette, M., Ghezzi, A., Malferrari, G., Salvetti, M., Sormani, M.P., Tesio, L., Stolz, E., Zaratin, P., Mancardi, G.; CoSMo Collaborative Study Group. (2013). Observational case-control study of the prevalence of chronic cerebrospinal venous insufficiency in multiple sclerosis: results from the CoSMo study. <u>*Mult Scler.*</u>; 19(11):1508-17.

IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 10

- Borghi, M., Cavallo, M., Carletto, S., Ostacoli, L., Zuffranieri, M., Picci, R.L., Scavelli, F., Johnston, H., Furlan, P.M., Bertolotto, A., Malucchi, S. (2013) Presence and significant determinants of cognitive impairment in a large sample of patients with multiple sclerosis. <u>*PLoS One*</u>; 8(7):e69820. IF = 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 4
- Ostacoli L, Carletto S, Borghi M, Cavallo M, Rocci E, Zuffranieri M, Malucchi S, Bertolotto A, Zennaro A, Furlan PM, Picci RL. Prevalence and significant determinants of post-traumatic stress disorder in a large sample of patients with multiple sclerosis. *J Clin Psychol Med Settings*. 2013 Jun;20(2):240-6.
 IF = 1.212; R = 98/247 (Clinical Psychology); Times cited = 1
- Patti, F., Morra, V.B., Amato, M.P., Trojano, M., Bastianello, S., Tola, M.R., Cottone, S., Plant, A., Picconi, O.; COGIMUS Study Group. (2013) Subcutaneous Interferon beta-1a May Protect against Cognitive Impairment in Patients with Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis: 5-Year Follow-up of the COGIMUS Study. <u>*PLoS One*</u>; 8(8): e74111 IF = 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 8

2012

- Coles, A.J., Twyman, C.L., Arnold, D.L., Cohen, J.A., Confavreux, C., Fox, E.J., Hartung, H.P., Havrdova, E., Selmaj, K.W., Weiner, H.L., Miller, T., Fisher, E., Sandbrink, R., Lake, S.L., Margolin, D.H., Oyuela, P., Panzara, M.A., Compston, D.A.; CARE-MS II investigators. (2012). Alemtuzumab for patients with relapsing multiple sclerosis after disease-modifying therapy: a randomised controlled phase 3 trial. *Lancet*, 380(9856):1829-39. IF = 45.217; R = 4/1775 (Medicine miscellaneous); Times cited = 170
- Mancardi, G.L., Sormani, M.P., Di Gioia, M., Vuolo, L., Gualandi, F., Amato, M.P., Capello, E., Currò, D., Uccelli, A., Bertolotto, A., Gasperini, C., Lugaresi, A., Merelli, E., Meucci, G., Motti, L., Tola, M.R., Scarpini, E., Repice, A.M., Massacesi, L., Saccardi, R.; Italian BMT Study Group. (2012). Autologous haematopoietic stem cell transplantation with an intermediate intensity conditioning regimen in multiple sclerosis: the Italian multi-centre experience. <u>Mult Scler</u>.; 18(6):835-42.
 IE = 4.823; R = 10/144 (Neurology) 20/225 (Neurology Clipical); Times eited = 18

IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 18

- 32. Zamboni, P., Bertolotto, A., Boldrini, P., Cenni, P., D'Alessandro, R., D'Amico, R., Del Sette, M., Galeotti, R., Galimberti, S., Liberati, A., Massacesi, L., Papini, D., Salvi, F., Simi, S., Stella, A., Tesio, L., Valsecchi, M.G., Filippini, G.; Chair of the Steering Committee. (2012). Efficacy and safety of venous angioplasty of the extracranial veins for multiple sclerosis. Brave dreams study (brain venous drainage exploited against multiple sclerosis): study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <u>*Trials*</u>; 13:183. IF = 1.731; R = 301/1775 (Medicine miscellaneous); Times cited = 10
- Granieri, L., Marnetto, F., Valentino, P., Frau, J., Patanella, A.K., Nytrova, P., Sola, P., Capobianco, M., Jarius, S., Bertolotto, A. (2012). Evaluation of a multiparametric immunofluorescence assay for standardization of neuromyelitis optica serology. <u>*PLoS One*</u>, 7(6):e38896.
 IF = 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited =7
- Goretti, B., Portaccio, E., Ghezzi, A., Lori, S., Moiola, L., Falautano, M., Viterbo, R., Patti, F., Vecchio, R., Pozzilli, C., Bianchi, V., Cappiello, S., Comi, G., Trojano, M., Amato, M.P.; Multiple Sclerosis Study Group of the Italian Neurological Society (2012). : Fatigue and its relationships with cognitive functioning and depression in paediatric multiple sclerosis. <u>*Mult Scler.*</u>; 18(3):329-34.

```
IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 13
```

Capobianco, M., Motuzova, Y., Frau, J., Cocco, E., Mamusa, E., Marrosu, M.G., Bertolotto, A. (2012). Natalizumab in aggressive multiple sclerosis after haematopoietic stem cell transplantation. <u>Neurol Sci.</u>; 33(4):863-7.
 IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 1

Chiò, A., Calvo, A., Moglia, C., Gamna, F., Mattei, A., Mazzini, L., Mora, G.; PARALS. (2012). Noninvasive ventilation in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: a 10 year population based study. <u>*J Neurol*</u> <u>*Neurosurg Psychiatry*</u>, 83(4):377-81. IF = 6.807; R = 17/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 19

- del Campo, M., Mollenhauer, B., Bertolotto, A., Engelborghs, S., Hampel, H., Simonsen, A.H., Kapaki, E., Kruse, N., Le Bastard, N., Lehmann, S., Molinuevo, J.L., Parnetti, L., Perret-Liaudet, A., Sáez-Valero, J., Saka, E., Urbani, A., Vanmechelen, E., Verbeek, M., Visser, P.J., Teunissen, C. (2012). Recommendations to standardize preanalytical confounding factors in Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease cerebrospinal fluid biomarkers: an update. <u>Biomark Med.</u>; 6(4):419-30. IF = 2.646; R = 13/57 (Biochemistry medical); Times cited = 1
- Sørensen, P.S., Bertolotto, A., Edan, G., Giovannoni, G., Gold, R., Havrdova, E., Kappos, L., Kieseier, B.C., Montalban, X., Olsson, T. (2012). Risk stratification for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy in patients treated with natalizumab. <u>*Mult Scler.*</u>; 18(2):143-52. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 101
- Laroni, A., Giacomazzi, C.G., Grimaldi, L., Gallo, P., Sormani, M.P., Bertolotto, A., McDermott, J.L., Gandoglia, I., Martini, I., Vitello, G., Rinaldi, F., Barzon, L., Militello, V., Pizzorno, M., Bandini, F., Capello, E., Palù, G., Uccelli, A., Mancardi, G.L., Varnier, O.E. (2012). Urinary JCV-DNA Testing during Natalizumab Treatment May Increase Accuracy of PML Risk Stratification. <u>J Neuroimmune</u> <u>Pharmacol.</u>; 7(3):665-72. IF = 4.110; R = 38/135 (Neuroscience miscellaneous); Times cited = 13
- 39. Gilli, F., Navone, N.D., Valentino, P., Granieri, L., Perga, S., Malucchi, S., Bertolotto, A. (2012). Classification of individuals based on ex-vivo glatiramer acetate-induced interferon-γ and interleukin-4 response. <u>Mult Scler</u>,18(10):1484-92.
 IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 2

- Martinelli, V., Cocco, E., Capra, R., Salemi, G., Gallo, P., Capobianco, M., Pesci, I., Ghezzi, A., Pozzilli, C., Lugaresi, A., Bellantonio, P., Amato, M.P., Grimaldi, L.M., Trojano, M., Mancardi, G.L., Bergamaschi, R., Gasperini, C., Rodegher, M., Straffi, L., Ponzio, M., Comi, G.; Italian Mitoxantrone Group. (2011). Acute myeloid leukemia in Italian patients with multiple sclerosis treated with mitoxantrone. <u>*Neurology*</u>, 77(21):1887-95. IF = 8.185; R = 9/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 29
- Chiò, A., Canosa, A., Gallo, S., Cammarosano, S., Moglia, C., Fuda, G., Calvo, A., Mora, G.; PARALS group (2011). ALS clinical trials Do enrolled patients accurately represent the ALS population? <u>Neurology</u>; 77(15):1432-7. IF = 8.185; R = 9/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 19
- 42. Bastianello, S., Giugni, E., Amato, M.P., Tola, M.R., Trojano, M., Galletti, S., Luccichenti, G., Quarantelli, M., Picconi, O., Patti, F.; COGIMUS study group (2011). Changes in magnetic resonance imaging disease measures over 3 years in mildly disabled patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis receiving interferon beta-1a in the COGnitive Impairment in MUItiple Sclerosis (COGIMUS) study. <u>BMC Neurol.</u>; 11:125. IF = 2.04; R = 90/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 19
- Khatri, B., Barkhof, F., Comi, G., Hartung, H.P., Kappos, L., Montalban, X., Pelletier, J., Stites, T., Wu, S., Holdbrook, F., Zhang-Auberson, L., Francis, G., Cohen, J.A.; TRANSFORMS Study Group (2011). Comparison of fingolimod with interferon beta-1a in relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis: a randomised extension of the TRANSFORMS study. <u>Lancet Neurol.</u>; 10(6):520-9. IF = 21.896; R = 1/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 74
- Gilli, F., Navone, N.D., Perga, S., Marnetto, F., Caldano, M., Capobianco, M., Pulizzi, A., Malucchi, S., Bertolotto, A. (2011) Loss of braking signals during inflammation: a factor affecting the development and disease course of multiple sclerosis. <u>*Arch Neurol.*</u>, 68(7):879-88.
 IF = 7.271; R = 12/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 14

- 45. Ghezzi, A., Grimaldi, L.M., Marrosu, M.G., Pozzilli, C., Comi, G., Bertolotto, A., Trojano, M., Gallo, P., Capra, R., Centonze, D., Millefiorini, E., Sotgiu, S., Brescia Morra, V., Amato, M.P., Lugaresi, A., Mancardi, G., Caputo, D., Montanari, E., Provinciali, L., Durelli, L., Bergamaschi, R., Bellantonio, P., Tola, M.R., Cottone, S., Savettieri, G., Tedeschi, G.; MS-SIN Study Group (2011). Natalizumab therapy of multiple sclerosis: recommendations of the Multiple Sclerosis Study Group--Italian Neurological Society. <u>Neurol Sci.</u>; 32(2):351-8. IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 5
- Malucchi, S., Gilli, F., Caldano, M., Sala, A., Capobianco, M., di Sapio, A., Granieri, L., Bertolotto, A. (2011). One-year evaluation of factors affecting the biological activity of interferon beta in multiple sclerosis patients. *J Neurol.*, 258(5):895-903.
 IF = 3.377; R = 34/144 (Neurology) 55/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 13
- Comi, G., Cohen, J.A., Arnold, D.L., Wynn, D., Filippi, M.; FORTE Study Group (2011). Phase III dose-comparison study of glatiramer acetate for multiple sclerosis. <u>Ann Neurol</u>.; 69(1):75-82. IF = 9.977; R = 1/144 (Neurology) 3/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 21
- Patti, F., Amato, M.P., Trojano, M., Bastianello, S., Tola, M.R., Picconi, O., Cilia, S., Cottone, S., Centonze, D., Gasperini, C.; COGIMUS Study Group (2011). Quality of life, depression and fatigue in mildly disabled patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis receiving subcutaneous interferon beta-1a: 3-year results from the COGIMUS (COGnitive Impairment in MUltiple Sclerosis) study. <u>Mult Scler</u>.; 17(8):991-1001. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 16
- Ghezzi, A., Carone, R., Del Popolo, G., Amato, M.P., Bertolotto, A., Comola, M., Del Carro, U., Di Benedetto, P., Giannantoni, A., Lopes de Carvalho, M.L., Montanari, E., Patti, F., Protti, A., Rasia, S., Salonia, A., Scandellari, C., Sperli, F., Spinelli, M., Solaro, C., Uccelli, A., Zaffaroni, M., Zipoli, V.; Multiple Sclerosis Study Group, Italian Society of Neurology (2011). Recommendations for the management of urinary disorders in multiple sclerosis: a consensus of the Italian Multiple Sclerosis Study Group. <u>Neurol Sci.</u>; 32(6):1223-31. IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 3
- Beghi, E., Chiò, A., Couratier, P., Esteban, J., Hardiman, O., Logroscino, G., Millul, A., Mitchell, D., Preux, P.M., Pupillo, E., Stevic, Z., Swingler, R., Traynor, B.J., Van den Berg, L.H., Veldink, J.H., Zoccolella, S.; Eurals Consortium (2011). The epidemiology and treatment of ALS: Focus on the heterogeneity of the disease and critical appraisal of therapeutic trials. <u>*Amyotroph Lateral Scler.*</u>; 12(1):1-10.

IF = 2.405; R = 77/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 37

 Mancardi, G.L., Tedeschi, G., Amato, M.P., D'Alessandro, R., Drago, F., Milanese, C., Popoli, P., Rossi, P., Savettieri, G., Tola, M.R., Comi, G., Pozzilli, C., Bertolotto, A., Marrosu, M.G., Grimaldi, L.M., Laroni, A., Vanacore, N., Covezzoli, A., De Rosa, M., Piccinni, C., Montanaro, N., Periotto, L., Iommelli, R., Tomino, C., Provinciali, L. (2011). Three years of experience: the Italian registry and safety data update. <u>*Neurol Sci*</u>; 31 Suppl 3:295-7. IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 13

- Benedetti, B., Rocca, M.A., Rovaris, M., Caputo, D., Zaffaroni, M., Capra, R., Bertolotto, A., Martinelli, V., Comi, G., Filippi, M. (2010). A diffusion tensor MRI study of cervical cord damage in benign and secondary progressive multiple sclerosis patients. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry*, 81(1):26-30.
 IF = 6.807; R = 17/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 17
- Polman, C.H., Bertolotto, A., Deisenhammer, F., Giovannoni, G., Hartung, H.P., Hemmer, B., Killestein, J., McFarland, H.F., Oger, J., Pachner, A.R., Petkau, J., Reder, A.T., Reingold, S.C., Schellekens, H., Sørensen, P.S. (2010). Recommendations for clinical use of data on neutralising antibodies to interferon-beta therapy in multiple sclerosis. *Lancet Neurol*.; 9(7):740-50. IF = 21.896; R = 1/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 89

- Cohen, J.A., Barkhof, F., Comi, G., Hartung, H.P., Khatri, B.O., Montalban, X., Pelletier, J., Capra, R., Gallo, P., Izquierdo, G., Tiel-Wilck, K., de Vera, A., Jin, J., Stites, T., Wu, S., Aradhye, S., Kappos, L.; TRANSFORMS Study Group (2010). Oral fingolimod or intramuscular interferon for relapsing multiple sclerosis. *N Engl J Med.*; 362(5):402-15.
 IF = 55.873; R = 2/1775 (Medicine miscellaneous); Times cited = 703
- Robotti, A., Natale, M., Albo, A.G., Lis, K., Perga, S., Marnetto, F., Gilli, F., Bertolotto, A. (2010). Acute-phase proteins investigation based on lectins affinity capture prior to 2-DE separation: application to serum from multiple sclerosis patients. <u>*Electrophoresis*</u>. 31(17):2882-93. IF = 3.028; R = 14/74 (Chemistry Analytical); Times cited = 10
- van der Voort, L.F., Gilli, F., Bertolotto, A., Knol, D.L., Uitdehaag, B.M., Polman, C.H., Killestein, J. (2010). Clinical Effect of Neutralizing Antibodies to Interferon Beta That Persist Long After Cessation of Therapy for Multiple Sclerosis. <u>*Arch Neurol.*</u>; 67(4):402-7. IF = 7.271; R = 12/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 20
- 57. Amato, M.P., Goretti, B., Ghezzi, A., Lori, S., Zipoli, V., Moiola, L., Falautano, M., De Caro, M.F., Viterbo, R., Patti, F., Vecchio, R., Pozzilli, C., Bianchi, V., Roscio, M., Martinelli, V., Comi, G., Portaccio, E., Trojano, M.; Multiple Sclerosis Study Group of the Italian Neurological Society (2010).Cognitive and psychosocial features in childhood and juvenile MS Two-year follow-up. <u>*Neurology*</u>, 75(13):1134-40. IF = 8.185; R = 9/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 61
- 58. Patti, F., Amato, M.P., Bastianello, S., Caniatti, L., Di Monte, E., Ferrazza, P., Goretti, B., Gallo, P., Morra, V.B., Lo Fermo, S., Picconi, O., Tola, M.R., Trojano, M.; COGIMUS Study Group (2010). Effects of immunomodulatory treatment with subcutaneous interferon beta-1a oncognitive decline in mildly disabled patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis. <u>*Mult Scler.*</u>; 16(1):68-77. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 32
- Gilli, F., Lindberg, R.L., Valentino, P., Marnetto, F., Malucchi, S., Sala, A., Capobianco, M., di Sapio, A., Sperli, F., Kappos, L., Calogero, R.A., Bertolotto, A. (2010) Learning from nature: pregnancy changes the expression of inflammation-related genes in patients with multiple sclerosis. <u>*PLoS One*</u>, 5(1):e8962.
 IF = 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 25
- Comi, G., Abramsky, O., Arbizu, T., Boyko, A., Gold, R., Havrdová, E., Komoly, S., Selmaj, K., Sharrack, B., Filippi, M.; LAQ/5063 Study Group (2010). Oral laquinimod in patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis: 36-week double-blind active extension of the multi-centre, randomized, double-blind, parallel-group placebo-controlled study. <u>*Mult Scler.*</u>; 16(11):1360-6. IF = 4.822; R = 19/144 (Neurology) 30/335 (Neurology clinical); Times cited = 33
- Capobianco, M., Pulizzi, A., Bertolotto, A. (2010). Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy in Good's syndrome. <u>Int J Infect Dis.</u>; 14 Suppl 3:e367-8. IF = 1.859; R = 84/265 (Infectious diseases); Times cited = 0
- Goretti, B., Ghezzi, A., Portaccio, E., Lori, S., Zipoli, V., Razzolini, L., Moiola, L., Falautano, M., De Caro, M.F., Viterbo, R., Patti, F., Vecchio, R., Pozzilli, C., Bianchi, V., Roscio, M., Comi, G., Trojano, M., Amato, M.P.; Study Group of the Italian Neurological Society (2010). Psychosocial issue in children and adolescents with multiple sclerosis. <u>Neurol Sci.</u>; 31(4):467-70. IF = 2.474; R = 48/144 (Neurology) 81/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 15
- Chiò, A., Calvo, A., Ghiglione, P., Mazzini, L., Mutani, R., Mora, G.; PARALS. (2010). Tracheostomy in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: a 10-year population-based study in Italy. <u>J Neurol</u> <u>Neurosurg Psychiatry</u>, 81(10):1141-3. IF = 6.807; R = 17/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 25

4.GROUP'S PUBBLICATIONS:

(Please list below up to ten most relevant publications of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science)

Please use the following format throughout:

Manca, A., Capsoni, S., Di Luzio, A., Vignone D, Malerba F, Paoletti F, Brandi R, Arisi I, Cattaneo A, Levi-Montalcini R. (2012). Nerve growth factor regulates axial rotation during early stages of chick embryo development. <u>*Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.*</u>, 109(6):2009-14 IF= 9.67; R = 4/57; Times cited = 8

2015

De Luca, A., Parmigiani, E., Tosatto, G., **Martire, S.**, Hoshino, M., Buffo, A., Leto, K., Rossi, F. (2015). <u>Exogenous Sonic hedgehog modulates the pool of GABAergic interneurons during</u> <u>cerebellar development.</u> <u>*Cerebellum*</u>; 14(2):72-85. IF = 2.717; R = 63/335 (Neurology Clinical); Times cited = 1

2013

Montarolo, F., Parolisi, R., Hoxha, E., Boda, E., Tempia, F (2013). Early enriched environment exposure protects spatial memory and accelerates amyloid plaque formation in APP(Swe)/PS1(L166P) mice. *PLoS One*; 8(7): e69381. IF 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 1

Di Gregorio, E., Bianchi, F.T., Schiavi, A., Chiotto, A.M., Rolando, M., Verdun di Cantogno, L., Grosso, E., Cavalieri, S., Calcia, A., Lacerenza, D., Zuffardi, O., Retta, S.F., Stevanin, G., Marelli, C., Durr, A., Forlani, S., Chelly, J., Montarolo, F., Tempia, F., Beggs, H.E., Reed, R., Squadrone, S., Abete, M.C., Brussino, A., Ventura, N., Di Cunto, F., Brusco, A. (2013). A de novo X;8 translocation creates a PTK2-THOC2 gene fusion with THOC2 expression knockdown in a patient with psychomotor retardation and congenital cerebellar hypoplasia. *J Med Genet*, 50(8): 543-51.

IF = 6.335; R = 9/94 (Genetical clinical); Times cited = 6

Hoxha, E., Tonini, R., Montarolo, F., Croci, L., Consalez, G.G., Tempia, F. (2013). Motor dysfunction and cerebellar Purkinje cell firing impairment in Ebf2 null mice. *Mol Cell Neurosci*; 52: 51-61.

IF = 3.840; R = 6/82 (Cellular and Molecular Neurosciences); Times cited = 1

2012

Boda, E., Hoxha, E., Pini, A., Montarolo, F., Tempia, F. (2012). Brain expression of Kv3 subunits during development, adulthood and aging and in a murine model of Alzheimer's disease. <u>*J Mol Neurosci*</u>, 46(3): 606-15.

IF = 2.343; R = 54/82 (Cellular and Molecular Neuroscience); Times cited = 7

Hoxha, E., Boda, E., Montarolo, F., Parolisi, R., Tempia, F (2012). Excitability and synaptic alterations in the cerebellum of APP/PS1 mice. <u>*PLoS One*</u>; 7(4):e34726. IF 3.234; R = 38/207 (Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology); Times cited = 9

Martin, M.G., Trovò, L., Perga, S., Sadowska, A., Rasola, A., Chiara, F., Dotti, C.G. (2011). Cyp46-mediated cholesterol loss promotes survival in stressed hippocampal neurons. <u>*Neurobiol*</u> <u>*Aging*</u>; 32(5): 933-43.

IF = 5.013; R = 19/135 (Neuroscience miscellaneous) 5/32 (Aging); Times cited = 6

2010

Petzold, A., Altintas, A., Laura, C., Bartos, A., Achim, F., Blankenstein, M.A., Luc, H., Castellazzi, M., Cepok, S., Comabella, M., Constantinescu, C.S., Deisenhammer, F., Deniz, G., Gaye, M., Espino, M., Fainardi, E., Franciotta, D., Freedman, M.S., Giedraitis, V., Gilhus, N.E., Giovannoni, G., Glabinski, A., Grieb, P., Hartung, H.P., Hemmer, B., Herukka, S.K., Hintzen, R., Ingelsson, M., Jackson, S., Jacobsen, S., Jafari, N., Jalosinski, M., Jarius, S., Kapaki, E., Bernd, C.V., Koel-Simmelink, M.J.A., Kornhuber, J., Kuhle, J., Kurzepa, J., Lalive, P.H., Lannfelt, L., Lehmensiek, V., Lewczuk, P., Livrea, P., Marnetto, F., Martino, D., Menge, T., Norgren, N., Papuc, E., Paraskevas, G.P., Pirttila, T., Rajda, C., Rejdak, K., Ricny, J., Ripova, D., Rosengren, L., Ruggieri, M., Schraen, S., Shaw, G., Sindic, C., Siva, A., Stigbrand, T., Stonebridge, I., Topcular, B., Trojano, M., Tumani, H., Twaalfhoven, H.A.M., Vecsei, L., Van Pesch, V., Vanderstichele, H., Vedeler, C., Verbeek, M.M., Villar, L.M., Weissert, R., Wildemann, B., Yang, C., Yao, K., Teunissen, C.E. (2010). Neurofilament ELISA validation. Journal of Immunological Methods; 352: 23-31.

IF = 1.820; R = 97/200 (Immunology); Times cited = 20

5. GROUP's additional information:

Please list the grants of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015according to the table below:

Starting- end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
	National vs International	P. Rossi; PI vs. Component	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
2010-2011	National	S. Perga, PI	FISM	Analisi delle variazioni di singoli nucleotidi poliformi in TNFAIP3 associati alla sclerosi multipla	FISM code 2010/R/28	40.000	40.000*
2010-2013	National	S. Perga, PI	Ministero Salute Italia	"The ubiquintin-editing enzyme A20 (TNFAIP3) as a peacekeeper in inflammation and immunity: a link between TNFAIP3 deregulation and Multiple Sclerosis"	Project Code: GR- 2010- 2315964	263.000	263.000*
2013 - 2014	National	Dr. Martire, PI	FISM	Coordinated deregulation of microRNAs and their mRNAs targets causes defects of negative feedback loops that suppress inflammation in patients with multiple sclerosis	-	22000	22000
2014-2016	national	S. Perga, PI	FISM	"Ruolo della deubiquitinasi A20/TNFAIP3 nell'immuno-patologia della SM"	FISM code 2014/R/14	100.000	100.000 [#]

*The financial management of the project was in charge to the administration of AOU San Luigi, but the research was performed mainly at NICO. Scientific instruments funded by the project are located at NICO and are available to all the researcher of NICO.

*The financial management of the project was in charge to the administration of FISM, but the research was performed mainly at NICO. The project overhead (5%) and scientific instruments funded by the project are located at NICO and are available to all the researcher of NICO.

Please list honours, prizes or awards received by other members of the group If applicable. Dr Martire:

- Travel grant, XXIV National AINI Congress. Sorrento, Italy (2014)
- Travel grant, XXIII AINI Congress Satellite Conference of the 15th International Congress of Immunology ICI. Milan, Italy (2013)
- Travel grant, XXI AINI Congress. Pollenzo, Italy (2011)
- Best poster award, XXI AINI Congress. Pollenzo, Italy (2011)

Dr Montarolo:

- Educational Grant to 2013 ESNI (Porto);
- Educational Grant to 2014 ACTRIMS-ECTRIMS Meeting (Boston, USA);
- Educational Grant to 2014 AINI Meeting (Sorrento, Italy)

Dr Perga:

- Travel grant to participate at the ECTRIMS meeting (9-12 September), Dusseldorf, Germania (2009)
- Travel grant to participate at the ECTRIMS meeting (13-16 October), Gothenburg, Sweden (2010)

- - Travel grant to participate at the XX AINI Congress (30 September-3 October:), Stresa, Italy (2010)
- Travel grant to participate at ECTRIMS/ACTRIMS meeting (19-22 October 2011) Amsterdam, Holland (2011)

Please list outreach activities of other members of the group:

- Describe your international collaborative experiences
- Invited talks

Dr Caldano:

- Invited speaker at the meeting: "Exchanges meetings: aspetti clinici, terapeutici e gestionali della SM: esperienze a confronto", 11/11/2011, Genova (Italy),
- Invited speaker at XX Congresso AINI (Associazione Italiana NeuroImmunologia), 30/09– 03/10/2010, Stresa (Novara – Italy)
- Invited speaker at meeting "Real time PCR" 07/06/2011 and 20-21/09/2011 at Orbassano (Turin Italy)
- Official speaker at "FIRST EUROPEAN INTER-COUNTRY WORKSHOP", 24-25/11/2011 Orbassano (Turin – Italy)
- Invited speaker at workshop: "Evaluation of neutralizing antibodies against interferon beta in patients with multiple sclerosis", 21-25/10/2013, Praha (Czech Republic).
- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (26-28/09/2011; 7-9/11/2011; 21-23/05/ 2012, 12-14/11/ 2012, 3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015).

Dr Granieri:

- Teacher in courses for italian neurologist "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organised by Biogen Idec (12-14/10/2009, 10-12/5/2010, 14-16/6/2010, 26-28/9/2011, 7-9/11/2011-, 21-23/5/2012, 12-14/11/2012, 3-5/6/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015), A.O.U San Luigi Gonzaga, Orbassano (TO)
- Teacher in the course for international neurologist "European Inter-Country Workshop" organised by Merck-Serono (24-25 November 2011), A.O.U San Luigi Gonzaga, Orbassano (TO)

Dr Marnetto:

- Teacher in the course for international neurologist "European Inter-Country Workshop" organized by Merck-Serono (24-25 November 2011), A.O.U San Luigi Gonzaga, Orbassano (Turin).
- Invited speaker at the meeting: "Aspetti clinici, terapeutici e gestionali della SM: esperienze a confronto", Asti (Italy), 15/06/2012: "Risposta immunogenica alle terapie: l'impatto clinico ed economico dei servizi di titolazione degli anticorpi neutralizzanti."
- Invited speaker at the meeting "Up Dates in Autoimmunity 2014: evidences and outcomes", Modena (Italy, 23-24/05/2014): "Relevance of Acquaporin-4 antibodies: case report".
- Invited speaker at the meeting "Autoimmunità in neurologia: stato dell'arte", Padova (Italy, 28/11/2014): "Anticorpi anti-AQP4".
- Invited speaker at the meeting "Qualcosa di nuovo a Nord Ovest: aggiornamenti in diagnosi e terapia nella SM", Orbassano (Italy, 30/01/2015): "Gli anticorpi anti-KIR4.1: un test diagnostico e prognostico per la SM?".
- Invited speaker at the meeting "Up Dates in Autoimmunity 2015: the need of harmonization", Modena (Italy, 13-14/05/2015): "Expanding and debating Neuronal Diagnostics".
- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (26-28/09/2011; 7-9/11/2011; 21-23/05/ 2012, 12-14/11/ 2012, 3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015).

Dr Martire:

- FISM Fondazione Italiana Sclerosi Multipla Scientific Congress. Rome, Italy (2015) "Deeper insight into the mechanisms underlying the deregulation of the anti-inflammatory gene TNFAIP3 in patients with multiple sclerosis".
- XXIV AINI congress, "DBP isoforms and ApoE as early prognostic CSF biomarkers of MS aggressiveness"; 1-4 october 2014, Sorrento (NA).
- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015

Dr Montarolo:

- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015
- AINI Meeting, Sorrento Italy, 1-4 October 2014. Title: "Effects of isoxazolo-pyridinone 7e, a potent activator of the Nurr1 signaling pathway, on experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis in mice"

Dr Perga:

- XX AINI Congress, "Transcriptional analysis of seven MS-associated genes after ex-vivo stimulation with LPS/PHA" 30 September-3 October 2010:Stresa, Italy.
- XXI AINI Congress, "Proteomic-based disease biomarkers identification in cerebrospinal fluid samples" 22-25 September 2011Pollenzo, Italy.
- Annaul scientific meeting AISM/FISM "Insieme siamo più forti della sclerosi multipla", "Analysis of single-nucleotide polimorphisms in TNFAIP3 associated with multiple sclerosis"; 28-29 Maggio 2014 Roma
- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (26-28/09/2011; 7-9/11/201; 21-23/05/2012, 12-14/11/2012, 3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015).

Dr Sala:

- Invited speaker at the meeting: "Appropriatezza nell'utilizzo diagnostico delle proteine nelle patologie ematologiche, oculistiche e neurologiche" 4 edizioni su territorio piemontese nell'anno 2011.
- Teacher in the course for international neurologist "European Inter-Country Workshop" organised by Merck-Serono (24-25 November 2011), A.O.U San Luigi Gonzaga, Orbassano (Turin).
- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (26-28/09/2011; 7-9/11/2011; 21-23/05/ 2012, 12-14/11/ 2012, 3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015).

Dr Spadaro

- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015).

Dr Valentino:

- Teacher in the course for international neurologist "European Inter-Country Workshop" organised by Merck-Serono (24-25 November 2011), A.O.U San Luigi Gonzaga, Orbassano (TO)
- Official speaker for MS patients' care courses at CRESM: "La gestione quotidiana del paziente con Sclerosi Multipla" organized by Biogen Idec (21-23/05/ 2012, 12-14/11/ 2012, 3-5/06/2013, 11-13/11/2013; 12-14/05/2014; 17-19/11/2014; 16-18/06/2015; 9-11/11/2015).
- Editorial duties

Please list your organizational activities:

- Speakers invited by members of the group
- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized by members of the group

07/06/2011 and 20-21/09/2011: Real-Time PCR course: basic techniques and practical applications: "Genetic analysis (SNP, High Resolution melting, copy numbers)", NICO, Orbassano. Sponsored by Applied Biosystem.

14/06/2013: "Using new technologies to study the genetics of disease". Orbassano. Sponsored by Illumina

14/12/2015: "Verso l'infinito e oltre: nuove frontiere della biologia molecolare" Epigenetica, Next Generetion Sequencing, In vivo Applications. NICO, Orbassano.Sponsored by Euroclone.

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable

May 18th 2012: Italian patent filing entitled "Biomarcatori per patologie del sistema nervoso centrale", protocol number MI2012A000865. Holders: Dr. Bertolotto Antonio e Fondazione Italiana per la Sclerosi Multipla (FISM). Inventors: Giuliano Albo A., **Perga S**., Corpillo D., Bertolotto A.

May 16th 2013: European and USA patent extension (EP2664923) with the title of "Biomarkers for central nervous system diseases". Inventors: Giuliano Albo A., **Perga S.,** Corpillo D., Bertolotto A.

6 Past Research activity

(Summarize the PI and group research activities in the last 10 years)

The Clinical Neurobiology Laboratory is housed at NICO and is part of SCDO Neurologia 2-Centro di Riferimento Regionale Sclerosi Multipla CRESM in the San Luigi Gonzaga Hospital; CRESM, directed by PI, is the reference Center for Multiple Sclerosis (MS) patients in Piedmont and is the core of a collaborative network with all the neurological divisions and clinics for MS pts in Italy. The whole staff of CRESM is fully dedicated to MS and has a long lasting experience in clinical and research aspects. CRESM manages more than 2000 MS pts and the clinical, therapeutic and instrumental information are registered in electronic database. The research activity of the Clinical neurobiology Lab covers several topics of MS, from differential diagnosis to immunopathogenesis. One typical feature of this Lab is the search and validation of biological markers that can be useful for the daily management of patients with MS and other demyelinating diseases. The main activities of the Clinical Neurobiology Lab in the last 10 years are summarized in the following chapters:

- Diagnostic activity
- Biomarkers for MS (diagnostic/prognostic, treatment-response)
- Immunopathogenesis
- CRESM Bio-Bank

Diagnostic activity

The Clinical Neurobiology Laboratory deals with routine CSF analysis from AOU San Luigi Gonzaga patients and from all over Piedmont centers. Even if CSF analysis is no more required for MS diagnosis, it is still important to offer diagnostic and prognostic information (to confirm a diagnosis of MS early in the disease course and be used to identify patients with a high probability of developing MS after a first clinical event) and to rule out differential diagnoses. Furthermore it's important to provide an important research tool. In particular, analysis performed in our laboratory are: cytological and biochemical CSF analysis, oligoclonal IgG bands detection, by Immunoisoelectrofocusing procedure, for evaluation of intrathecal IgG synthesis, and detection of Antibodies to AQP4 and to MOG proteins by immunofluorescence assay and FACS assay respectively.

Biomarkers for MS (diagnostic/prognostic, treatment-response)

a. Summary

Diagnostic biomarkers can be used to distinguish patients who have MS from patients with other neurological or autoimmune disorders, or from healthy individuals. Ideally, these biomarkers can be helpful in combination with clinical and radiological disease diagnostic criteria to improve the sensitivity and specificity of diagnosis.

b. Background and Rationale

Inflammatory demyelinating diseases (IDDs) of the CNS are a group of heterogeneous autoimmune inflammatory diseases that include multiple sclerosis (MS), neuromyelitis optica (NMO), acute disseminated encephalomyelitis (ADEM), optic neuritis (ON), and acute transverse myelitis (ATM). In 2005 Aquaporin 4 (AQP4) was shown to be the antigenic target of NMO-IgG, an antibody found specifically in patients with NMO and in formes frustes of NMO, such as longitudinally extensive transverse myelitis (LETM) or ON. This discovery facilitated the clinical, pathological, and radiological distinction of NMO and the spectrum of NMO-related disorders from classical multiple sclerosis. In addition to its use as a diagnostic tool, AQP4-IgG predicts a high risk of relapse in patients with a clinically isolated syndrome of either LETM or ON. As disability in NMO is attack-related, early diagnosis and treatment are predicted to have a major effect on long-term disability.

Several recent studies have shown the presence of myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein antibody (MOG-Ab) in the serum of adult patients with the NMOSD phenotype. However, the clinical relevance of MOG-Abs among adult patients with IDD is not yet clear.

The development and validation of sensitive and specific biologic assays for the detection of these auto-antibodies is very important from a diagnostic point of view, but also for a more adequate management of patients.

The hunt for biomarkers to predict MS disease evolution and identify patient subsets that may benefit from specific therapeutic regimens is a continuous effort in MS research. A test measuring biochemical biomarkers could be a useful tool in the diagnostic process, but, at present no validated biomarkers are available to diagnose disease, to monitor or predict disease progression, or to aid in assessment of early treatment effects.

c. Objectives

- To set up and validate biological assays for anti-AQP4, anti-MOG and anti-KIR4.1 antibodies detection, in order to improve the management of patients with inflammatory demyelinating diseases.

- To find new diagnostic and/or prognostic biomarkers in serum or cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) of patients: to date, there are no clinically-useful prognostic biomarkers in MS, even if they would be extremely useful for early patient intervention with personalized therapies.

d. Results

DIAGNOSTIC BIOMARKERS:

Oligoclonal IgG Bands in CSF:

The Clinical Neurobiology Lab performs routine CSF analysis for San Luigi Gonzaga Hospital and for several hospital in Piedmont: detection of oligoclonal IgG bands in CSF is the main CSF parameter that has a diagnostic value in MS (see DIAGNOSTICA).

- Anti-AQP4 Antibodies:

• Our first approach to set up of a test for anti-AQP4 antibodies detection was a western blot assay (WBA): eluted immunoprecipitated mouse AQP4 products are resolved in sodium-dodecyl-sulfate polyacrylamide (SDS-PAGE) gel, followed by transferring to membrane and incubating the blots with patients' sera. By using this assay we showed both good sensitivity (81%) and specificity (97%) for detecting

AQP4 antibodies in NMO patients. Reliability of the procedure was also confirmed by comparing results with those of a commercial anti-AQP4 indirect immunofluorescence (IIF) assay. By using western blot, we were able, for the first time, to distinguish serum immunoreactivity against either of the two AQP4 isoforms (M1 and M23), showing that antibodies recognizing the linear AQP4-M1 isoform are specific for NMO (Marnetto et al, JNI 2009).

• From January 2009 a multiparametric indirect immunofluorescence (IIF) assay was commercially available. In our lab we performed a "post-marketing" evaluation of this assay, in order to evaluate its diagnostic performance in distinguishing NMO from MS patients.

This assay consists of an array of five different diagnostic substrates including HEK cells transfected with AQP4, non-transfected HEK cells, and three monkey tissue sections (cerebellum, cerebrum, and optic nerve). The assay was evaluated through the following steps: 1. Characterization of distinct immunofluorescence staining patterns. 2. Correlation between staining patterns and the patients' clinical diagnoses. 3. Evaluation of the diagnostic sensitivity, specificity, and clinical utility (as assessed by calculation of likelihood ratios) of each pattern. 4. Analysis of the assay's inter- and intra-laboratory reproducibility. We identified AQP4 specific and non-specific fluorescence staining patterns and established positivity criteria. Based on these criteria, this kit yielded a high sensitivity (95%) and specificity (100%) for NMO and had a significant positive and negative likelihood ratio (LR+ = ∞ , LR-= 0.05). Moreover, a 100% inter- and intra-laboratory reproducibility was found.

Our results show that this IIF assay has high sensitivity and specificity and represents a powerful tool for NMO serology, permitting the identification of different AQP4 specific and nonspecific patterns. Moreover this assay is fast to perform, highly reproducible and suitable for inter-laboratory standardization (Granieri et al, PlosOne 2012).

• Our Lab was involved in several national and international project for standardization of anti-AQP4 antibodies detection assays: San Raffaele Hospital (Fazio et al, 2009), Eden Project (Waters et al, 2014).

- Anti-MOG antibodies:

• A FACS assay for anti-MOG antibodies detection has been set up in our Lab: the test is now available in diagnostic routine for all Italian MS Centers.

PROGNOSTIC BIOMARKERS:

- Proteomic approach

The analysis of inter-individual differences in CSF proteome may lead to the discovery of biological markers that are able to distinguish the various clinical forms of MS at diagnosis. A two dimensional electrophoresis study was carried out on individual CSF samples from 24 untreated women who underwent lumbar puncture for suspected MS. The patients were clinically monitored for 5 years and then classified according to the degree of disease aggressiveness and the disease-modifying therapies prescribed during follow up.

The hierarchical cluster analysis of 2-DE dataset revealed three protein spots which were identified by means of mass spectrometry as Apolipoprotein E (ApoE) and two isoforms of vitamin D binding protein (DBP). These three protein spots enabled us to subdivide the patients into subgroups correlated with clinical classification (MS aggressive forms identification: 80%) (Perga et al, PlosOne 2015, in cooperation with the Bioindustry Park, Ivrea, Turin).

- Gene expression analysis approach

Using a Taqman-based pre-amplification real-time reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) (PreAmp RT-PCR) to cDNA from CSF cells and PBMC of MS patients we analyzed multiple genes related to immune system function and genes expressed by Epstein-Barr virus (EBV), a herpesvirus showing strong association with MS. Using this

enhanced RT-PCR method, we aimed at the following: (1) identifying gene signatures potentially useful for patient stratification, (2) understanding whether EBV infection is perturbed in CSF and/or blood, and (3) finding a link between immune and EBV infection status. The main results of this study are: 1) establishment of the methodology for quantification of 7 EBV and 41 cellular transcripts; 2) detection of EBV transcripts in 16% of RRMS patients, with 9.7% of CSF samples (3/31) and 6.9% (2/29) of PBMC samples showing EBV deregulation (disruption of EBV latency or productive infection); 3) identification of an immune signature associated with peripheral EBV reactivation in relapsing MS; 4) poor correlation between systemic and intrathecal transcriptional profiles; 5) identification of a set of genes associated with innate immunity (type-I IFN, pro-inflammatory macrophages) that are differentially expressed in CSF and discriminate with high accuracy between a group of remitting patients (n = 6; all females and EBV-, 5 of 6 MRI inactive) and a larger heterogeneous group (n = 24) comprising male/female, relapsing/remitting, MRI active/inactive, and EBV+/EBV- patients (Veroni, Marnetto et al, 2015, in cooperation with Istituto Superiore di Sanità, Rome).

e. Advancement in the field

- Anti-AQP4 antibodies:

The current research in the field of anti-AQP4 antibodies is focused on the quantification or titration of antibodies (by using IIF and ELISA), in order to evaluate their possible prognostic role in disease progression (in cooperation with Euroimmun and Policlinico di Bari).

- Anti-MOG antibodies:

The current research in the field of anti-MOG antibodies is focused on 1. Investigating the presence of these antibodies in a cohort of NMOsd patients negative for AQP4 antibodies, in order to evaluate their prognostic role in disease progression; 2. Better characterize patients with anti-MOG antibodies (in collaboration with University of Hidelberg, Germany). - <u>Anti-KIR4.1 antibodies</u>:

In 2012 detection of anti-potassium channel KIR4.1 antibodies in sera has been suggested to be specific for MS, which could have a tremendous impact on disease management. In collaboration with Prof. Hemmer (Munich) we set up in our Lab the whole procedure for detection of anti-KIR4.1 antibodies in serum, showing positivity in 28% of MS patients and in 4% of Hcs (Marnetto et al, submitted) (See Future Projects).

TREATMENT-RESPONSE BIOMARKERS IN MS

a. Summary

Treatment-response biomarkers are evaluated in MS treated patients to monitor the biological response to therapy and identify risk factors.

Some MS treatment can induce anti-drug antibodies able to abrogate the biological and clinical action of the drug. Our research aimed at the evaluation of biological activity, and identification of specific markers to monitor clinical efficacy and response in the following treatment: Beta-Interferon, Natalizumab Glatiramer Acetate, and Rituximab.

b and c. Background and Rationale

MS is a heterogeneous disease and the therapy is rapidly evolving: several disease-modifying therapies (DMT) are approved, but each of them are only partially active and a variable percentage of patients are non-responders.

A subset of non-responder patients, develop Neutralizing antibodies that abolish the biological activity elicited by the drug. The biological activity of a drug is defined as the total effects determined by the interaction of the molecule with its receptor; it is a necessary, but not sufficient, condition for clinical efficacy of a drug. The measurement of biological activity in every patient, by the discovery of biomarkers, can allow the detection of non-responsive to the drug for lack of biological activity (Bertolotto, 2015).

We mainly focused on the following treatments:

Beta-Interferon (IFN- β) is the most commonly prescribed DMT in RRMS. The search for an IFN response biomarker is difficult, since the precise mechanism of action in MS remains unclear, probably attributable to numerous immunomodulatory activities.

Most patients are non-responders to treatment; IFN treatment can induce the production of binding and neutralizing antibodies (Babs, and Nabs). About 15-20% of IFN- β treated patients develop Nabs, which prevent the binding of IFN- β to its cell surface receptor IFNAR, abolishing the biological activity elicited by IFN- β . Biological activity can be studied by measuring a great number of Interferon Stimulated Genes (ISGs) (Bertolotto, 2015).

Natalizumab (NTZ) is a monoclonal antibody targeted to the α 4 integrin. Blockade of α 4 β 1 results in diminished T cell trafficking to the CNS and reduces relapse rate by 68%. A small proportion of NTZ treated patients (~ 6%) develop persistent anti-drug antibodies, which are associated with an increase in infusion-related adverse events, and in a reduced therapeutic efficacy. NTZ treatment is complicated by its association with progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML), a rare adverse event (3.7/1000 patients). It's caused by reactivation of a latent JC virus in immunocompromised individuals, leading to a debilitating encephalopathy fatal in up to 20–50% of cases. During therapy with NTZ, PML risk can be stratified depending on three risk factors: anti-JCV antibody status and level, treatment length and prior immunosuppressive therapy. However, while 50% of MS patients are JCV Ab seropositive, less than 1% will develop PML.

It is important to identify other factors allowing better identification of MS patients at high risk for PML. Recently, the expression of T lymphocytes surface markers in NTZ-treated patients was investigated, suggesting L-selectin on CD4+ T cells as a possible marker able to identify MS patients at high risk for PML.

Glatiramer acetate (GA) acts through the induction of specific T-cells characterized by protective anti-inflammatory T-helper 2 responses. Evaluation of responsiveness to GA has been tested mostly by clinical and neuroradiological parameters. An attempted biological approach was the analysis of interferon-gamma (IFN γ) and interleukin-4 (IL4) expression in PBMCs of MS treated patients.

Rituximab (RTX) is a monoclonal antibody directed against CD20, a B-cell surface antigen. RTX has been shown to limit relapses in RRMS and neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorders (NMOSDs). Relapses can be reduced only with repeated treatment with RTX.

Two different approaches are actually applied for re-treatment: a fixed re-treatment schedule approach (6-9-month intervals), or a treatment-to-target approach, where treatment is based on monitoring the percentage of memory B cells in PBMCs, evaluating CD19 antigen by flow cytometry. This last approach seems to be a promising strategy to individualize RTX treatment. The effects of anti-RTX antibodies are not completely investigated.

d. Objectives

The main aim was the evaluation of biological activity of treatment used in MS, and identification and validation of new specific markers to monitor clinical efficacy and response to each treatment to identify patients at risk for treatment failure or of serious adverse drug reactions and, therefore, are eligible for a treatment change, avoiding the cost associated with failed therapy.

IFN- β : our aim were 1) evaluation of MxA mRNA expression as marker of IFN-b biological activity in MS patients, and its biological and clinical validation ; 2) detection of Babs and Nabs by ELISA test and cytopathic assay (CPE), and CPE validation 3) correlation of Nabs and MxA levels, and clinical response; 4) set-up of Nabs titration service in collaboration with Biogen-Dompé for Italian Neurologies; 5) investigation of IFNAR regulation during IFN- β therapy and its correlation with the biologic responsiveness to IFN- β .

NTZ: our aims were 1) anti-NTZ antibodies detection (ELISA test, Biogen), and set-up of antibody detection service in collaboration with Biogen-Dompé for Italian Neurologies; 2) L-selectin evaluation on T CD4+ lymphocytes by flow cytometric analysis.

GA: our aim was to categorize GA-treated patients based on GA biological activity.

RTX: our aim was the evaluation of CD19 mRNA expression on B lymphocytes.

e. Results

IFN-β.

Among all IFN-b biological activity tested biomarkers, mRNA MxA expression in PBMC was chosen as the best one for its characteristics (Gilli, 2006). Low levels of mRNA MxA are expressed in untreated MS patient and in healthy controls. Injection of INF-b significantly increases mRNA MxA expression within 3 h, with peak levels at 12 h, with more than 10-fold increase [Gilli 2005].

MxA correlates with the clinical course of MS and have a prognostic value, as shown by the correlation with relapse-free survival and with the time till the first relapse in patient with or without MxA increase [Malucchi, 2008]

Our center is the once in Italy deputed to detect NABs in Italy since 2002. Methods used for Nabs titration are CPE, MxA Protein assay, MxA gene expression assay [Bertolotto 2007]. We collaborated with NABINMS project to the validation of CPE assay, approved by The World Health Organization.

Nabs positivity peaks after 6–12 months of treatment. BAbs development, precedes the appearance of Nabs. Nab-positive patients lack of IFN-b clinical efficacy [Bertolotto, 2015].

A strong correlation between the presence of Nabs and the absence of biological activity was demonstrated: MxA expression was higher in Nab-negative than in persistently Nab-positive patients; in particular, patients with Nabs titres higher than 100 TRU are likely to experience loss of biological activity of IFN-b. Patients with titres between 5 and 100 are in a "grey area" [Malucchi 2011].

Since 2005, Biogen-Dompé offered a free service in Italy for NABs titration. The prevalence of NABs positive samples is 23%, slightly higher than reported in literature, probably due to sample selection applied by clinicians; Nabs positive samples >100 TRU were 12%.

In the last 10 years, Nabs-titration service should have led to a best economic allocation for SSN equal to 20 million euros, based on the number of non-responders patients with a titer >100 TRU for witch a treatment change was recommended.

Data obtained in our laboratory suggest that mechanisms other than Nabs could abolish biological activity, as regulation of IFNAR expression [Gilli 2007, 2008].

NTZ.

Our center is the once in Italy deputed to detect anti-NTZ antibodies in Italy since 2008: Biogen provided an ELISA test and validated with a rigorous procedure our lab to perform this assay; blinded samples were shipped every year to monitor our assay performance and accuracy.

Since 2008, Biogen-Dompé offered a free service in Italy for the evaluation of anti-NTZ antibodies. The prevalence of anti-NTZ antibodies persistent positive samples is 5%. In 7 years, NTZ-titration service should have led to a best economic allocation for SSN equal to 12 million euros, based on the number of persistent positive patients for witch a treatment change was recommended.

To validate the correlation between CD62LCD4+ T cells low expression and PML development in NTZ-treated patients, a flow cytometric analysis on PBMC was performed, confirming the reduction of the number of positive cells. The low level of CD62L found in a clinically asymptomatic PML patient strengthens its potential usefulness as a biomarker of high PML risk in NTZ-treated patients [Spadaro, 2015].

GA.

A pre-amplification Real Time PCR assay was used for measuring GA-induced IFNγ and IL4 mRNA responses in PBMCs from patients and healthy controls, showing that GA-treated patients with higher levels of cytokines have a better outcome [Gilli, 2012]. **RTX.**

A pre-amplification RT-PCR blood for CD19 mRNA quantification was set and compared with currently used flow cytometry (FC), to personalize RTX re-treatment in NMOSDs patients. Our approach showed major sensitivity: all samples positive at FC were confirmed also in RT-PCR, but CD19 mRNA was higher also in 8/39 samples resulted negative by FC, and CD19 RNA preceded the FC positivity in 7/8 samples by 1–3 months [Marnetto, 2014].

f. Advancement in the field

Our research activity in treatment-response biomarker field is ongoing aiming at identification and validation of better and more sensitive and specific markers for each approved treatment for MS patients.

IFN- β . Nabs and MxA evaluation are now used in practical routine for IFN- β patients management.

RTX. A validation of our results obtained in RT-PCR is in progress in a great cohort of NMOSD samples to confirm the data and to evaluate a correlation between CD19mRNA increase and clinical relapse (see Future projects).

We are evaluating anti-RTX antibodies quantification and free circulating RTX dosage to personalize RTX re-treatment in NMOSDs patients. (see Future projects).

Immunopathogenesis

Summary

The rate of clinical signs in MS patients declines during pregnancy, and increases during the first three months post-partum. However, the biological mechanisms underlying the pregnancy-related decrease in disease activity are poorly understood. We seek to determine the factors modulated during pregnancy in MS, which could form the basis for the development of new treatments for MS.

a. Background

MS is the most common autoimmune disease of central nervous system, characterized by chronic inflammation with immune cells infiltration, demyelination and axonal damage. Demyelination is the results of several mechanisms, including immune mediate effects by inflammation cytokines, macrophages or T-cells, as well as an antibody-mediated damage to the myelin and complement-mediated injury. The disease courses encompass a multitude of neurological defects and can be classified into 3 main sub-types: relapsing remitting MS (RRMS), primary progressive MS (PPMS), and secondary progressive MS (SPMS). The cause of the disease is not known, but epidemiological and familial studies support the consensus view that MS is a multifactorial disease with overlapping influences from genetics, the environment and epigenetic signatures, that together result in a self-sustaining autoimmune disorder that leads to recurrent immune attacks on the CNS. Concerning genetic risk factors, intensive search reveals linkage mainly with the HLA locus, which accounts for less than 50% of the total genetic basis of the disease. New genetic approaches such as genome-wide association studies (GWASs) long with genome project data and larger datasets have recently identified new MS susceptibility loci within and outside the HLA region, and additional genes continue to be identified and validated.

b. Rationale

Pregnancy represents a physiological transitory state of immune tolerance to avoid the rejection of the fetus, and is frequently associated with reduced activity of autoimmune diseases, including MS.

To establish and maintain a successful pregnancy, selective immune tolerance and immunomodulation is required. No general immunosuppression takes place in the maternal immune system; on the contrary, there is an increased pro-inflammatory burden derived from the innate immune system, especially during the third trimester. The immunomodulatory mechanisms contributing to the control of harmful autoimmune activity are thus directed probably towards the adaptive immune system. Immunoregulatory factors specific for pregnancy include pregnancy-specific serum proteins and tolerance promoting signaling molecules. In addition, placenta-derived hormones, prolactin, estrogens and progesterone can directly affect the function of the immune cells, which express estrogen receptors. Other putative beneficial mechanisms in the control of autoimmune diseases during pregnancy include a shift from a prevailing Th1 response to a Th2-type response and an increase in the number of functional regulatory T cells. As a whole, however, little is still known about the molecular mechanisms

behind the adaptive molecular processes of pregnancy in MS. Development of high-throughput technologies, such as microarrays, has made it possible to analyze physiological pathways and entire networks in biological processes to get better insights into the disease pathogenesis. Application of these technologies in MS during pregnancy will provide new information of the biological mechanisms of pregnancy related decrease of disease activity. This will ultimately lead to better understanding of the pathogenesis of MS and may provide basis for the development of novel therapeutic strategies.

c. Objectives

Owing to the presumed weak influence of single mechanisms on both disease susceptibility and maternal immunological adaptations, we proposed a large-scale analysis of transcriptional changes during pregnancy in MS, to identify genes potentially contributing to the reduced disease activity. In particular we planned to compare gene expression profiles in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) derived from MS patients and age-matched healthy controls (HC), before, during and after pregnancy, in order to identify genes whose expression altered in non-pregnant patients is reverted to normal during gestation. Subsequently we aimed at deepening our knowledge on the role of the most relevant genes identified and the causes of their deregulation in MS before pregnancy. In this context our work focused on the following specific aims:

1. Study the influence of genetic mechanisms and hormonal factors on gene expression regulation;

2. Unveil specific cell type mainly involved in gene expression modulation;

3. Investigate the role of the putative genes in the appropriate murine model of MS;

4. Explore potential common pathogenic mechanisms shared by different autoimmune and neurodegenerative pathologies.

d. Results

In order to get better insight into the biological mechanisms underlying the pregnancy-related decrease in MS disease activity, we analyzed by microarray technology the gene expression profiles of PBMCs from MS patients and HC followed during their pregnancy cycle. Expression of 347 genes was found to be altered in PBMCs of non-pregnant MS patients with respect to HC, while complementary changes in expression occurring during pregnancy reverted this imbalance particularly for seven inflammation-related transcripts, namely SOCS2, TNFAIP3, STAG3L1, CXCR4, POLR2J, FAM49B, and NR4A2. Notably, these specific changes in gene expression were associated with a decrease in disease activity assessed by occurrence of relapses during the pregnancy. MS specific gene dysregulation was then consolidated in another study, analyzing larger and different cohorts of subjects, i.e. men and women, clinically active and stable patients, untreated and treated RRMS patients. The analysis confirmed the dysregulation of the seven target genes in MS patients respect to HC, also highlighting that this difference is not gender-specific. On these grounds, it is likely that this specific pattern of gene expression is associated to the pathogenesis of MS. Moreover, we observed that gene expression levels of TNFAIP3 and NR4A2, two potent NF-kB pathway inhibitors, correlate with a worse disease course. Therefore, we next explored the involvement of these most promising genes in the pathogenesis of MS.

To investigate the causes of TNFAIP3 and NR4A2 deregulation, we evaluated the influence of pregnancy-related hormones on whole blood gene expression levels, demonstrating that sex hormonal factors are able to regulate the expression of these target genes, although in different way between MS patients and HC.

In addition, since TNFAIP3 is genetically associated to MS, we evaluated possible genetic mechanisms testing whether its specific allelic variants may cause reduced transcript levels in MS patients, leading to decreased anti-inflammatory activity and influencing the development of the disease in individual bearing these variants. Genotype and gene expression data suggested that SNPs in TNFAIP3 genomic region and particularly in the promoter have a role in the TNFAIP3 gene expression regulation, even if others mechanism are probably involved.
Further researches performed in our laboratory, aimed at identifying particular cell subpopulations having a pivotal role in the unbalanced expression of TNFAIP3 and NR4A2, highlighted that the deregulated expression of both genes in MS patients is mainly due to the monocyte cell population. This is an important achievement, since to date the relative contribution of these genes in different human cell types to the pathophysiology of the disease is still unknown.

To better investigate the involvement of the target genes in MS pathogenesis we took advantage of the EAE (Experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis), the best MS murine model.

Thanks to a collaboration with Prof. Conneely (Baylor College Medicine, Houston, USA) we obtained the NR4A2 knock-out (KO) mouse model that we immunized with MOG₃₅₋₅₅ to induce chronic EAE. As results we observed an earlier disease onset and an increase of infiltrated cells in spinal cord of NR4A2-KO mice compared to their wild-type littermates.

In agreement, we demonstrated that the preventive administration of a potent activator of the NR4A2 signaling (isoxazolo-pyridinone7e; IP7e) delayed the EAE onset and reduced the incidence and the severity of the disease, down-regulating NF-kB downstream genes and improving neuroinflammatory pathological signs. Conversely, EAE course was not influenced by the therapeutic IP7e administration.

Finally, we evaluated the TNFAIP3 and NR4A2 gene expression levels in other autoimmune disorders commonly associated with MS and neurological diseases. We showed that both genes are down-regulated in Parkinson's disease, while experiments on Hashimoto's thyroiditis are underway.

e. Advancement in the field

On the basis of data obtained by our group we can hypothesize that the down-regulation of two important anti-inflammatory genes as TNFAIP3 and NR4A2 in MS might contribute to chronic invasive immune processes as well as participate to the development of autoimmunity, suggesting that MS arises from a defective negative feedback control of inflammation, rather than merely from an overactive pro-inflammatory reaction. This warrant further efforts to deepen the knowledge of the role of these genes in pathogenesis of MS, which could represent new therapeutic targets.

CRESM Bio-Bank

a. Summary

In chronic disease such as Multiple Sclerosis the available of biological materials is needed. The project intends collect and store different biological material from healthy controls and from selected MS patients treated with the available drugs proceeding their follow-up during time. In particular, people affected by PPMS will be included in the project.

b and c. Background and Rationale

Despite considerable investment in biological clinical research, very few laboratory results are transformed in drugs. Biological research suffers from poor reproducibility of published data, even in prestigious journals [Prinz et al., 2011], because of the lack of rigor in the collection of biological samples [Del Campo et al., 2012], the insufficient validation of the methods according to the instructions of FDA (FDA, 2001), the lack of availability of experimental protocol, and limited sharing of data [Huang and Gottardo, 2013].

In a chronic disease such as PPMS there are two further obstacles: the small number of patients makes it difficult to collect biological samples, and the patients need careful follow-ups through the collection of clinical, biological, MRI, neuro-cognitive and neurophysiological data.

d. Objectives

This project aims to address these problems by joining the activity of the Bio-bank, of the Clinical Neurobiology (CNB) Lab and of the Clinical Unit of CRESM that take care of 1800 patients with MS, of which 250 PPMS patients. In particular, to support of research projects funded by the International Progressive MS Alliance (IPMSA), the project will include:

Expansion of the biological bank which is already in operation at the CRESM, through the collection of biological samples (serum, plasma, CSF, urine, cells from blood and CSF for DNA and RNA,) of PPMS patients, others types of MS and various controls [Teunissen et al, 2013]. 2) The distribution of aliquots of the samples to projects funded by the IPMSA (or other institutions)
 The researcher who receives samples from the bio-bank is committed to: i) providing the bio-bank with detailed protocols of the methods used in the research, ii) sharing raw data of his experiments with the bio-bank so that could be available for others studies.

4) Technical support from CRESM, which includes: i) co-validation of methods; ii) replication of data obtained by researchers who have used biological samples of the bio-bank, iii) implementation of educational courses for technicians/biologists on biological methods

5) Cooperation with other bio-banks: the bio-bank of CRESM will be included in the future network of bio-banks dedicated to MS research

e. Results

This project received the funds in April 2014 and, till now, in the CReSM biobank have been stored different biological materials (serum, plasma, DNA, total RNA, RNA from PBMCs and PBMCs in DMSO) from more than 2000 blood draws of Multiple Sclerosis and Other Neurological Disease patients and from Healthy Controls.

f. Advancement in the field

The project is still ongoing: every day at least 4 blood draws are collected and stored following approved SOP of preservation of biological materials

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: Adult neurogenesis

1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION – PERSONNEL:

NOTE: Since the birth of NICO (in 2010), the group **Adult Neurogenesis** was created from two independent research groups (already working and collaborating in Turin since 1994), which joined their expertise on structural plasticity and neurogenesis. Since then, the group at NICO has been organized with two PI coordinating four main, distinct but complementary, research lines.

• Principal Investigator 1

Paolo Peretto	Birthdate: (18 september 1963)
Associate professor	Gender: M
Nationality: Italian	Phone: 011 6706605
Email: paolo.peretto@unito.it	

• Principal Investigator 2

Luca Bonfanti	Birthdate : (19 may 1962)
Associate professor	Gender: M
Nationality: Italian	Phone: 011 6706606
Email: luca.bonfanti@unito.it	

• Personnel

- 1. First name: Silvia De Marchis
 Birthdate (14/09/66)

 Degree: Associate professor
 Gender: F

 Role: Senior researcher
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: in vivo and in vitro molecular and cellular analyses
- 2. First name: Federico LuzzatiBirthdate (20/10/1974)Degree: assistant professorGender: MRole: Senior researcherNationality: ItalianExpertise: in vivo morphological analyses and 3D reconstructions
- 3. First name: Roberta Parolisi
 Birthdate (23/01/85)

 Degree: PhD student
 Gender: F

 Role: researcher
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: stem cell niche analyses and electron microscopy

- 4. First name: Giulia Nato
 Birthdate (08/05/86)

 Degree: PhD student
 Gender: F

 Role: researcher
 Nationality: Italian

 Expertise: stereotaxic injections, stem/progenitor cell characterization
- 5. First name and surname : Sara Trova Birthdate (25/04/89)
 Degree: PhD student Gender: F
 Role: researcher Nationality: Italian
 Expertise: behavioural aspects of AN in the olfactory system

6.	First name: Sara Bonzano	Birthdate (22/03/87)
	Degree: PhD student	Gender: F
	Role: researcher	Nationality: Italian
	Expertise: cellular and molecular analyses of	of AN in the hippocampus

First name: Chiara La Rosa Birthdate (01/07/88)
 Degree: PhD student Gender: F
 Role: just starting PhD Nationality: Italian
 Expertise: comparative analyses of AN in wild mammals

2a. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR 1 (Paolo Peretto) CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

1993 - Degree in Biological Science, University of Turin, Italy.

1994 - Post degree training (Lab. of Neurobiology, Dept. of Animal and Human Biology, University of Turin, Italy and Dept. of Pharmacology, University of Basel, Switzerland).

1995 - Telethon Foundation's fellowship (Dept. of Neuroscience, University of Turin). 1998 - PhD in Neuroanatomy (Dept. of Veterinary Morphophysiology, University of Turin).

1998 - Cavalieri Ottolenghi Foundation's post-doc fellowship (Dept. of Animal and Human Biology, University of Turin).

Employment and research experience:

1999-2005: Assistant Professor (SSD, BIO06, SC, 05/B2 Anatomia Comparata e Citologia) at the Dept of Animal and Human Biology, University of Turin, Itlay. 2000 (Sept.-Dec.): Visiting Assistant Professor at the Dept. of Anatomy and Neurobiology, University of Maryland, Baltimore, USA.

2005-today: Associate Professor (SSD, BIO06, SC, 05/B2 Anatomia Comparata e Citologia) at the Dept. of Life Sciences and Systems Biology, University of Turin, Italy.

Relevant discoveries:

- Identification/characterization of the *"glial tubes"*, the structures that envelop and guide adult-born neuroblasts from the sub-ventricular zone to the olfactory bulb *(Peretto et al., 1997, Brain Res. Bull. 42, 9-21).*

- Identification/characterization of new physiologic neurogenic niches in the striatum of adult rabbit and postnatal guinea pig (*Luzzati et al., 2006, J. Neurosci. 26, 609-621; Luzzati et al., 2014, Development 141(21), 4065-75*).

- Identification/molecular characterization of local astroglial neurogenic progenitors in the injured mouse striatum (*Luzzati et al., 2011, PLOS ONE 6 (9) e25088, 1-16; Nato et al., 2015, Development 142(5):840-5*).

- Identification/characterization of pheromonal-dependent mechanisms in the regulation of adult neurogenesis in the accessory olfactory bulb of female mice (*Oboti et al., 2009 Eur.J. Neurosci. 29(4), 679-692*).

- Identification/functional characterization of accessory olfactory bulb newborn neurons in the context of the neuroendocrine reflex known as the "bruce effect" (*Oboti et al., 2011, Front. Neurosci. 5, p. 1-14*).

Starting- end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
2009-2012	National	PI	Compagnia San Paolo "Programma Neuroscienze"	"Experience-dependent modulation of adult neurogenesis in the accessory olfactory bulb of mice"	EDMAN 2008.2192	€ 70.000,00	€ 8000,00 "neurolucida system"
2013-2016	National	PI Local Unit	MIUR (PRIN)	"Analisi integrata dei processi molecolari e cellulari responabili dell'elaborazione di segnali sensoriali in condizioni normali e patologiche"	2010599K BR_010	€ 60.091,00	€ 25.000,00 (1 year stay payed at NICO)

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).

Starting from 2014 participation to a COST Action: COST GNRH NETWORK: NEUROENDOCRINE CONTROL OF REPRODUCTION

Please list the name of PhDs you have supervised.

Claudio Giachino (XVI° cycle), Federico Luzzati (XVIII°cycle), Livio Oboti (XXII° cycle), Roberta Schellino (XXV°cycle), Giulia Nato (XXVII°cycle), Sara Trova (XXIX°cycle).

Please list your outreach activities

describe your international collaborative experiences.

- Dr. Paolo Giacobini, Jean-Pierre Aubert Research Center, School of Medicine, Lille (France) Interplay between adult neurogenesis and endocrine system-
- Prof. Frank Zufall, Dept Of Physiology, University of Saarland School of Medicine, Homburg (Germany) -*Role of pheromones in the regulation of adult neurogenesis*-
- Dr. Parlato Rosanna, German Cancer Research Center (DKFZ), Heidelberg (Germany) Adult neurogenesis in neurodegenerative models-
- Prof. Jeroen Pasterkamp, University Medical Center, Utrecht, The Netherlands – Analysis of pheromone dependent reproductive behaviour in Sema 7A KO mice
- Dr. Claudio Giachino, Dept. of Molecular Embryology, Max Planck Institute of Immunobiology, Freiburg (Germany) – *Molecular regulation of adult neurogenesis*-
- Dr. Livio Oboti, Children's National Health System, Center for Neuroscience Research, Washington, DC, (USA) Adult neurogenesis in the olfactory bulb

• Invited talks.

2015-DiSFeBmeetsNICO, Milano- The interplay between reproductive-social stimuli and adult olfactory bulb neurogenesis;

2014-75° Congresso UZI, Bari (Italy): the interplay between pheromones adult neurogenesis and reproduction;

2013- XV Congress SINS, Roma (Italy): Adult neurogenesis as a physiological mechanism to recognize mate pheromones in mice;

2009- XIX Congress ECRO, Cagliari (Italy): Integration and survival of newly-formed neurons in the AOB of adult mice;

2009- 9e Colloque Sociètè des Neurosciences, Bordeaux (France): Neurogenesis in the striatum of the adult mammalian brain;

• Editorial duties

In the Editorial Board of International journals:

Frontiers in Neurogenesis (Frontiers journal series, CH)

Guest Editor for Special Issues:

Adult neurogenesis twenty years later: physiological function versus brain repair (2014) Front. Neurosci. (with L. Bonfanti)

Please list your organizational activities:

- Speakers invited (a member of our group S. De Marchis is charged of this task; see below)
- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized

h index: 28 Total citations: 2435 (source: ISI WOS)

2b. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR 2 (Luca Bonfanti) CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

1987. Doctor in Veterinary Medicine cum laude, University of Turin.

1992. PhD in Veterinary Functional Neuroanatomy.

1993. Post-doctoral scholarship from the University of Turin (research in neuroscience at the Dipartimento di Morfofisiologia Veterinaria).

Employment and research experience:

1991. Two year stage at INSERM Unity 176 and "Laboratoire de Neuroendocrinologie Morphofonctionnelle", University of Bordeaux II. STRUCTURAL PLASTICITY 1992. "Elba International Neuroscience Program" (Isola d'Elba)

1993. Stage at INSERM Unity 378 (Bordeaux), within a CNR/INSERM partnership. PSA-NCAM distribution in the mammalian CNS

1994. Assistant Professor (V30A group, then VET01) at the Dip. di Morfofisiologia Veterinaria, University of Turin. ADULT NEUROGENESIS AND STEM CELL NICHES 2000-today. Associate Professor (VET01) of Anatomy of the Domestic Animals.

Relevant discoveries:

- Distribution of PSA-NCAM in the mammalian brain and its role in AN

- Structural organization of the SVZ stem cell niche and rostral migratory stream; molecular and cellular aspects of SVZ niche

- Identification and characterization of novel neurogenic sites/processes in the brain

parenchyma of different mammals (rabbit parenchymal chains; rabbit cerebellum) - Identification and characterization of a novel, newly generated-nondividing glial cell

subpopulation (mMap5 cells)

- Evidence that SVZ is not neurogenic in dolphins, and it contains differentiated neurons (ongoing project)

Starting - end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
Jan 2015 - Sept 2016	National	Coordinator	Fondazione CRT	"Fonti endogene di cellule staminali neurali per la riparazione del sistema nervoso"	41436 (RF=2014 -1161)	€ 25.000	€ 2.238
2009- 2011	International	Scientific supervisor (researcher: Giovanna Ponti)	IOF-Marie Curie actions	NEURALSTEMCELL IMAGING	FP7- PEOPLE- 2007-4-1- IOF	€ 230.668 (to the researcher mobility)	(2 years stay payed at NICO)

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).

Please list the name of PhDs you have supervised.

Giovanna Ponti (ending 2010); Maria Armentano (ending 2011); Paola Crociara (ending Dec 31, 2013); Roberta Parolisi (ending Dec 31, 2015); Chiara La Rosa (starting Oct 1, 2015)

Please list honours, prizes or awards received, if applicable.

- Invited professor at NorthEastern University, Dept of Biology; Boston, USA (two months stay for teaching Stem Cell Biology, 2011).

Please list your outreach activities

 describe your international collaborative experiences.
 Arturo Alvarez-Buylla (UCSF Neurological Surgery faculty, San Francisco, California, USA) STEM CELL NICHES
 Günther K.H. Zupanc (Department of Biology, Northeastern University, Boston,

- Gunther K.H. Zupanc (Department of Biology, Northeastern University, Boston, USA) COMPARATIVE NEUROGENESIS.

- Stefano Pluchino, Gianvito Martino (Department of Clinical Neurosciences, University of Cambridge, UK) STEM CELLS AND BRAIN REGENERATION. - Juan Nacher (Universitat de Valencia, Neurobiology, Cell Biology, Spain) PIRIFORM CORTEX IMMATURE NEURONS.

- Irmgard Amrein, Hans P. Lipp (University of Zurich, Switzerland) ADULT NEUROGENESIS IN WILD ANIMALS

• Invited talks

- Postnatal and adult neurogenesis in aquatic mammals devoid of olfaction. *The Role of Adult Neurogenesis in Plasticity: Evolutionary Insights.* JB Johnston club, Karger workshop, Chicago, USA, 2015

- Adult neurogenesis in aquatic mammals devoid of olfaction. *Adult neurogenesis:* evolution, regulation and function, Dresda 6-8 may, 2015

Ruolo potenziale delle cellule staminali cerebrali nelle malattie neurodegenerative.
Convegno: Invecchiamento di successo: un approccio multidisciplinare. Alba, 2013
La ricerca sulla riparazione del sistema nervoso: panorama attuale e prospettive. XVI Giornata Nazionale Trauma Cranico, Torino, 2013

- Il sistema nervoso e le sue potenzialità di rinnovare i costituenti cellulari. Meeting: *Età, Abilità e Apprendimento,* Torino, 2010.

- Evolutionary, anatomical and molecular constraints to therapeutically-aimed modulation of adult neurogenesis. VI SIF Symposium: *The pharmacological modulation of adult neural stem/progenitor cells.* Novara, 2010.

- Adult neurogenesis in mammals, with and without germinal layers. *International Neuroscience Winter Conference*, Solden, Austria (2009)

- Glia-independent chains of neuroblasts in the adult brain parenchyma. F.E.N.S. Forum, Simposium: Understanding the different steps of adult neurogenesis; Lisbon, 2004).

- Neurogenesis in Lagomorphs: from olfactory system to cerebellum. *Inserm U 862; Université VictorSegalen-Bordeaux II,* Bordeaux (2008)

- Structural plasticity in the rabbit brain and cerebellum: with and without germinal layers. *Department of Physiology, Anatomy and Genetics, University of Oxford*, UK (2008)

• Editorial duties

In the Editorial Board of international journals:

- Frontiers in Neuroscience, Neurogenesis (Frontiers journal series, CH), as Editor-in-Chief

- Neurogenesis (Taylor & Francis, USA), as Associate Editor

International Book Editing:

- Bonfanti L. (2013) *Neural stem cells: new perspectives*, INTECH PUBLISHER, Rijeka, pp. 420.

Guest Editor for Special Issues:

- Neural stem cell niches and parenchymal progenitors (2010) *Arch. It. Biol.* (with A. Mackay-Sim)

- Towards a comparative understanding of adult neurogenesis (2011) *Eur. J. Neurosci.* (with G.H. Zupanc)

- Adult neurogenesis twenty years later: physiological function versus brain repair (2014) *Front. Neurosci.* (with P. Peretto)

Please list your organizational activities:

- Speakers invited: in our group, S. De Marchis is charged of this task (see below)
- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized (each year, since 2010: organization of UNISTEM day in Turin - National event on research, science and stem cells, involving university researchers and students of the secondary schools)

h index: 27 Total citations: 2921 (source: Scopus)

3a. PI's PUBBLICATIONS 1 (P. Peretto):

Nato, G., Caramello, A., Trova, S., Avataneo, V., Rolando, C., Taylor, V., Buffo, A., ***Peretto, P.**, Luzzati, F. (2015). Striatal astrocytes produce neuroblasts in an excitotoxic model of huntington's disease. *Development*, 142(5):840-5. IF= 6.3; R= 4/41 (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 2 *(Co-last Authorship and Correspondence)

Farinetti, A., Tomasi, S., Foglio, B., Ferraris, A., Ponti, G., Gotti, S., ***Peretto, P.**, Panzica, GC. (2015). Testosterone and estradiol differentially affect cell proliferation in the subventricular zone of young adult gonadectomized male and female rats. *Neuroscience*, 12:286:162-70.

IF= 3.3; R= 96/252 (NEUROSCIENCES) ; Times cited= 1 *(Co-last Authorship)

Peretto, P., Bonfanti, L. (2015). Adult neurogenesis 20 years later: physiological function vs. Brain repair. *Front Neurosci.*, 6.9-71.

IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES) INSERITO VALORE DEL 2014, Time cited= 0

Luzzati, F., Nato, G., Oboti, L., Vigna, E., Rolando, C., Armentano M, Bonfanti L, Fasolo A, **Peretto P** (2014). Quiescent neuronal progenitors are activated in the juvenile guinea pig lateral striatum and give rise to transient neurons. <u>*Development*</u> 141: 4065-4075.

IF= 6,3; R= 4/41 (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 3

Oboti, L., **Peretto, P** (2014). How neurogenesis finds its place in a hardwired sensory system. *Front. Neurosci.*, 8:102. IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES) Times cited =3

Bonzano, S., Bovetti, S., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.**, De Marchis, S. (2014). Odour enrichment increases adult-born dopaminergic neurons in the mouse olfactory bulb. *Eur J Neurosci.*, 40(10):3450-7.

IF= 3.2; R= 108/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 1

Peretto, P., Schellino, R., De Marchis, S., Fasolo, A. (2014). The interplay between reproductive social stimuli and adult olfactory bulb neurogenesis. <u>*Neural Plasticity*</u>, 497657.

IF= 3.6; R= 87/252 (NEUROSCIENCES) Times cited= 0

Peretto, P., Bonfanti, L. (2014). Major unsolved points in adult neurogenesis: doors open on a translational future? *<u>Front. Neurosci.</u>*, 8: 154. IF= 3.6; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 2

Bini, F., Frati, A., Garcia-Gil, M., Battistini, C., Granado, M., Martinesi, M., Mainardi, M., Vannini, E., Luzzati, F., Caleo, M., **Peretto, P.**, Gomez-Muñoz, A., Meacci, E. (2012). New signalling pathway involved in the anti-proliferative action of vitamin D(3) and its analogues in human neuroblastoma cells. A role for ceramide kinase. <u>*Neuropharmacology*</u>, 63(4):524-537.

IF= 4.1; R= 66/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Bonfanti, L., **Peretto, P.** (2012). The missing chain. <u>*Front. Neurosci.*</u>, 6: 1. IF= 3,2; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Luzzati, F., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2011). Combining confocal laser scanning microscopy with serial section reconstruction in the study of adult neurogenesis. *Front. Neurosci.*, 5:1-14. IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 8

Oboti, L., Schellino, R., Giachino, C., Chamero, P., Pyrski, M., Leinders-Zufall, T., Zufall, F., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2011). Newborn interneurons in the accessory olfactory bulb promote mate recognition in female mice. *Front. Neurosci.*, 5:1-14. IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 23

Luzzati, F., De Marchis, S., Parlato, R., Gribaudo, S., Gunther, S., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2011). New striatal neurons in a mouse model of progressive striatal degeneration are generated in both the subventricular zone and the striatal parechyma. <u>*PLOS ONE*</u>, 6(9),e25088:1-16.

IF= 4.1; R= 8/55 (MULTIDISCILINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 17

Oboti, L., **Peretto, P**., De Marchis, S., Fasolo, A. (2011). From chemical neuroanatomy to an understanding of the olfactory system. *Eur. J. Histochem*., 55:e35:194-199.

IF= 1.7, R= 145/181 (CELL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 3

Bonfanti, L., **Peretto, P.** (2011). Adult neurogenesis in mammals: A theme with many variations. *Eur. J. Neurosci.*, 34:930-950. IF= 3,2; R= 84/244 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 64

3b. PI's PUBBLICATIONS 2 (L. Bonfanti):

Parolisi, R., Peruffo, A., Messina, S., Panin, M., Montelli, S., Giurisato, M., Cozzi, B., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). Forebrain neuroanatomy of the neonatal and juvenile dolphin (*T. truncatus and S. coeruloalba*). *Front. Neuroanat.* 9: 140. IF= 3,5; R= 3/20 (ANATOMY & MORPHOLOGY); Times cited= 0

Feliciano, D.M., Bordey, A., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). Noncanonical sites of adult neurogenesis in the mammalian brain. <u>*Cold Spring Harb. Perspect. Biol.*</u> 7(10) pii: a018846

IF= 8,6; R= 24/184 (CELL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 0

Lattanzi, W., Parolisi, R., Barba, M., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). Osteogenic and neurogenic stem cells in their own place: unraveling differences and similarities between niches. *Front. Cell. Neurosci.* 9:455.

IF= 4,3; R= 55/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Nacher, J., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). New neurons from old beliefs in the adult piriform cortex? *Front. Neuroanat.* 9: 62.

IF= 3,5; R= 3/20 (ANATOMY & MORPHOLOGY); Times cited= 1

Luzzati, F., Nato, G., Oboti, L., Vigna, E., Rolando, C., Armentano, M., **Bonfanti, L.**, Fasolo, A., Peretto, P. (2014). Quiescent neuronal progenitors are activated in the juvenile guinea pig lateral striatum and give rise to transient neurons. <u>*Development*</u> 141: 4065-4075.

IF: 6,3; R=4/41 (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 3

Peretto, P., **Bonfanti, L.** (2014). Major unsolved points in adult neurogenesis: doors open on a translational future? *Front. Neurosci.* 8: 154. IF= 3,7; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 2

Cattaneo, E., **Bonfanti, L.** (2014). Therapeutic potential of neural stem cells: greater in people's perception than in their brains? *Front. Neurosci.* 8:79. IF= 3,7; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 3

Kreiner, G., Bierhoff, H., Armentano, M., Rodriguez-Parkitna, J., Sowodniok, K., Naranjo, J.R., **Bonfanti, L.**, Liss, B., Schütz, G., Grummt, I., Parlato, R. (2013) A neuroprotective phase precedes striatal degeneration upon nucleolar stress. <u>*Cell*</u> <u>*Death Differ*</u>. 20: 1455-1464.

IF= 8,2; R= 25/291 (BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY); Times cited= 17

Crociara, P., Parolisi, R., Conte, D., Fumagalli, M., **Bonfanti, L.** (2013). Cellular and molecular characterization of multipolar Map5-expressing cells: a subset of newly generated, stage-specific parenchymal cells in the mammalian central nervous system. *Plos ONE* 8: 1-18.

IF= 3,5; R= 8/55 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 2

Ponti, G., Obernier, K., Guinto, C., Jose, L., **Bonfanti, L.**, Alvarez-Buylla, A. (2013). Cell cycle and lineage progression of neural progenitors in the ventricularsubventricular zones of adult mice. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.*, 110: E1045- E1054. IF= 9,8; R= 4/55 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 42 **Bonfanti, L.** (2013). The (real) neurogenic/gliogenic potential of the postnatal and adult brain parenchyma, <u>*ISRN Neurosci*</u>. Vol. 2013: 1-14. (not yet indexed)

Santambrogio, S., Ricca, A., Maderna, C., Ieraci, A., Aureli, M., Sonnino, S., Kulik, W., Aimar P., **Bonfanti, L.**, Martino, S., Gritti, A. (2012). The galactocerebrosidase enzyme contributes to maintain a functional neurogenic niche during early post-natal CNS development. *Hum. Mol. Genet.* 21: 4732- 4750.

IF= 6,4; R= 32/291 (BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY); Times cited= 5

Bonfanti, L., Nacher, J. (2012). New scenarios for neuronal structural plasticity in non neurogenic brain parenchyma: the case of cortical layer II immature neurons. *Prog. Neurobiol.* 98: 1-15.

IF= 11,4; R= 10/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 16

Bonfanti, L., Peretto, P. (2012). The missing chain. *Front. Neurosci.* 6: 1. IF= 3,7; R= 108/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Bonfanti, L., Peretto, P. (2011). Adult neurogenesis in mammals: A theme with many variations. <u>*Eur. J. Neurosci.*</u> 34: 930-950. IF= 3,2; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 64

Bonfanti, L., Rossi, F., Zupanc G. (2011). Towards a comparative understanding of adult neurogenesis. *Eur. J. Neurosci.* 34: 845-846. IF= 3,2; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Bonfanti, L., (2011). From hydra regeneration to human brain structural plasticity: a long trip through narrowing roads. <u>*TheScientificWorldJ.*</u> 11; 1270-1299. IF= 1,4 (2010); R= 13/59 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Martino, G.V., Pluchino, S., **Bonfanti, L.**, Schwartz, M. (2011). Brain regeneration in physiology and pathology: the immune signature driving therapeutic plasticity of neural stem cells. *Physiol. Rev.* 91: 1281-1304. IF= 27,3; R= 1/83 (PHYSIOLOGY SCIENCES); Times cited= 65

Armentano, M., Canalia, N., Crociara, P., **Bonfanti, L.** (2011). Culturing conditions remarkably affect viability and organization of mouse subventricular zone in ex-vivo cultured forebrain slices. *J. Neurosci. Meth.* 197: 65-81. IF= 2; R= 47/79 (BIOCHEMICAL RESEARCH METHODS); Times cited= 2

Ponti, G., Crociara, P., Armentano, M., **Bonfanti, L.** (2010). Adult neurogenesis without germinal layers: the 'atypical' cerebellum of rabbits. <u>*Arch. Ital. Biol.*</u> 148: 147-158.

IF= 1,5; R= 207/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 17

Ponti, G., Reitano, E., Aimar, P., Cattaneo, E., Conti, L., **Bonfanti, L.** (2010). Neuralspecific inactivation of ShcA function results in anatomical disorganization of subventricular zone neural stem cell niche in the adult brain. <u>*Neuroscience*</u> 168: 314-322.

IF= 3,6; R= 96/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 6

4.GROUP'S PUBBLICATIONS:

Parolisi, R., Peruffo, A., Messina, S., Panin, M., Montelli, S., Giurisato, M., Cozzi, B., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). Forebrain neuroanatomy of the neonatal and juvenile dolphin (*T. truncatus and S. coeruloalba*). *Front. Neuroanat.* 9: 140. IF= 3,5; R= 3/20 (ANATOMY & MORPHOLOGY); Times cited= 0

Feliciano, D.M., Bordey, A., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). Noncanonical sites of adult neurogenesis in the mammalian brain. <u>*Cold Spring Harb. Perspect. Biol.*</u> 7(10) pii: a018846 IF= 8,6; R= 24/184 (CELL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 0

Lattanzi, W., Parolisi, R., Barba, M., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). Osteogenic and neurogenic stem cells in their own place: unraveling differences and similarities between niches. *Front. Cell. Neurosci.* 9:455. IF= 4,3; R= 55/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Nacher, J., **Bonfanti, L.** (2015). New neurons from old beliefs in the adult piriform cortex? *Front. Neuroanat.* 9: 62.

IF= 3,5; R= 3/20 (ANATOMY & MORPHOLOGY); Times cited= 1

Nato, G., Caramello, A., Trova, S., Avataneo, V., Rolando, C., Taylor, V., Buffo, A., ***Peretto, P.**, **Luzzati, F.** (2015). Striatal astrocytes produce neuroblasts in an excitotoxic model of huntington's disease. <u>Development</u>, 142(5):840-5. IF= 6.3; R= 4/41 (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 2

*(Co-last Authorship and Correspondence)

Parkash, J., Messina, A., Langlet, F., Cimino, I., Loyens, A., Mazur, D., Gallet, S., Balland, E., Malone, S., Pralong, F., Cagnoni, G., Schellino, R., **De Marchis, S.**, Mazzone, M., Pasterkamp, J., Tamagnone, L., Prevot, V., Giacobini P. (2015). Semaphorin7A regulates neuroglial plasticity in the adult hypothalamic median eminence. <u>*Nat. Commun.*</u> 6: 6385. IF= 11,5; R= 3/57 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 2

Farinetti, A., Tomasi, S., Foglio, B., Ferraris, A., Ponti, G., Gotti, S., ***Peretto, P.**, Panzica, GC. (2015). Testosterone and estradiol differentially affect cell proliferation in the subventricular zone of young adult gonadectomized male and female rats. *Neuroscience*, 12:286:162-70. IF= 3.3; R= 96/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 1 *(Co-last Authorship)

Luzzati, F. (2015). A hypothesis for the evolution of the upper layers of the neocortex through co-option of the olfactory cortex developmental program. *Front. Neurosci.* 9:162. IF=3,7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Luzzati, F., Nato, G., Oboti, L., Vigna, E., Rolando, C., Armentano, M., **Bonfanti, L.**, Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2014). Quiescent neuronal progenitors are activated in the juvenile guinea pig lateral striatum and give rise to transient neurons. <u>*Development*</u> 141: 4065-4075. IF: 6,3; R=4/41 (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 3

Peretto, P., Bonfanti, L. (2014). Major unsolved points in adult neurogenesis: doors open on a translational future? *Front. Neurosci.* 8: 154. IF= 3,7; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 2

Cattaneo, E., **Bonfanti, L.** (2014). Therapeutic potential of neural stem cells: greater in people's perception than in their brains? *Front. Neurosci.* 8:79. IF= 3,7; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 3

Oboti, L., **Peretto, P** (2014). How neurogenesis finds its place in a hardwired sensory system. <u>Front. Neurosci.</u>, 8:102. IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES) Times cited =3 Bonzano, S., Bovetti, S., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P., De Marchis, S.** (2014). Odour enrichment increases adult-born dopaminergic neurons in the mouse olfactory bulb. *Eur J Neurosci.*, 40(10):3450-7.

IF= 3.2; R= 108/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 1

Peretto, P., Schellino, R., **De Marchis, S.**, Fasolo, A. (2014). The interplay between reproductive social stimuli and adult olfactory bulb neurogenesis. *Neural Plasticity*, 497657. IF= 3.6; R= 87/252 (NEUROSCIENCES) Times cited= 0

Kreiner, G., Bierhoff, H., Armentano, M., Rodriguez-Parkitna, J., Sowodniok, K., Naranjo, J.R., **Bonfanti, L.**, Liss, B., Schütz, G., Grummt, I., Parlato, R. (2013) A neuroprotective phase precedes striatal degeneration upon nucleolar stress. <u>*Cell Death Differ.*</u> 20: 1455-1464. IF= 8,2; R= 25/291 (BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY); Times cited= 17

Crociara, P., Parolisi, R., Conte, D., Fumagalli, M., **Bonfanti, L.** (2013). Cellular and molecular characterization of multipolar Map5-expressing cells: a subset of newly generated, stage-specific parenchymal cells in the mammalian central nervous system. *Plos ONE* 8: 1-18.

IF= 3,5; R= 8/55 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 2

Ponti, G., Obernier, K., Guinto, C., Jose, L., **Bonfanti, L.**, Alvarez-Buylla, A. (2013). Cell cycle and lineage progression of neural progenitors in the ventricular-subventricular zones of adult mice. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.*, 110: E1045- E1054.

IF= 9,8; R= 4/55 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 42

Bovetti, S., Bonzano, S., Garzotto, D., Giannelli, S.G., Iannielli, A., Armentano, M., Studer, M., **De Marchis S.** (2013) COUP-TFI controls activity-dependent tyrosine hydroxylase expression in adult dopaminergic olfactory bulb interneurons. <u>*Development*</u> 140, 4850-4859. IF= 6.3; R= 4/41 (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 3

Bonfanti, L. (2013). The (real) neurogenic/gliogenic potential of the postnatal and adult brain parenchyma, <u>*ISRN Neurosci*</u>. Vol. 2013: 1-14. (not yet indexed)

Santambrogio, S., Ricca, A., Maderna, C., Ieraci, A., Aureli, M., Sonnino, S., Kulik, W., Aimar P., **Bonfanti, L.**, Martino, S., Gritti, A. (2012). The galactocerebrosidase enzyme contributes to maintain a functional neurogenic niche during early post-natal CNS development. <u>*Hum.*</u> *Mol. Genet.* 21: 4732- 4750.

Bonfanti, L., Nacher, J. (2012). New scenarios for neuronal structural plasticity in non neurogenic brain parenchyma: the case of cortical layer II immature neurons. *Prog. Neurobiol.* 98: 1-15.

IF= 11,4; R= 10/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 16

Bini, F., Frati, A., Garcia-Gil, M., Battistini, C., Granado, M., Martinesi, M., Mainardi, M., Vannini, E., **Luzzati, F.,** Caleo, M., **Peretto, P.**, Gomez-Muñoz, A., Meacci, E. (2012). New signalling pathway involved in the anti-proliferative action of vitamin D(3) and its analogues in human neuroblastoma cells. A role for ceramide kinase. <u>*Neuropharmacology*</u>, 63(4):524-537. IF= 4.1; R= 66/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Bonfanti, L., Peretto, P. (2012). The missing chain. *<u>Front. Neurosci</u>*. 6: 1. IF= 3,7; R= 108/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Gribaudo, S., Bovetti, S., Friard, O., Denorme, M., Oboti, L., Fasolo, A., **De Marchis, S.** (2012). Transitory and activity-dependent expression of Neurogranin in olfactory bulb tufted cells during mouse postnatal development. <u>*J. Comp. Neurol.*</u>, 520: 3055-3069. IF= 3.6; R= 3/151 (ZOOLOGY); Times cited= 1

De Marchis, S., Puche, A.C. (2012). Cellular imaging and emerging technologies for adult

IF= 6,4; R= 32/291 (BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY); Times cited= 5

neurogenesis research. *Front. Neurosci.* 6: 1-2. IF= 3,7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 0

Bonfanti, L., Peretto, P. (2011). Adult neurogenesis in mammals: A theme with many variations. *Eur. J. Neurosci.* 34: 930-950. IF= 3,2; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 64

Bonfanti, L., Rossi, F., Zupanc G. (2011). Towards a comparative understanding of adult neurogenesis. *Eur. J. Neurosci.* 34: 845-846. IF= 3,2; R= 81/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Bonfanti, L., (2011). From hydra regeneration to human brain structural plasticity: a long trip through narrowing roads. <u>*TheScientificWorldJ.*</u> 11; 1270-1299. IF= 1,4 (2010); R= 13/59 (MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Martino, G.V., Pluchino, S., **Bonfanti, L.**, Schwartz, M. (2011). Brain regeneration in physiology and pathology: the immune signature driving therapeutic plasticity of neural stem cells. *Physiol. Rev.* 91: 1281-1304. IF= 27,3; R= 1/83 (PHYSIOLOGY SCIENCES); Times cited= 65

IF = 27,3; R = 1/83 (PHYSIOLOGY SCIENCES); Times cited = 65

Armentano, M., Canalia, N., Crociara, P., **Bonfanti, L.** (2011). Culturing conditions remarkably affect viability and organization of mouse subventricular zone in ex-vivo cultured forebrain slices. *J. Neurosci. Meth.* 197: 65-81.

IF= 2; R= 47/79 (BIOCHEMICAL RESEARCH METHODS); Times cited= 2

Luzzati, F., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2011). Combining confocal laser scanning microscopy with serial section reconstruction in the study of adult neurogenesis. *Front. Neurosci.,* 5:1-14. IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 8

Oboti, L., Schellino, R., Giachino, C., Chamero, P., Pyrski, M., Leinders-Zufall, T., Zufall, F., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2011). Newborn interneurons in the accessory olfactory bulb promote mate recognition in female mice. *Front. Neurosci.*, 5:1-14. IF= 3.7; R= 82/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 23

Luzzati, F., De Marchis, S., Parlato, R., Gribaudo, S., Gunther, S., Fasolo, A., **Peretto, P.** (2011). New striatal neurons in a mouse model of progressive striatal degeneration are generated in both the subventricular zone and the striatal parechyma. <u>*PLOS ONE*</u>, 6(9),e25088:1-16.

IF= 4.1; R= 8/55 (MULTIDISCILINARY SCIENCES); Times cited= 17

Oboti, L., **Peretto, P., De Marchis, S.,** Fasolo, A. (2011). From chemical neuroanatomy to an understanding of the olfactory system. *Eur. J. Histochem*., 55:e35:194-199. IF= 1.7, R= 145/181 (CELL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 3

Bovetti, S., Gribaudo, S., Puche, C.A., **De Marchis, S.,** Fasolo, A. (2011). From progenitors to integrated neurons: role of neurotransmitters in adult olfactory neurogenesis. <u>J. Chem.</u> <u>Neuroanat.</u> 42, 304-316.

IF= 2.4; R= 141/244 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 16

Paina, S., Garzotto, D., **De Marchis, S.,** Marino, M., Moiana, A., Conti, L., Cattaneo, E., Perera, M., Corte, G., Calautti, G., Merlo, G. (2011). Wnt5a is a transcriptional target of Dlx homeogenes and promotes differentiation of interneuron progenitors in vitro and in vivo. <u>J.</u> <u>Neurosci</u>. 31(7), 2675-2687.

IF= 7,1; R= 19/244 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 16

Fregnan, F., Petrov, V., Garzotto, D., **De Marchis, S.,** Offenhäuser, N., Grosso, E., Chiorino, G., Perroteau, I., Gambarotta, G. (2011). Eps8 involvement in neuregulin1-ErbB4 mediated migration in the neuronal progenitor cell line ST14A. *Exp. Cell Res.* 317 (6) 757-769. IF= 3,6; R= 80/181 (CELL BIOLOGY); Times cited= 5

Ponti, G., Crociara, P., Armentano, M., **Bonfanti, L.** (2010). Adult neurogenesis without germinal layers: the 'atypical' cerebellum of rabbits. *Arch. Ital. Biol.* 148: 147-158. IF= 1,5; R= 207/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 17

Ponti, G., Reitano, E., Aimar, P., Cattaneo, E., Conti, L., **Bonfanti, L.** (2010). Neural-specific inactivation of ShcA function results in anatomical disorganization of subventricular zone neural stem cell niche in the adult brain. <u>*Neuroscience*</u> 168: 314-322. IF= 3,6; R= 96/252 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 6

Rolando, C., Gribaudo, S., Yoshikawa, K., Leto, K., **De Marchis, S.**, Rossi, F. (2010). Extracerebellar progenitors grafted to the neurogenic milieu of the postnatal rat cerebellum adapt to the host environment but fail to acquire cerebellar identities. *Eur. J. Neurosci.* 31: 1340-1351.

IF= 3,7; R= 77/239 (NEUROSCIENCES); Times cited= 8

Edited Books:

Peretto P., Bonfanti L. Eds. (2014) *eBook - Adult neurogenesis twenty years later: physiological function versus brain repair.* FRONTIERS, pp. 120.

Bonfanti L. Ed. (2013) *Neural stem cells: new perspectives.* INTECH OPEN ACCESS PUBLISHER, Rijeka, pp. 420.

De Marchis S., Puche A.C. Eds. (2012) *eBook - Cellular imaging and emerging technologies for adult neurogenesis research.* FRONTIERS, pp. 120.

5. GROUP's additional information:

Please list the grants of the other members of the group in the last 5 years - 2010/2015- according to the table below:

Starting - end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
January 2014- June 2016	International	S. De Marchis	Università Italo- Francese	"Studio molecolare della neurogenesi adulta in un modello di topo transgenico" – mobility grant	G14-96	€ 4000,00	€

Please list honours, prizes or awards received by other members of the group If applicable.

Please list outreach activities of other members of the group:

De Marchis Silvia

• Describe your international collaborative experiences.

- Dr. Michèle Studer, INSERM U636, Nice Sophia Antipolis, France. *Role of COUP-TFI in the adult neurogenic niches.*

- Prof. Jeroen Pasterkamp, Utrecht University, The Netherlands. Sema7A function in adult hippocampal neurogenesis.

- Dr. Paolo Giacobini, Inserm, Jean-Pierre Aubert Research Center, Unité 837; UDSL, School of Medicine, Lille, France. *Role of Sema7A in adult brain plasticity.*

- Prof. Saadia Bamhamed, Cadi Ayyad University Marrakech, Morocco. *Effects of inhalants abuse on hippocampal neurogenesis and cognitive behaviour*

Invited talks

2015 – "COUPTFI functions in adult neurogenesis" - XVI Congress – SINS – Cagliari 8-11 October.

2015 – "Expression and functions of the transcription factor COUP-TFI in Neurogenic regions of the adult mouse brain" 61° Convegno GEI 7-10 Giugno, Pisa.

2014 - "The olfactory bulb as a model to study neural plasticity in the adult brain". La journeé Scientifique des Neurosciences - 2 May; Cadi Ayyad University, Marrakesh, Morocco.

2011- "Developmental mechanisms regulating neural diversity: intrinsic and extrinsic factors in the generation of inhibitory interneuron subtypes" Scientific Conference for the ISIS Euro-Mediterranean Master in Neuroscience and Biotechnology; 16-19 October - Alexandria University, Egypt.

Editorial duties
 In the Editorial Board of International journals:

- Frontiers in Neuroscience, section Neurogenesis (Frontiers journal series, CH)

Guest Editor for Special Issues:

- Cellular Imaging and Emerging Technologies for Adult Neurogenesis Research". Front. Neurosci. 2011 (with A. Puche) <u>http://frontiersin.org/neuroscience/neurogenesis/specialtopics/96/</u>

Reviewer in international grant projects:

Medical Research Council (UK) – Research Grants applications Croatian Science Foundation - Research Grants applications

Federico Luzzati

• Speakers invited by members of the group

- IV International Course on Morphological Interpretation in Neuroembryology, Murcia, Spain, 2007. "PSA-NCAM/Doublecortin (DCX) expression in extravertedneurons of the piriformcortex and neocortex: Facts and EvolutionaryHypothesis."

- Stemcells, Development and Regenerative Medicine (SCDRM) meeting organized by ABCD, Turin, Italy, 2012. Title of the talk: "*Neuronalgenesis in the striatalparenchymaduring progressive degeneration*".

- 59° Gruppo Embriologico Italiano (GEI) congress, Varese, Italy, 2013. "Activation of local neuronal progenitors in the guinea pig striatum during post-natal development".

- Life Visions: Glimpses of Cell Biology, Turin, Italy, 2014. "Brain regeneration: Dreams and harsh reality".

- Adult Neurogenesis: Evolution, Regulation and Function, Dresden, Germany, 6-8 May 2015. *"Quiescentneurogenicastrocytes can be activated in bothhealthy and lesionedstriatum"*.

- University of Mainz, host of Benedikt Berninger, Mainz, Germany, 30 May2015. "*Neurogenic Potential of Striatal astrocytes in Health and Disease*"

Please list your organizational activities:

• Speakers invited by members of the group

Over the last five years this member of the AN group has been an active promoter of the seminar activity at NICO. Together with Annalisa Buffo we have organized most part of the seminars and instituted a procedure according to which speakers to be invited are first proposed by NICO researchers and then selected based on a poll by all the NICO community. We also took the responsibility to organize the 'DISFEB meets NICO' series, that was agreed by the NICO director prof Vercelli and prof Melcangi (Department of Pharmacological and Biomolecular Sciences-Center of Excellence on Neurodegenerative Diseases, Milan).

• Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized by members of the group

- International PhD Course on "The Aging Brain: cellular mechanisms interfacing human pathology", PhD Program in Neuroscience, 28 September-2 October 2015

Dept of Neuroscience, University of Turin (Supported by The Company of Biologists).

- International PhD Course on Neural Development and Neurodevelopmental Disorders, PhD Program in Neuroscience, 22-26 September 2014, Dept of Life Sciences and Systems Biology, University of Turin. (NENS Sponsored).

- Symposium "Beyond cell replacement: functional plasticity and homeostatic activities of adult stem and progenitor cells" XV SINS Congress, Rome- 4 October 2013.

- 58° Convegno Gruppo Embriologico Italiano (GEI), Dip. di Scienze della Vita e Biologia dei Sistemi, Torino 13-15 Giugno 2012

- International PhD Neuroscience Program Workshop on "Molecular and Functional aspects of neural progenitor response to neurodegenerative events", Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi (NICO), Orbassano, 13 Aprile 2012.

>> The Adult Neurogenesis group has been deeply involved in the **dissemination of science** and **public engagement** to promote the image of the NICO Institute within the society. Here are listed the more relevant activities:

Luca Bonfanti:

2010

- Settimana del cervello. Tavola rotonda: *Le cellule staminali, buone pratiche e cattive applicazioni*. Circolo dei lettori, Torino.

- Scuola estiva sulla comunicazione della scienza, Edizione speciale ESOF2010. Tavola rotonda: *Il ruolo della comunicazione nel mestiere del ricercatore*. Torino.

- A qualcuno piace scienza, Talk show per La notte della ricerca 2010, Piazza Castello, Torino.

2011

- La passione per la ricerca. Intervento al club Rotary Torino Dora.

- Partecipazione al panel di esperti del progetto Scienza Attiva (Agorà Scienza, Università di Torino).

- Organizzazione a Torino di: *Il lungo e affascinante viaggio della ricerca sulle cellule staminali*. In collegamento audio-video con gli Atenei di Milano, Firenze, Roma. Torino, Palazzo Nuovo.

- Organizzazione stand NICO (Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi) alla Notte dei ricercatori 2011: "Salva i nostri cervelli per salvare il tuo".

2012

- "Aperitivo con la scienza". Caffè scientifico alla Notte dei ricercatori.

- Organizzazione a Torino di: UNISTEM DAY 2012 *II lungo e affascinante viaggio della ricerca sulle cellule staminali*. In contemporanea con 20 Atenei italiani.

- Ideazione e realizzazione del cortometraggio "Il calcolo" sulla comunicazione della scienza in tema di staminali.

- Pizza col Prof (sezione Neuroscienze) alla Notte dei ricercatori.

- "Così lontano, così vicino: la ricerca in Neuroscienze per le malattie neurodegenerative" Conferenza per la giornata mondiale dell'Alzheimer, Asti.

2013

- *Le cellule staminali tra scienza e fantascienza*, dialogo con Piero Bianucci alla Fondazione Ferrero, Alba.

- "Perché è difficile riparare il sistema nervoso". Caffè scientifico alla Notte dei ricercatori.
- La ricerca sulle cellule staminali: gli aspetti scientifici e le questioni etiche, dialogo con

Maurizio Balistreri, Circolo dei Lettori, Torino.

- *Esercizio fisico e neurogenesi*, conferenza nella Settimana del cervello, Circolo dei Lettori, Torino.

- Organizzazione a Torino di UNISTEM DAY 2013: *Il lungo e affascinante viaggio della ricerca sulle cellule staminali*, con 20 Atenei italiani.

2014

- Staminali: cellule invisibili o troppo visibili? Ordine dei Medici, Torino.

- Organizzazione di UNISTEM DAY 2014 Torino, in contemporanea con 35 atenei italiani e stranieri.

- Tutto e subito: è possibile? (traslazione e comunicazione della scienza); conferenza a UNISTEM DAY

- *Staminali e metodo scientifico*. Conferenza per la SCIENTIFIC SUMMER ACADEMY (Fondazione Agnelli) Rettorato, Torino.

- Genesi di neuroni e di controversie nel cervello umano. Conferenza alla Scuola di Comunicazione della Scienza per dottorandi, La Morra.

- La necessità della Ricerca fondamentale. Diretta radio ai CAFFE' SCIENTIFICI; Notte dei Ricercatori

- TRACKS: FACES IN THE RESEARCH. Video-intervista per la Notte dei ricercatori.

- Produzione ed esecuzione di una graphic novel e di un video nel contesto di HACKUNITO 2014: La necessità della ricerca fondamentale (con Alessandro Ciccarelli e Gabriele Ricchiardi).

- *Neuroni, staminali, malattie: viaggio nella complessità.* LE FRONTIERE DELLE NEUROSCIENZE. Incontro organizzato dal liceo scientifico Leonardo Cocito presso Fondazione Ferrero, Alba.

- Cellule staminali e metodo scientífico. Conferenza al Liceo Monti di Chieri.

- La porta chiusa sul futuro? Articolo su Caratteri liberi.

2015

- Dai Tabù alla ragione. Tutto in un giorno. Articolo su La Stampa.

- Organizzazione e coordinamento scientifico di UNISTEM DAY 2015 a Torino, Aula Magna del Rettorato - Cavallerizza reale; in contemporanea con 46 atenei italiani ed europei

- Cellule staminali, tessuti, organi e medicina rigenerativa; conferenza a UNISTEM DAY.

- Dialoghi tra staminali, tessuti, scienziati e società; intervento al liceo Cocito, Alba, marzo 2015

- La scienza dal vivo per ventimila studenti. Articolo per Caratteri Liberi

- Cellule staminali e sistema nervoso: ricerca, prospettive terapeutiche e problemi da affrontare; Circolo Leonardo (Torino), aprile 2015

- Speaker a: scuola di comunicazione della scienza per dottorandi, Pollenzo.

- La scienza fa bene (se conosci le istruzioni). Dialogo con A. Massarenti a Torino Spiritualità

- *II pensiero critico*. Conversazione con A. Massarenti, P. Legrenzi e Lucio Russo, Festival della Scienza di Genova.

Federico Luzzati:

- Giovedì Scienza - C'era una volta un Neurone: storia di un groviglio chiamato cervello

- Notte dei Ricercatori Caccia al tesoro scientifica (Cajal)
- Notte dei Ricercatori Le carte del cervello
- Notte dei Ricercatori Responsabile Stand NICO
- Premio Giovedì Scienza: Rigenerazione nervosa tra sogni e dura realtà
- Scientific Summer Accademy: Rigenerazione nervosa tra sogni e dura realtà

Paolo Peretto:

2015- Brain Awareness week, Forrest Gump: Corsa e Cervello; Circolo dei Lettori, Torino;

2012- UNISTEM, l'Italia Unita dalla Scienza: Le cellule staminali e la plasticità del cervello; Aosta

2010- Settimana del Cervello- La neurogenesi nell'encefalo dei mammiferi adulti; Circolo dei Lettori, Torino;

The entire group Adult Neurogenesis has participated to all editions of: "*Porte Aperte al NICO*" (Cellule staminali: il sogno di rifarsi un cervello; Bufale scientifiche: beviamoci sopra - parlando di ricerca scientifica seria) and to some "Notti della ricerca".

6. Past Research activity

(Summarize the PI and group research activities in the last 10 years)

a. Summary (500 characters)

Adult neurogenesis (AN) is the lifelong production of new neurons and their functional integration into neural circuits. The main interest of the group has been the study of different aspects of AN in the brain of young and adult mammals. We have contributed to the definition of morphological, molecular, and functional features of postnatal/adult neurogenic zones, including neural stem cell niches and parenchymal progenitors, in brain homeostasis and in animal models of lesion/neurodegeneration.

b. Background (2000 characters)

The discovery of AN in the mammalian brain produced a fully renewed vision of brain plasticity, involving stem/progenitor cells capable of generating new neurons and glial cells throughout life. The fact that neural stem/progenitor cells (NSC) produce new elements that can functionally integrate within the mature brain, replacing lost neurons/glial cells or adding to pre-existent neural circuits, raised new hopes for regenerative therapeutic approaches, and unanswered questions regarding the role(s) of AN in brain plasticity. In this context, some relevant aspects were (and still are): the spatio-temporal organization of postnatal/adult neurogenic sites; whether AN was really restricted to the 'classic' stem cell niches (SVZ, subventricular zone; and SGZ, subgranular zone); which factors (intrinsic, extrinsic; physiological, pathological) modulate the different steps of the neurogenic process; the impact of AN on brain function and behaviour.

Although the basic elements of the morphological and molecular organization of adult neurogenic stem cell niches were already known, the transitional steps leading from an embryonic germinal layer to a constitutively active neurogenic site capable of producing new neurons within a mature brain tissue were still obscure. Meanwhile, some findings in different mammalian species started to suggest that additional examples of "parenchymal" neurogenesis and gliogenesis could also occur in various brain regions outside the two canonical niches (in both physiological and pathological conditions). Finally, relevant points which remained (and still remain) largely open involved the identification of factors regulating the activity of stem/progenitor cells, the specification, migration and integration of the newlyborn elements, along with their contribution to adult brain plasticity and behaviour.

c. Rationale (2000 characters)

The rationale of our research was focused on the study of AN basic mechanisms. We investigated the main steps in the neurogenic process, from anatomy to function, with the goal of understanding how a complex biological process can adapt differently to the brains of mammals, in order to clarify the role of AN in both physiology and pathology.

To address the spatio-temporal organization of postnatal/adult neurogenic sites, we planned a series of morpological and ultrastructural systematic studies aimed at defining the postnatal modifications occurring in germinal layers (SVZ/OB system and cerebellum) of mammals endowed with different lifespan and postnatal developmental phases. In parallel, by extending our developmental analysis to non rodent mammals we found new (noncanonical)

neurogenic sites in various parenchymal regions, not restricted to the 'classic' stem cell niches (SVZ and SGZ).

By means of both in vivo and in vitro approaches, the SVZ-OB neurogenic niche of mice has been exploited as a model system to investigate molecular factors involved in AN, focusing on molecules already known to play a role in neural plasticity or involved in the control of embryonic neurogenesis. In parallel, to evaluate the impact of the external environment on the process of AN we used experimental approaches involving either sensory deprivation (e.g., lesion of the olfactory mucosa or naris occlusion) or enrichment. In particular, more recently we investigated the role of pheromones in regulating AN in the context of rodents' social life.

Finally, the potential role of AN-related plasticity has been investigated in various models of genetically/pharmacologically induced brain lesions in order to explore the nature/behaviour of putative stem/progenitor cells residing in non-neurogenic areas.

d. Objectives (1500 characters)

Specific objectives of our research were:

i) definition of the structural organization during postnatal development of the SVZ neurogenic niche in laboratory rodents (mouse) and of germinal layers in other mammalian species (rabbit, dolphin);

ii) identification of molecular factors/pathways involved in adult SVZ neural stem/progenitor cell proliferation, migration and differentiation;

iii) characterization of the new parenchymal sites (striatum, cerebellum) of cell genesis in different mammals (rabbit, guinea pig); characterization of progenitor cells allowing parenchymal neurogenesis to occur in the absence of typical stem cell niches; characterization of the outcome of parenchymal neurogenesis;

iv) Environmental modulation of neurogenesis and function in the context of social/sexual behaviour (role of accessory olfactory bulb - AOB - newlyborn neurons in the perception of pheromonal stimuli);

v) identification of alternative forms of structural plasticity involving non newly generated cell populations expressing markers of immaturity (DCX+ neurons of the cerebral cortex layer II; mMap5 glial cells);

Whole objective of our research activity has been a comprehensive vision concerning how new neurons can be generated, integrate and play a role within pre-existing neural circuits of a mature brain, taking into account neuroanatomical and regional differences among mammalian species.

e. Results (4000 characters)

1. Structural organization and postnatal development of germinal layers

- Understanding that the rodent SVZ adapts to the mature brain environment during the first three postnatal weeks, by progressive organization of migrating neuroblasts into 'chains', in parallel with formation of astrocytic 'glial tubes' and of a molecular barrier separating an inner and outer compartment (Peretto et al., 2005, *J Comp Neurol*).

- Identification of a process of 'protracted' neurogenesis on the cerebellar surface of peripuberal rabbits (subpial layer - SPL) (Ponti et al., 2006, *Dev Biol*).

- Evidence that no periventricular germinal layer is present in dolphins at birth (Parolisi et al., 2015, *Front Neuroanat*).

2. Molecular factors

- Identification of molecules involved in the control of SVZ neuroblast migration, including BDNF (Chiaramello et al., 2007, *Eur J Neurosci*), HGF (Garzotto et al., 2008, *J Neurosci*) and Eps8 (Fregnan et al., 2011, *Exp Cell Res*).

- Identification of: a role for CREB transcription factor in the differentiation and survival of OB newborn neurons (Giachino et al., 2005, *J. Neurosci*); evidence that lineage choice of adult NSCs is determined by intrinsic properties of the progenitors (De Marchis et al., 2007, *J Neurosci*); evidence that Wnt5a promotes differentiation of SVZ interneuron progenitors (Paina et al., 2011, *J Neurosci*); a role for COUP-TFI in the functional activation of adult OB generated cells (Bovetti et al., 2013, *Development*); expression of the post-synaptic protein Neurogranin in OB newborn granule cells (Gribaudo et al., *J Comp Neurol*, 2009; 2012).

3. Parenchymal neurogenic sites in mammals

- Identification of a system of parenchymal chains of neuroblasts originating from the postnatal-young rabbit SVZ and directed to the frontal cortex (Luzzati et al., 2003, *PNAS*; 2006, *J Neurosci*; Ponti et al., 2006a, *J Comp Neurol*)
- Characterization of a spontaneous parenchymal neurogenic process in the striatum of adult rabbits (Luzzati et al., 2006, *J Neurosci*).
- Identification of a process of parenchymal neurogenesis within the cerebellar cortex of young/adult rabbits (Ponti et al., 2008, *Plos One*).
- Identification of a transient neurogenic process in the postnatal guinea pig striatum, sustained by quiescent parenchymal astroglial progenitors activated during weaning (Luzzati et al., 2014, *Development*).
- Evidence that local striatal progenitors do activate following genetic- (Luzzati et al., 2011, *Plos ONE*) and pharmacological-induced (Nato et al., 2015, *Development*) neurodegeneration, by producing transient neurons.
 Characterization of their astrocytic nature (Nato et al., 2015, *Development*).

4. Role of external cues and functional meaning of AN

- Demonstration that: i) sensory enrichment and/or deprivation influence adult neurogenesis modulating newborn cell maturation and survival (Bovetti et al., *PLos One,* 2009); ii) odour enrichment selectively increase adult-born dopaminergic neurons in the mouse OB (Bonzano et al., 2014, *Eur J Neurosci*).

- Evidence that male pheromones act as sensory stimuli enhancing selectively the integration/survival of newborn neurons in the AOB (Oboti et al., 2009; *Eur J Neurosci*).

- Definition of the functional involvement of AOB newborn neurons in the context of the Bruce Effect (Oboti et al., 2011, *Front Neurosci*).

5. Alternative forms of (non-neurogenic) structural plasticity

- Identification and characterization of a population of non-astrocytic glial cells (mMap5 cells; Crociara et al., 2013, *Plos One*) widely distributed in the CNS parenchyma, which express the cytoskeletal protein Map5 (or Map1B) usually abundant in neurons.

- Characterization and theories concerning the population of DCX+ layer II cortical neurons (immature neurons) (Luzzati et al., 2009, *Cereb Cortex*; Bonfanti and Nacher, 2012, *Prog Neurobiol*; Luzzati, 2015, *Front. Neurosci*).

f. Advancement in the field (1000 characters)

Major advancements specifically provided by our group in the AN field have been the identification and characterization of novel, parenchymal neurogenic sites (out of the canonical neurogenic sites) sustained by local progenitors whose nature in the striatum has been found to be astrocytic. These findings, obtained through comparative approach in mammals, have shown that AN strictly depends on the species and the brain regions considered, thus suggesting that different permissivity of the mature tissue is linked to neuroanatomy, lifespan, ecological niche.

Our studies also significantly contributed to the characterization of the molecular factors that control different steps in the adult neurogenic process: from progenitor cell specification to migration, differentiation and functional integration of newlyborn neurons. Moreover, they provided new insights into the responsiveness of AN to sensory inputs and to the functional relevance of AN in the context of sexual/social behaviors.

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: Neurobiology of cerebral plasticity

1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION – PERSONNEL:

• Principal Investigator

Annalisa Buffo		Birthdate (25/12/1967)
Degree	PhD	Gender F
Nationality	Italian	Phone: 00 39 011 6706614
Email: annalis	a.buffo@unito.it	

• Personnel

1.

2.

3.

4.

Daniela Carulli		Birthdate (17/04/1973)			
Degree	PhD	Gender F			
Role	Assistant Professor	Nationality Italian			
Expertise: Extracellular matrix, perineuronal nets					
Lead responsible of research on the role of ECM,PNN on neural plasticit					
Currently on sabbatical leave (from August 2015)					
Kettv Leto		Birthdate (30/08/1980)			

Degree	PhD	Gender F
Role	Senior researcher	Nationality Italian
Expertise	Cerebellar development	
Lead respons	ible of research on cerebellar	morphogenesis

Enrica Boda		Birthdate (08/05/1981)
Degree	PhD	Gender F
Role	Senior researcher	Nationality Italian
Expertise	Oligodendroglial turnover an	d myelin
Lead respons	ible of research on oligodendr	oglial physiopathology

Elena Parmigi	Birthdate (26/03/1985)	
Degree	PhD	Gender F
Role	PostDoc fellow	Nationality Italian
Expertise	Neurogenic properties of astr	rocytes and cerebellar
	interneurons	

5.	Elisa Fucà		Birthdate (10/07/1987)
	Degree	MSc in Psychology	Gender F
	Role	PhD Student	Nationality Italian

Expertise Rehabilitative training and cell replacement to foster functional repair in the lesioned CNS

6.	Valentina Cer	rato	Birthdate (21/07/1988)	
	Degree	MSc in Biotechnology	Gender F	
	Role	PhD Student	Nationality Italian	
	Expertise	Generation of astroglial heterogeneity		
7.	7. Ishira Nanavaty		Birthdate (06/08/1988)	
	Degree	MSc in Biology	Gender F	
	Role	Technical assistant, part time	Nationality Indian	
	Expertise	Histology, genotyping, behavioural tests		

This research group has been leaded by Ferdinando Rossi until January 2014.

2. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

- 1991 "Laurea" degree "summa cum laude" in Biological Sciences, University of Turin
- 1992-1993 Post-lauream apprenticeship at the II Neurological Clinic, Faculty of Medicine, University of Turin
- 1994 "Professional certificate for Biologists", University of Turin
- 1998 Research Doctorate in Neurological Sciences, Ministry of Education and Science, University of Turin
- 1994-1999 Research stays at the Rudolf Magnus Institute, University of Utrecht, Netherlands Institute for Brain Research, Amsterdam and University of Tuebingen

Employment and research experience:

1992-1998 Research fellow, University of Turin

1998-2000Postdoctoral fellow, Department of Physiology, University of Turin2001-presentTenured Assistant Professor of Physiology, University of Turin2004, 2005Visiting Researcher at the Helmholtz Zentrum (GSF, now Deutsches

Forschungszentrum für Gesundheit und Umwelt, GmbH) and Ludwig Maximilans University, Munich, Germany

2014 National Scientific Habilitation as Associate Professor in Physiology (05/D1 – FISIOLOGIA- Bando 2012, DD n. 222/2012)

Relevant discoveries:

i) The <u>first demonstration</u> of a physiological role for the myelin component <u>Nogo-A</u> in the <u>restriction</u> of both growth-associated gene expression (Zagrebelsky et al., J Neurosci 1998, cites=76,WoS) and <u>aberrant growth</u> in the intact CNS (Buffo et al., J Neurosci 2000, cites=144, WoS);

ii) The <u>first demonstration</u> that <u>adult glial cells</u> reacting to injury broaden their differentiation potential and can <u>engage in neurogenesis</u> in vivo by overexpression of <u>neurogenic transcription factors</u> (Buffo et al., PNAS 2005, cites=178, WoS);

iii) The <u>first demonstration</u> that <u>quiescent astroglia</u> produces scarring astrocytes and that, when reacting to a traumatic injury, astrocytes undergo dedifferention and behave as <u>neurogenic stem cells</u> ex vivo (Buffo et al., PNAS 2008, cites=283, WoS). Along this line, we contributed to one of the first evidence showing that reactive astrocytes become neurogenic in the striatum (Nato et al., 2015, cites=1, WoS);

iv) The <u>first demonstration</u> that the G-protein <u>GPR17</u> receptor plays a key role in the lineage progression of oligodendrocyte progenitors (Lecca et al., PlosOne 2008, cite=49,WoS; Boda et al., Glia 2011, cites=20, WoS);

v) The <u>first demonstration</u> that the neural plasticity restrictors <u>Nogo-A/NgR1</u> are active in the brain germinal niches where they act as potent <u>negative regulators</u> of <u>adult neurogenesis</u> (Rolando et al., J Neurosci, 2012, cites=21,WoS, *);

vi) The <u>first demonstration</u> that <u>asymmetric divisions</u> –typical of neural stem cellsoccur in vivo in <u>oligodendrocyte progenitors</u> (Boda et al., Glia 2015, cites=1, WoS).

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).

Starting - end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Projec t ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
2016- 2018	International	PI	Merck Serono/Gra nt for Multiple Sclerosis Innovation 2015	Driving microglia metabolism toward remyelinati on and restoration of brain damage in MS	-	€60000	€60000
2014	National	Co-PI with L Bonfanti, P Peretto	Fondazione Cassa di Risparmio di Torino	Fonti 'endogene' di cellule staminali/pr ogenitori neurali per la riparazione del sistema nervoso	-	€25000	€25000
2013- 2016	National	ΡI	MIUR (PRIN2010/ 2011)	Effect of substances of abuse, psychoacti ve drugs, stress and maternal care on brain developme nt and vulnerabilit y to psychopath ology	20107 MSMA 4_006	€83000	€83000
2012- 2014	International	PI	European Leukodystr ophy Foundation	Lamin B1 dysregulati on in Autosomal Dominant Leukodystr ophy (ADLD): cellular and animal models to understand pathogene sis and move towards therapy	2011- 006C2 - 2013	€32000	€32000
2009- 2011	National	PI	Compagnia di San	Glial plasticity in	GLIARE P	€80000	€80000

			Paolo – Programma Neuroscien ze	reactive gliosis: novel approache s to promote brain repair			
2014- 2018	International	Team Component PI: F Rossi/A Vercelli	European Union	Neurostem cellrepair		€400000	€400000
2015- 2018	National	Team component PI: Enrica Boda (see below)	Fondazione Cariplo	Characteriz ation of a novel microRNA involved in myelination : a new potential pathogenet ic mechanism s in multiple sclerosis	ID: 2014- 1207)	€80000	€80000
2012- 2015	National	PI	University of Turin (60% MURST/MI UR-annual grants)	Meccanismi molecolari per il potenziame nto della plasticità dell'astrogli a reattiva: nuovi approcci per la riparazione del tessuto nervoso	-	€3659,91 (2012) €3049,06 (2013) €2601,54 (2014)	€3659,91 (2012) €3049,06 (2013) €2601,54 (2014)
2008- 2012	International	Team component PI: F Rossi	FP7 Marie Curie Action	Axregen on Axonal regeneratio n, plasticity and stem cells	GA 21 4003-2	€230000	€230000

Supervised PhDs:

Elena Parmigiani, currently PostDoc at the University of Turin, NICO

Chiara Rolando, currently PostDoc at the University of Basel

Enrica Boda, co-supervision with Filippo Tempia; currently PostDoc at the University of Turin, NICO

Annarita De Luca, Technical Assistant of the University of Turin, currently on leave Dilek Colak, co-supervision with Magdalena Goetz; Assistant Professor of Neuroscience, Weill Cornell Medical College, NY, USA

Please list honours, prizes or awards received, If applicable:

- Von Humboldt Fellowship 2004, 2005 to develop strategies to foster glia plasticity and promote neurogenesis in collaboration with Prof. Goetz, Muenchen.

- DAAD Short Term Fellowship, 2004.to develop strategies to foster glia plasticity and promote neurogenesis in collaboration with Prof. Goetz, Muenchen

- COST Cooperation, Short Term Scientific Mission Fellowship, January 1999, to characterise a subtractive library from control and denervated adult rat Purkinje cells in the lab of Prof. Bähr, University of Tuebingen (now Goettingen), Germany.

- University of Turin, October 1999, awarded a competitive 2 year Post-Doc Fellowship in the field of Neurobiology.

- CNR Short Term Mobility Fellowship, September 1998, to generate a subtractive library from control and denervated adult rat Purkinje cells in the lab of Dr. Bähr, University of Tuebingen, Germany.

- Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi, Turin, January 1998, awarded a one year Post-Doc Fellowship in Neurobiology

- European Science Foundation, Short Term Fellowship, 1994, to study B-50/GAP-43 expression in collateral sprouting in the CNS, under the supervision of Prof. W.H. Gispen of the Rudolf Magnus Institute, University of Utrecht, The Netherlands.

Please list your outreach activities

International collaborators:

• Dr. Andreas Bosio, Director of the Research Division in Neuroscience, Miltenyi Biotec (Köln, Germany): antigenic phenotyping of glial populations;

• Prof. Magdalena Götz Ludwig Maximilians University, Munchen, Germany: specification and properties of stem astroglial phenotypes and glial reactivity;

• Prof. Akiko Nishiyama (Storrs, University of Connecticut, USA): neuronalmediated regulation of asymmetric division of oligodendrocyte progenitor cells and oligodendroglial neuromodulatory activity;

• Prof. Verdon Taylor (University of Basel, Basel, Switzerland): role of Notch signalling in oligodendroglial specification and oligodendrocyte progenitor heterogeneity;

• Prof. Laura Lopez-Masquaraque (Cajal Institute, Madrid, Spain): clonal approaches for astrogliogenesis;

• Prof. Martin Schwab (Brain Research Institute, University of Zurich: Nogo/NgR1 signalling in axon growth and astroglial functions).

Selection of invited talks:

• "Intrinsinc and extrinsic mechanisms balancing proliferation and self-renewal of oligodendrocyte progenitors in the mature brain" September 2015, Meeting of the Polish Society of Neuroscience, 6-8 September 2015, Danzica, Poland

• "Intrinsinc and extrinsic mechanisms balancing proliferation and self-renewal of oligodendrocyte progenitors in the mature brain" Meeting of the Spanish Society for Neuroscience Meeting, 23-25 September 2015, Granada, Spain

• "Ruoli omeostatici e riparativi della neurogenesi adulta" LIV CONGRESSO NAZIONALE SNO Genova, 21-23 maggio 2014

• "Proprietà neuronali intrinseche, molecole regolatrici estrinseche ed interazione con l'ambiente esterno nei processi di riparazione dei circuiti nervosi centrali danneggiati" CONGRESSO CONGIUNTO AINPENC – AIRIC 5-7 Giugno 2014

• "Plasticity of the germinal niche: roles of Nogo-A and Nogo Receptor 1 in the homeostatic regulation of adult neurogenesis" Symposium Beyond cell replacement: functional plasticity and homeostatic activities of adult stem and progenitor cells Congresso della Società Italiana di Neuroscienze, Rome, 2013, Speaker and organizer

• "Basi biologiche della neuroriparazione: il ruolo degli astrociti" Congresso della Società Italiana di Neurologia, Workshop su "Basi Biologiche della Neuroriparazione", 2012. (organizers: Prof. Antonio Uccelli, Università di Genova, Dott. Dario Centonze, Università di Roma Tor Vergata)

• "Isolation of astrocytes and neural progenitors to understand adult CNS germinal niche functioning" Satellite Symposium on "Rapid isolation of neural cell populations", 41st annual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, Washington, 2011

• "Cellule gliali: attori importanti nella neurogenesi adulta e nella riparazione cerebrale", AINO and AIRC joint Congress, Squillace, 2010

• "Intrinsic growth potential, regulatory molecules and experience: the complex interplay regulating neuronal plasticity", Meeting of the German Society of Neuroscience, Goettingen, 2009

• "Astrogliosis: origin, progeny and reparative potential", Symposium on Reactive gliosis: molecular and cellular mechanisms to limit neural degeneration and promote repair, Congresso della Società Italiana di Neuroscienze, Milan, 2009, Speaker and organizer.

• "Lineage analysis of reactive gliosis – glial diversity and neuronal regeneration", Conference on Brain Disease & Molecular Machines, Paris, 2008

• "Instructing neurogenesis in glia cells: reparative potential in neurodegenerative lesions" Meeting of the German Society for Cell Biology, Braunschweig 2006

• "Olig2 induction in cerebral amyloidosis: a novel oligodendrocyte reactivity." Glia cells in health and disease, Cold Spring Harbour, 2006, Selected Speaker.

• "Olig2 induction upon brain lesion - implications for neuronal repair", Annual Meeting of the Federazione Italiana Scienze della Vita, Riva del Garda 2006

• "Glial cells generate neurons: new approaches for neuronal reconstitution in the mammalian brain" Euresco Conference on Cellular and Molecular Basis for Regeneration, San Feliu 2004

Invited seminars at Research institutions and lectures:

• Specification mechanisms and lineage relationships of interneurons and astroglia in the rodent cerebellum, "Couse on Gene regulation and human disease' University of Milan-Bicocca, november 27 2015

• "Roles of glial cells in physiology and pathology: implications for brain repair and re generation" Meeting of the Bioscience PhD Students Dresden, 23-24 JUNE 2014 – LEIPZIG

• "Nogo-A/Nogo receptor functions in the homeostasis of the adult SVZ", Brain Research Institute, University of Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland, 2012 (host: Prof. Martin E. Schwab, Director)

• "Nicchie staminali nel sistema nervoso centrale adulto: fisiopatologia della neurogenesi ippocampale e potenzialità riparative della glia reattiva" 7° Corso di Aggiornamento in Neuroscienze Città di Catania su "Invecchiamento cerebrale e demenza", 2010, 2011, 2012

• "Meccanismi di regolazione della crescita assonale nei neuroni di Purkinje", Dipartimento di Psicologia, Sezione di Neuroscienze, Università La Sapienza, Roma, Italy, 2009 (Ospite: Prof. Maria Teresa Fiorenza)

• "Glial diversity – lineage and reparative responses", Center for Neurogenomics and Cognitive Research, VU University Medical Center, Amsterdam, 2009 (hosts: Prof. Marjo van der Knaap and Dr. Elly Hol, team leaders)

• "Origin, progeny and reparative potential of glial progenitor cells", PhD Course in Neuroregeneration, International PhD Program in Molecular Medicine, Sections of Neuroscience, Neuroscience Technology and Experimental Neurology all'Istituto Scientifico San Raffaele, Milano, Italia, 2009

• "Progeny and reparative potential of reactive glia" McMaster University, Dept of Medicine, Hamilton, Canada, 2008 (host: M Rathbone),

• "Olig2 induction in reactive gliosis - glial lineage analysis and neuronal regeneration", Spring School for Regenerative Medicine "Isolation and induction of neuronal progenitor cells" Rostock 2006

• Editorial duties

Guest reviewer for the following journals:

Brain, Science Signalling, Progress in Neurobiology, The Journal of Neuroscience, Nature Communication, Nature reports, Glia, Journal of Neurochemistry, The Journal of Neurophysiology, Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism, Molecular and Cellular Neuroscience, European Journal Neuroscience, PlosOne, Neuroscience, Neurochemical Research, Neuroimmunology, Cell death and disease, Brain Research, Journal of Visualized Experiments, Archives Italiennes de Biologie. Agencies: Telethon, French National Research Agency (ANR), ARSEP, DAAD, (Federazione Italiana Sclerosi Multipla), Estonian Science Foundation, Swiss National Science Foundation, FISM (Federazione Italiana Sclerosi Multipla), MIUR.

Please list your organizational activities:

• Speakers invited

Over the last five years I have been an active promoter of the seminar activity at NICO. Together with Silvia De Marchis and Daniela Carulli we have organized most part of the seminars and instituted a procedure according to which speakers to be invited are first proposed by NICO researchers and then selected based on a poll by all the NICO community. We also took the responsibility to organize the 'DISFEB meets NICO' series, that was agreed by the NICO director prof Vercelli and prof Melcangi (Department of Pharmacological and Biomolecular Sciences-Center of Excellence on Neurodegenerative Diseases, Milan).

2011: Claudia Verderio, CNR, Milan; Roberto Furlan, Ospedale San Raffaele, Mlan; Alfredo Brusco, University of Turin; Elisa Vigna, IRCC Candiolo, University of Turin; Elsa fabbretti, Sissa, Trieste; Helena Vieira (ITQB-UNL/IBET, Oeira, Lisboa); Claudio Giachino (Max planck Institute, Freiburg, Germany); Gaetano Donofrio (UNIveristy of Parma).

2012: Julien Puyal, University of Lausanne; Anna Gualandris, University of Turin; Marco Sassoè-Pognetto, University of Turin; Silvia Nicolis, University of Milan Bicocca; Carla Taveggia, San Raffaele Hospital; Antonio Uccelli, University of Genoa; Patrizia Panzanelli, University of Turin; Ferdinando di Cunto, University of Turin; Glauco Tarozzo, IIT Genoa; Paolo Giacobini, Unv of Lion; Anna Gualandri, University of Turin; Silvia Nicolis, University of Milan; Antonio Uccelli, University of Genoa; Claudio Ciardelli, Politecnico, Turin; Giuseppina Tesco, University of Boston; Daniela Rossi, Salvatore Maugeri, Pavia; Adriano Chiò, University of Turin; Giorgio Merlo, University of Turin; Maurizio Giustetto, University of Turin; Cristina Becchio, University of Turin; Martina Amanzio, University of Turin; GianBattista Ferrero, University of Turin.

2013: Enzo Terreno, University of Turin; Luca Muzio, San Raffaele Hospital; Tommaso Fellin and Serena Bovetti, IIT Genoa; Laura Sacerdote, University of Turin; M. Miquel, University Jaume de Castelo; G Fisone, Karolinska Institute; L Chelazzi, University of Verona.

2014 – NICO seminars: Chiara Rolando, University of Basel; F. Cauda, Ospedale Koelliker - Università di Torino; Alessandro Sale, CNR di Pisa; Paolo Fabene,

Università di Verona: Prof. Federico Bussolino, Istituto di Candiolo – IRCCS. Università di Torino; Alexander J. Graur, Ph.D - The New York Academy of Sciences; Maurizio Balistreri, Università di Torino; Carlo Ricciardi, Emiliano Descrovi, Fabrizio Pirri - Politecnico di Torino: Federico Cremisi, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa: Matteo Caleo, CNR, Pisa; Umberto Dianzani, Università del Piemonte Orientale "Amedeo Avogadro"; Cinthia Farina, - San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan; DISFEB MEETS NICO: Roberto Melcangi, Barbara Viviani, Roberto Gardoni (University of Milan).

2015: F. Molinari, Politecnico di Torino; M. Tamietto, University of Turin; J. Kwok, University of Cambridge (UK): P. Palanza, University of Parma: M. Studer, University of Nice Sophia-Antipolis; D. De Pietri Tonelli, IIT Genoa;

DISFEB MEETS NICO: N. Mitro, University of Milan R. Molteni, Università di Milano; A. Villa, University of Milan; M. Fumagalli, University of Milan; L. Musazzi, University of Milan; A. Poletti, University of Milan; Anna Cariboni, University of Milan V. Magnaghi, Università di Milan; Toshitaka Oohashi (University of Okayama, Japan); F Laezza, University of Texas.

NICO lectures on Neuroscience:

Arturo Alvarez Buylla, University of California, San Francisco, May 2013 Ferdinando Rossi Lecture on Neuroscience: Frank Bradke, German Center for Neurodegenerative Diseases, Bonn January 2015

Over the last 5 years

Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized

Workshops:

-Biology and pathology of synaptic and neuronal plasticity, March 2012, NICO and Doctoral School of Neuroscience. Turin:

- Molecular and functional aspects of neural progenitor response to neurodegenerative events, April 2012, NICO and Doctoral School of Neuroscience, Turin:

-Workshop of the Axregen Consortium (co-organizer: Daniela Carulli), 'Axon remodelling and myelin repair' 2 June 2-1 July, 2010, NICO.

Doctoral Courses:

- International PhD School 'The Aging Brain: Cellular Mechanisms Interfacing Human Pathology' International Doctoral School of Neuroscience, University of Turin, 26 September-2October 2015, sponsored by the Company of the Biologists (Coorganizers: Silvia De Marchis, NICO, University of Turin, Maurizio Giustetto, University of Turin) (http://dott-neuroscienze.campusnet.unito.it/do/home.pl); - NENS School on 'Neural development and neurodevelopmental disorders' International PhD School, Doctoral School of Neuroscience, Università di Torino, 22-26 September 2014 (Co-organizers: Silvia De Marchis, NICO, University of Turin, Maurizio Giustetto, University of Turin) (http://dott-

neuroscienze.campusnet.unito.it/do/home.pl/View?doc=2014.html).

Symposia at conferences:

- Symposium in honour of Ferdinando Rossi: a passionate journey through the cerebellar mysteries, FENS Forum, Milan, 2014 (co-organizers: Daniela Carulli, Ketty Leto, University of Turin and NICO);

- Symposium: Beyond cell replacement: functional plasticity and homeostatic activities of adult stem and progenitor cells Congresso della Società Italiana di Neuroscienze, Rome, 2013 (Co-organizer: Silvia De Marchis, University of Turin and NICO)

• Symposium: Reactive gliosis: molecular and cellular mechanisms to limit neural degeneration and promote repair, Symposio al Congresso della Società Italiana di Neuroscienze, Milan, 2009 (Co-organizer: Stefania Ceruti, University of Milan)

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable No patents
3. PI's PUBLICATIONS:

(Please list below your publications in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science).

For each publication, please indicate:

1. Leto K, Arancillo M, Becker EBE, **Buffo A**, Chiang C, Ding B, Dobyns WB, Dusart I, Haldipur P, Hatten ME, Hoshino M, Joyner AL, Kano M, Kilpatrick DL, Koibuchi N, Marino S, Martinez S, Millen KJ, Millner TO, Miyata T, Parmigiani E, Schilling K, Sekerková G, Sillitoe RV, Sotelo S, Uesaka N, Wefers A, Wingate RJT, Hawkes R (2015) Consensus Paper: Cerebellar Development. <u>Cerebellum</u>. PMID: 26439486

IF=2.86 ; R=135/252; Times cited = 0

2. De Luca A, Cerrato V, Fucà E, Parmigiani E, **Buffo A**, Leto K (2015) Sonic hedgehog patterning during cerebellar development <u>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</u> DOI: 10.1007/s00018-015-2065-1

IF=5.8; R=37/290; Times cited = 0

3. Parmigiani E, Leto K, Rolando C, Figueres-Oñate M, López-Mascaraque L, **Buffo A***, Rossi F. (2015) Heterogeneity and Bipotency of Astroglial-Like Cerebellar Progenitors along the Interneuron and Glial Lineages. *J Neurosci*. 35 (19):7388-402. (*corresponding author) IF=6.75; R=25/252; Times cited = 0

4. Boda E, Di Maria S, Rosa P, Taylor V, Abbracchio MP, **Buffo A**. (2015) Early phenotypic asymmetry of sister oligodendrocyte progenitor cells after mitosis and its modulation by aging and extrinsic factors. *Glia*. 63(2):271-86.

IF 6.031 (2015) R=26/252; Times cited = 1

5. De Luca A, Parmigiani E, Tosatto G, Martire S, Hoshino M, **Buffo A**, Leto K, Rossi F. (2015) Exogenous Sonic hedgehog modulates the pool of GABAergic interneurons during cerebellar development. <u>*Cerebellum*</u>. 14(2):72-85.

IF 2.86 (2015) R=135/252; Times cited = 1

4. Nato G, Caramello A, Trova S, Avataneo V, Rolando C, Taylor V, **Buffo A**, Peretto P, Luzzati F. (2015) Striatal astrocytes produce neuroblasts in an excitotoxic model of Huntington's disease. *Development*.142 (5):840-5.

IF 6.27 (2015) R=4/41; Times cited = 1

5. Boda E, **Buffo A**. Beyond cell replacement: unresolved roles of NG2-expressing progenitors. (2014) *Front Neurosci*. 23;8:122.

IF 3.70 (2014) R=82/252; Times cited = 5

6. Boccazzi M, Rolando C, Abbracchio MP, **Buffo A***, Ceruti S. (2014) Purines regulate adult brain subventricular zone cell functions: contribution of reactive astrocytes. <u>*Glia*</u>. 62(3):428-39. (*, co-last author)

IF 5.466 (2014) R=26/252; Times cited = 7

7. Leto K, Carulli D, **Buffo A**. (2014) Symposium in honor of Ferdinando Rossi: a passionate journey through the cerebellar mysteries. <u>*Cerebellum*</u>. 13(6):791-4. IF 2.717 (2014) R=135/252; Times cited = 0

8. Buffo A, Rossi F. (2013) Origin, lineage and function of cerebellar glia. <u>*Prog*</u> <u>*Neurobiol.*</u> 109:42-63.

IF 10.301 (2013) R=11/252; Times cited = 14

9. Fratangeli A, Parmigiani E, Fumagalli M, Lecca D, Bonfante R, Passafaro M, **Buffo A**, Abbracchio MP, Rosa P. (2013) The regulated expression, intracellular trafficking, and membrane recycling of the P2Y-like receptor GPR17 in Oli-neu oligodendroglial cells. *J Biol Chem.* 288(7):5241-56.

IF 4.6 (2013) R=61/290; Times cited = 7

10. Behrendt G., Baer K., **Buffo A**., Curtis M.A., Faull R.L., Rees M.I., Götz M. and Dimou L. (2013) Dynamic changes in myelin aberrations and oligodendrocyte generation in chronic amyloidosis in mice and men. <u>*Glia*</u> 61(2):273-86.

IF 5.466 (2013) R=26/252; Times cited = 11

11. Rolando C., Parolisi R., Boda E., Schwab M.E., Rossi F. and **Buffo A**. (2012) Distinct roles of Nogo-A and Nogo receptor 1 in the homeostatic regulation of adult Neural Stem Cell function and neuroblast migration. <u>J Neurosci</u> 32(49):17788-99. IF 6.908 (2012) R=25/252; Times cited = 22

12. Boda E., Viganò F., Rosa P., Fumagalli M., Labat-gest V., Tempia F., Abbracchio M.P, Dimou L., **Buffo A**. (2011) The GPR17 receptor in NG2 expressing cells: focus on in vivo cell maturation and participation in acute trauma and chronic damage <u>*Glia*</u>, 59(12):1958-73. IF 4.82 (2011) R=26/252; Times cited = 20

13. Ceruti S., Viganò F., Boda E., Ferrario S., Magni G., Rosa P., **Buffo A**., Abbracchio M.P. (2011): The newly identified P2Y-like GPR17 receptor during oligodendrocyte cell maturation regulates sensitivity to ATP induced death. *Glia*, 59(3): 363-78. IF 4.82 (2011) R=26/252; Times cited = 26

14. Kronenberg G., Gertz K., Cheung G., **Buffo A**., Kettemann H., Götz M., Endres M. (2010) Modulation of fate determinants Olig2 and Pax6 in resident glia evokes spiking neuroblasts in a model of mild brain ischemia. <u>Stroke</u>, 41(12):2944-9. IF 5.756 (2010) R=14/192; Times cited = 14

15. Boda E., **Buffo A**. (2010) Glial cells in non-germinal territories: insights into their stem/progenitor properties in the intact and injured nervous tissue. <u>*Arch Ital Biol.*</u> 148(2), 119-36. IF 0.778 (2010) R=207/252; Times cited = 14

16. **Buffo A.**, Rolando C., Ceruti S. (2010) Astrocytes in the damaged brain: molecular and cellular insights into their reactive response and healing potential. *Biochem Pharmacol* 79(2):77-89.

IF 4.889 (2010) R=23/255; Times cited = 110 *R=2014*

4.GROUP'S PUBLICATIONS:

(Please list below up to ten most relevant publications of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science)

Ferdinando Rossi, Enrica Boda, Daniela Carulli, Ketty Leto

1. Cupolillo, D., Hoxha, E., Faralli, A., De Luca, A., Rossi, F., Tempia, F., Carulli, D. (2015). Autistic-like traits and cerebellar dysfunction in Purkinje cell PTEN knock-out mice. <u>*Neuropsychopharmacology*</u>, doi: 10.1038/npp.2015.339.

IF=7.048(2015); R = 11/140; Times cited = 0

2. Faralli, A., Dagna, F., Albera, A., Bekku, Y., Oohashi, T., Albera, R., Rossi, F., Carulli, D. (2015). Modifications of perineuronal nets and remodelling of excitatory and inhibitory afferents during vestibular compensation in the adult mouse. *Brain Struct Funct*, doi: 10.1007/s00429-015-1095-7. IF=5.62; R = 30/252; Times cited = 0.

3. Tailor J, Kittappa R, Leto K, Gates M, Borel M, Paulsen O, Spitzer S, Karadottir RT, Rossi F, Falk A, Smith A. (2013) Stem cells expanded from the human embryonic hindbrain stably retain regional specification and high neurogenic potency. *J Neurosci.* 33(30):12407-22. IF=6.747(2013); R=24/252; Times cited = 5

4. Magrassi L, Leto K, Rossi F. (2013) Lifespan of neurons is uncoupled from organismal lifespan. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 110(11):4374-9.

IF=9.809(2013); R=4/57; Times cited = 4

5. Carulli, D., Foscarin, S., Faralli, A., Pajaj, E., Rossi, F. (2013). Modulation of semaphorin3A in perineuronal nets during structural plasticity in the adult cerebellum. *Mol Cell Neurosci*, 57:10-22. IF=3.734(2013); R =74/252; Times cited = 3.

6. Florio M, Leto K, Muzio L, Tinterri A, Badaloni A, Croci L, Zordan P, Barili V, Albieri I, Guillemot F, Rossi F, Consalez GG. (2012) Neurogenin 2 regulates progenitor cell-cycle progression and Purkinje cell dendritogenesis in cerebellar development. <u>Development</u> 139(13):2308-20.

IF=6.208(2012); R=4/41; Times cited = 16

7. Leto K, Bartolini A, Di Gregorio A, Imperiale D, De Luca A, Parmigiani E, Filipkowski RK, Kaczmarek L, Rossi F. (2011) Modulation of cell-cycle dynamics is required to regulate the number of cerebellar GABAergic interneurons and their rhythm of maturation. *Development.* 138(16):3463-72.

 $\overline{\text{IF}=6.596(2011)}$; R=4/41; Times cited = 13

8. Foscarin, S., Ponchione, D., Pajaj, E., Leto, K., Gawlak, M., Wilczynski, G.M., Rossi, F., Carulli, D. (2011). Experience-Dependent Plasticity and Modulation of Growth Regulatory Molecules at Central Synapses. *PLoS ONE* 6(1): e16666. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0016666. IF= 4.092; R = 9/57; Times cited = 29.

9. Carulli, D., Pizzorusso, T., Kwok, J.C., Putignano, E., Poli, A., Forostyak, S., Andrews, M.R., Deepa, S.S., Glant, T., Fawcett, J.W. (2010). Animals lacking link protein have attenuated perineuronal nets and persistent plasticity. *Brain*, 133(pt8):2331-2347. IF= 9.19(2014); R =6/192 ; Times cited = 107.

10. Di Bella D, Lazzaro F, Brusco A, Plumari M, Battaglia G, Pastore A, Finardi A, Cagnoli C, Tempia F, Frontali M, Veneziano L, Sacco T, Boda E, Brussino A, Bonn F, Castelletti B, Baratta S, Mariotti C, Gellera C, Fracasso V, Magri S, Langer T, Pievani P, Di Donato S, Muzi-Falconi M, Taroni F (2010). Mutations in the mitochondrial protease gene AFG3L2 cause dominant hereditary ataxia SCA28. Nat Genet 42:313-21.

IF 14.191(2010) R=5/252 Times cited = 105

5. GROUP's additional information:

Please list the grants of the other members of the group in the last 5 years - 2010/2015- according to the table below:

Ferdinando Rossi

Starting- end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
2012 – 2015	National	PI ROSSI	Fondazion e Piera, Pietro e Giovanni Ferrero	La stimolazione ambientale come strumento per potenziare le capacità plastiche, riparative e compensatorie del sistema nervoso centrale.	-	€5000	€5000
2010- 2014	National	PI ROSSI	PRIN (MIUR)	Neurogenesi e differenziamen to neuronale: geni regolatori, segnali molecolari e meccanismi dipendenti dall'esperienza	2009TBCZJB	€88828	€88828
2012 – 2013	National	PI ROSSI	Università di Torino (ex60% MIUR, MURST)	Target generation of cerebellar and striatal neurons as preventive strategy for CNS disorders.	-	€4112 (2012) €3.840 (2013)	€4112 (2012) €3.840 (2013)

Grants 2010-2015 (main grants are included in other group member's sections)

List of awards:

Annual Prize of the Fondation Simone et Cino del Duca, Paris, 1993. Annual Prize of the Italian Physiological Society, 1994.

International collaborative experiences:

Dr. C. Sotelo, Université Pierre et Marie Curie, Parigi (F).

Dr. R. Hawkes, University of Calgary, Alberta (CDN).

Dr. M. E. Schwab, Brain Research Institute, University of Zurich (CH).

Dr. J. Verhaagen, Brain Research Institute, Amsterdam (NE).

Dr. J.W. Fawcett, Centre for Brain Repair University of Cambridge (UK).

Dr J. Oberdick, Ohio State University, Columbus (USA)

Dr Flavio Maina, Université de Provence (F)

Dr Marion Wassef, Ecole Normale Superieure, Paris (F)

Prof. Karl Schilling, University of Bonn (D)

Dr F De Castro, Cajal Institute, Madrid (E)

Invited talks (2010-2013):

F. Rossi, Phenotype specification and differentiation in cerebellar development; National Institute of Neuroscience (NCNP) a Kodaira, Tokyo, 22 Aprile 2013

F. Rossi, Research on Ageing at the University of Turin, Italian-Japanese Colloquium on Ageing Society, Istituto Italiano di Cultura, Tokyo, 23 Aprile 2013.

F. Rossi, Neural Stem Cell Therapies, Symposium "Brain Research: Broadening the Understanding", Al-Quds University, East Jerusalem, 2 Giugno 2013.

F. Rossi, Science in Torino between two wars - the school of Giuseppe Levi. Symposium "Dare to Know, Startup! A Tribute to Rita Levi Montalcini", The Peres Center for Peace, Jaffa, 3 June 2013

F. Rossi, Maturazione Normale e Patologica del Sistema Nervoso: Sviluppo e Plasticità. Fondazione Ferrero, Alba, 17 Giugno 2013.

F. Rossi, Neurogenesis and gliogenesis in the cerebellum, Gordon Conference on Cerebellum, Colby-Sawyer College, New London, NH, 15 Agosto 2013.

F. Rossi, Neural stem cells, Hydra IX 2013: European Summer School on Stem Cells & Regenerative Medicine, Hydra, 8 Settembre, 2013.

F. Rossi, Meccanismi evolutivi e adattamento neurale, Convegno, "Evoluzione e Cervello. Incontro dedicato ai 70 anni di Aldo Fasolo. Torino, 22 Novembre 2013. Rossi F, Is neural plasticity Darwinian? BSB lab, Università di Torino, Febbraio 2012. Rossi F, Structural plasticity and regulation of growth in the cerebellum. Sensorymotor plasticity and learning: from bench to bedside. Symposium in Honor of José Maria Delgado-Garcia, Venezia, Aprile 2012.

Rossi F, Regulation of intrinsic neuronal properties for neuritic growth, plasticity and regeneration, European Laboratory for non-Linear Spectroscopy, Università di Firenze, Aprile 2012.

Rossi F, Specification and development of cerebellar GABAergic neurons, The Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience, Amsterdam, Giugno 2012.

Rossi F, 8th Congress on Stem Cell Biology & Technology, Royan Institute, Teheran, Settembre 2012.

Rossi F, Age-dependent Neural Plasticity and Repair, 2012 International PhD Intensive School; Ageing

Society: Issues, Theories and Practices for an Active Ageing. Università di Torino, Settembre 2012.

F Rossi, public lecture, I Mercoledì dell'Accademia, Circolo dei Lettori, 26-01-2011, Turin

F Rossi, lecture, Convegno su La Medicina dal Passato al Futuro, Istituto Lombardo Accademia di Scienze e Lettere, 09-06-2011, Milano

F Rossi, Symposium on Building of cerebellar circuits: from neuronal specification to synapse formation. IBRO World Congress of Neuroscience, 17-07-2011, Florence F Rossi, Symposium on Cerebellar Development, IVth International Congress of the Society for Research on the Cerebellum, 19-09-2011, Tokyo

F Rossi, keynote lecture, XXII Aini Congress, 22-09-2011, Pollenzo (CN)

9th Unistem Meeting, Milan, Italy, 11 June 2010

Cells, tissues, organs, and organisms: evolution of reparative processes in complex biological structures. ESOF 2010, Turin, 2-7 July 2010

Select Biosciences, Cellular Therapy Summit, Edinburgh, Scotland, 24-25 August 2010

8th Meeting of the School in Regenerative Medicine Karolinska Institute, Stockholm, Sweden, 3-5 september 2010

Editorial duties:

Rossi F. Handbook of The Cerebellum and Cerebellar Disorders, Springer, New York, Heidelberg. Editor in Chief per la sezione Cerebellar Development

F Rossi, Section editor (Cerebellar Development), The Springer HAndbook of Cerebellum and Cerebellar Disorders

F Rossi, Associate Editor of the European Journal of Neuroscience: Special Issue Towards a Comparative Understandings of Adult Neurogenesis

2008-today. Associate Editor, European Journal of Neuroscience

Member of the editorial board of:

The Cerebellum (2001-today)

Neuroscience (2002-today)

Neurobiology of Disease (2005-today)

Frontiers in Neurosciences (2008-today)

Guest Editor (with Filippo Tempia) of the special issue of The Cerebellum "Unraveling the Purkinje neuron" (June 2006)

Member of the Scientific Board of the International Insitute for Research in Paraplegia, Zurich (2004-today)

Member of the Scientific Board of the Fondazione Cavalieri-Ottolenghi di Torino (2006-today)

Member of the Program Committee FENS Forum, Geneva 2008

Guest Referee (journals and funding agencies):

Advances in Experimental Biology, BMC Developmental Biology, Brain, Brain Research Protocols, Brain Research Reviews, Development, Developmental Biology, Developmental Brain Research, Developmental Neurobiology, European Journal of Neuroscience, Experimental Brain Research, Experimental, Neurology, Functional Neurology, Glia, International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience, Journal of Biological Chemistry, Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy, Journal of Comparative Neurology, Journal of Neurochemistry, Journal of Neurocytology, Journal of Neuroscience, Journal of Neuroscience Methods, Molecular and Cellular Neuroscience, PLoS ONE, Progress in Neurobiology, Science Signaling, Stem Cells, Synapse.

Alzheimer's Society, Biomedical Research Council Singapore, CNRS, European Commission, European Science Foundation, Federazione Italiana Sclerosi Multipla, Fondation pour la Recherche sur le Cerveau, Human Frontier Science Program, INSERM, Israel Science Foundation, Italian Ministry for University and Research, Italian Telethon, Ministry of Culture of the Republic of Serbia, National Science Foundation (USA), North Atlantic Treaty Organization, South African Medical Research Council, Università Italo-Francese, Wellcome Trust.

Examples of organised meetings and symposia:

Society for Research on the Cerebebellum, Annual Symposium on Mechanisms of Cerebellar Function, Chicago, July 2009 (with T. Ebner and M. Manto). Cells, tissues, organs, and organisms: evolution of reparative processes in complex biological structures. ESOF 2010, Turin, July 2010 (with L. Bonfanti)

Daniela Carulli

Grants 2010/2015

Starting - end	Origin	Name and Role of	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount	Directly Available
uale		Group				Funded	

		Member					
2015- 2017	National	Component (PI: Carola Eva)	Progetto d'Ateneo Università di Torino	Influence of maternal behaviour on the expression of brain plasticity brakes: a role in the susceptibility to anxiety?	Torino_c all2014_ L2_185	€97918	€97918
2012- 2015	National	PI CARULLI	University of Turin (MIUR/MU RST ex 60%)	Cellular and molecular mechanisms of vestibular compensatio n	-	€3320,9 3 (2012) €2135,8 9 (2013) €2012,2 4 (2014)	€3320,93 (2012) €2135,89 (2013) €2012,24 (2014)
2014- 2015	National	Co-PI with C. Eva	Fondazion e Cassa di Risparmio di Torino	Meccanismi complessi che sottendono gli effetti permanenti dell'ambiente perinatale sulla plasticità neurale la vulnerabilità a psicopatologi e	-	€26000	€26000
2008- 2010	International	Co-PI with F. Rossi	Internation al Foundatio n for Research in Paraplegia	Interplay between experience and extracellular matrix in the control of physiological and compensator y plasticity in the adult CNS	IRP-I- 027/08	CHF 168'000 (€10000 0)	CHF 168'000 (€100000)

List of awards:

"Erasmus project" fellowship (1996)

"Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi" fellowship (1999)

Short-Term fellowship of the COST B10 Cooperation (1999)

Short-Term fellowship of the COST B10 Cooperation (2000)

NWO (Nederlandse Organisatie voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek) mobility grant (2015) University of Turin, World Wide Style mobility grant (2015)

International collaborative experiences

James W Fawcett and Jessica Kwok (Brain Repair Centre, University of Cambridge, UK)

Joost Verhaagen (Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience, Amsterdam)

Gregorz Wilczynski (Nencki Institute, Warsaw) Toshitaka Oohashi (Okayama University, Japan) Marta Miquel (University of Castellon, Spain)

Invited talks

XVI meeting of the Italian Society for Neuroscience, Cagliari, 2015 "DiSFeB meets NICO" seminar, University of Milan, 2015. 50° meeting of AINPeNC (Associazione Italiana di Neuropatologia e Neurobiologia Clinica) and 40° of AIRIC (Associazione Italiana di Ricerca sull'Invecchiamento Cerebrale), Verbania (Italy), 2014 2012 Invitation by Dr J. Verhaagen, Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience,

2012 Invitation by Dr J. Verhaagen, Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience, Amsterdam, 2012.

2011 Workshop of the Doctorate school in Neuroscience, University of Turin, "From muscle to brain: role of dystroglycan in synaptic function and disease", 2011.

Invitation by Dr Sassoè-Pognetto, University of Turin, 2010. Invitation by Dr Schilling, University of Bonn, Germany, 2007

Workshop of the EU-sponsored Network of Excellence NeuroNE, "Activity-dependent plasticity", Turin, 2007.

Editorial duties

Guest referee: Experimental Neurology, Brain Structure and Function, Journal of Cellular Science, Molecular and Cellular Neuroscience, European Journal of Neuroscience, Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience, Cell Transplantation, The International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology, Brain, Behavior and Immunity, Brain Research Bulletin, Journal of Neuroscience Research, Plos One. Guest editor: leading guest editor for a Special Issue of Neural Plasticity, entitled "Perineuronal nets and CNS plasticity and repair".

Workshops organization

Organisation of the 5th Axregen workshop, held in Turin in 2010. AxRegen Consortium was a EU ITN PhD training program focused on the experimental and clinical problems associated with axonal damage and repair in the central nervous system.

Ketty Leto

Starting- end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
2012 – 2015	National	PI LETO	FIRB (Miur)	Target generation of cerebellar and striatal neurons as preventive strategy for CNS disorders	RBFR10A01S_ 001	€246100	€246100
2012- 2013	National	PI LETO	University of Turin (ex 60% MIUR/MU RST)	Terapie preventive di sostituzione cellulare per l'atassia spinocerebellar	D15E1200570 0005	€3577,66 (2012) €2847,86 (2013)	€3577,66 (2012) €2.847,86

Grants 2010/2015

		e di tipo-2		
		(SCA-2)		

• International collaborative experiences:

Austin Smith (University of Cambridge); Alain Chedotal (INSERM, Paris); Mikio Hoshino (National Institute of Neuroscience, Tokyo).

• Invited talks:

Development and specification of cerebellar phenotypes. PhD School "Neural Development and Developmental Disorders", NENS Course, Turin, September 2014. Lineage relationships and specification mechanisms in cerebellar neurogenic niches. Summer School "Neural Stem Cell in Development and Disease", Levico Terme, September 2012.Development of cerebellar GABAergic interneurons. XIII Sins Congress, Milan, October 2009.

Development of cerebellar GABAergic neurons. Institute of Anatomy, Anatomy and Cell Biology, University of Bonn, June 2009.

Development of cerebellar GABAergic interneurons. Regional multidisciplinary biomedical workshop-NEUROIMAGE. Opatija, December 2008.

• Editorial duties:

Guest referee for international scientific journals: PLoS ONE; Neuroscience; Eur. J Neurosci.

Enrica Boda

Grants 2010/2015

Starting- end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
2015 – 2017	National	PIBODA	Cariplo Foundation	Characterizatio n of a novel microRNA involved in myelination: a new potential pathogenetic mechanisms in multiple sclerosis.	ID: 2014-1207)	€80000	€80000

Awards:

-2015 <u>Scientific Meeting Grant</u>, to organize the Symposium "Intrinsic and extrinsic regulation of oligodendrocyte progenitor cell self-renewal and differentiation" in the frame of the XVI Congress of the Italian Society for Neuroscience (SINS), granted by The Company of Biologists, Cambridge, UK (6000£).

-2015 IBRO International Travel Grant, to attend the European Meeting on Glial Cells in Health and Disease 2015, Bilbao, Spain

-2015 <u>Postdoctoral Fellowship</u> granted by Fondazione Umberto Veronesi, Milan, Italy.Targeting oligodendrocyte progenitor cell division mode to improve myelin repair in the aging CNS

-2014 Poster prize at the Basel Stem Cell Network Meeting, 9-10 September 2014, Basel, Switzerland

-2014 One of the 30 Post-Doc and Young PIs selected for the Summer School for Young PIs, CSTF, University of Turin and Post-Doc Development Center, Imperial College (London, UK), Bardonecchia, Italy

-2014 One-year postdoctoral fellowship granted by <u>Fondazione Umberto Veronesi</u>, Milan, Italy. Rejuvenating the brain: targeting neural stem/progenitor cell division mode to improve cognitive functions and repair abilities of the aging CNS.

-2012 - 2013 Two-years postdoctoral fellowship granted by <u>Giuseppe Levi</u>

<u>Foundation, Accademia Nazionale dei Lincei</u>, Rome, Italy. Oligodendrocyte progenitor self-renewal and differentiation: insights into symmetric and asymmetric divisions and possible implications in dysmyelination following peri-natal hypoxia. -2012 One of the 42 students selected for the Advanced School on New Approaches in Glial Cell Research, International Society for Neurochemistry, Universitat

Autònoma de Barcelona (UAB), Barcelona, Spain

-2011 Travel grant to attend the 2011 IBRO congress (granted by the Italian Society of Neuroscience)

-2011 Short-term fellowship granted by the CRT Foundation, Alfieri Project. Host: Dept. of Neuroscience, University of Turin. PI: Dr. Annalisa Buffo

-2009 - 2010 Post-doc fellowship granted by the Italian Ministry of Health, Ricerca Finalizzata, RF-CNM-

-2005-2009 PhD fellowship granted by the CRT (Cassa di Risparmio di Torino) Foundation, Lagrange Project for the study of Complex Systems. Host: Dept. of Neuroscience, University of Turin. PI: Prof. Filippo Tempia

-2006 OPTIME Award 2005-2006 (The best graduate student at the Faculty of Biology, University of Turin) by Unione Industriale di Torino.

-2005 Antonio Marzullo Award (The best undergraduate students in Cellular Biology), granted by University of Trieste, Italy

• International collaborative experiences:

Verdon Taylor (University of Basel, SW); Akiko Nishyiama (UConn, USA)

Invited talks:

Heterogeneity and balance between proliferation and differentiation in the oligodendrocyte progenitor pool. 18 November 2015, "NICO meets DisFEB" Seminar Series, Department of Pharmacological and Biomedical Sciences, University of Milan, Italy

Balancing self-renewal and differentiation of the oligodendrocyte progenitor pool: insights into cell intrinsic regulatory mechanisms. 9 October 2015, SINS (Italian Society of Neuroscience) Meeting 2015, Cagliari, Italy

Dynamics of self-renewal and differentiation of the oligodendrocyte progenitor pool in the CNS parenchyma. 29 November 2013, CNR, Institute of Neuroscience, Milan, Italy

The GPR17 receptor in oligodendroglial cells: focus on cell heterogeneity, maturation and participation in CNS damage. July 2012, Advanced School on New Approaches in Glial Cell Research, International Society for Neurochemistry, Barcelona, Spain The GPR17 receptor in oligodendroglial cells: cell maturation, heterogeneity and participation in CNS damage. November 2011, IV Convegno Monotematico della SIF, 'Immunità e infiammazione nelle malattie del cervello. Nuovi bersagli farmacologici per terapie innovative', Milan, Italy

Chairperson of the Data Blitz "Targeting specific neurotransmitter receptors in brain damage and repair" session of the IV Convegno Monotematico della SIF, 'Immunità e infiammazione nelle malattie del cervello. Nuovi bersagli farmacologici per terapie innovative', Milan, Italy, November 2011.

• Editorial duties:

Guest reviewer for: BMC Molecular Biology, Neurochemical Research, Purinergic Signalling. Ad-hoc reviewer for MS Research Australia

Please list your organizational activities:

• Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized by members of the group

Chairperson and organizer of the symposium: "Intrinsic and extrinsic regulation of oligodendrocyte progenitor cell self-renewal and differentiation" 9 October 2015, SINS (Italian Society of Neuroscience) Meeting 2015, Cagliari, Italy

Elena Parmigiani

• International collaborative experiences:

Andreas Bosio, Miltenyi Biotec, Koln; isolation of astroglial-like progenitors Verdon Taylor, University of Basel, generation of lentiviral vectors for targeted Creexpression

• Invited talks:

"Chasing cerebellar neurogenesis: lineage contiguities between interneurons and astrocytes". "NICO meets DisFEB" Seminar Series, Department of Pharmacological and Biomedical Sciences, University of Milan, Italy. April 27, 2015.

"Heterogeneity of astroglial progenitors in the developing cerebellum". CNR, Institute of Neuroscienze, Milan, Italy June 19, 2015.

"Lineage relationship of neuronal and glial phenotypes derived from the prospective cerebellar white matter". Neurooscience 2012, New Orleans (LA, USA), October 13-17, 2012. Oral presentation in nanosymposia.

"Expression and trafficking of GPR17 in immortalized oligodendrocyte precursor cells". Oral presentation at the ABCD (Association of Cell Biology and Differentiation) congress "Stem cells, development and regenerative medicine", Parma (Italy), April 9-10, 2010

Elisa Fucà

• International collaborative experiences:

Brain Repair Group at Cardiff School of Bioscences (Cardiff University, UK). Director: prof. Stephen Dunnett.

Valentina Cerrato

Awards:

March 1st 2015. Training stay grant awarded by NENS Exchange Grant in the laboratory of Prof. Laura López-Mascaraque, Instituto Cajal, Madrid. 2015. Awarded IBRO stipend for the Introductory Course - Glia Meeting, Bilbao.

• International collaborative experiences:

Prof Laura López-Mascaraque, Instituto Cajal, Madrid, clonal analysis of astroglia Prof Magdalena Gotz, LM, Munich, mechanism of Bergmann Glia proliferation

Invited talks

- "Cerebellar astroglial heterogeneity and role of Bergmann Glia during cerebellar foliation", Instituto Cajal, Madrid (February 25th, 2015).

6. Past Research activity

(Summarize the PI and group research activities in the last 10 years) 2005-2015

a. Summary (500 characters)

We investigated CNS structural plasticity to exploit this knowledge for both understanding pathogenic mechanisms and implementing repair after damage. We identified key cellular and molecular players in the generation of cerebellar neurons, defined fundamental CNS changes triggered by environmental stimuli and promoting circuit remodelling, and unveiled unprecedented stem cells properties in reactive astroglia as well as mechanisms of oligodendrocyte progenitor maintenance and maturation.

b. Background (2000 characters)

The beginning of the 21st century has witnessed a substantial change in the way brain repair is conceived. A new vision has emerged from the discovery that the adult CNS retains a significant potential for cell replacement and circuit rewiring, as shown by the persistence of stem/progenitor cells and connections remodelling in response to external stimuli. Hence, intense efforts have been dedicated to understand these forms of structural plasticity in view of their exploitation to repair the damaged CNS.

Developmental plasticity has been further targeted to unveil mechanisms that might be reinstalled in the adult brain.

Our research addressed:

i) <u>Specification of multipotent progenitors and integration of new neurons into neural circuits</u> Developmental studies can reveal how defined neural types are specified and circuits correctly formed. Mechanisms that regulate these steps are largely unknown but essential to develop therapies for neurological diseases where lost/dysfunctional cells have to be replaced by either endogenous sources or through transplantation.

ii) <u>Interplay between experience, intrinsic growth-regulatory factors and extrinsic cues</u> in the control of CNS axon plasticity Lesions to the CNS lead to neuronal death and circuit disconnection causing sensory, motor or cognitive impairment. Despite central neurons hardly regrow transected axons, the CNS can partly restore lost functions by circuit remodelling. Environmental stimuli promote remodelling and functional ameliorations but the underlying cellular and molecular mechanisms needed to be clarified.

iii) <u>Stem/progenitor functions of glia</u> Besides their neurosupportive and scarring activities, astrocytes were shown to include stem cells. Further, a new progenitor population was demonstrated at the source of myelinating oligodendrocytes and took the stage as the major pool of proliferative progenitors in the adult brain. Questions emerged on the regenerative potential of adult quiescent and reactive glia.

c. Rationale (2000 characters)

The capability of the adult mammalian CNS to regenerate or repair after damage is very limited as a consequence of the postnatal decline of neurogenesis and gliogenesis, and of the upregulation of molecules inhibiting circuit remodelling. However, it retains significant levels of structural plasticity that, if fostered, might promote brain repair.

We therefore sought to understand the cellular and molecular mechanisms that underlie key components of CNS structural plasticity to exploit this knowledge for both understanding pathogenic mechanisms of neuro-developmental disorders, and defining strategies implementing functional and anatomic repair in developmental diseases and neurodegenerative pathologies.

To address these issues, we focussed on the rodent cerebellum as an experimental model to study developmental processes of fate specification, cell differentiation and circuit formation and the effects of enhanced environmental stimulation or sensory deprivation/deafferentation on neuronal connectivity and expression of perineuronal nets (PNNs) and their components. We further explored the functional contiguity between forebrain parenchymal astroglia and neural stem cells, and the regulatory mechanisms of adult neurogenesis. Finally we investigated mechanisms balancing proliferation and differentiation in oligodendrocyte progenitor cells (OPCs).

Overall, evidence gained with these studies provided the background knowledge to address the efficacy of preventive or therapeutic cell replacement approaches vs rehabilitative training (vs the combination of the two) in rodent models of Ataxia and Hungtington's disease (HD).

d. Objectives (1500 characters)

Main goal of our research is elucidating fundamental processes of CNS structural plasticity, including developmental and repair processes. This knowledge is crucial to understand pathogenic mechanisms of neuro-developmental disorders and to define efficient therapeutic approaches for a broad spectrum of CNS diseases, including neurodegeneration, developmental disorders and vascular or traumatic damage.

Specific aims:

- a) disclosing how multipotent stem cells become specified to produce differentiated subtypes of neurons and glia and unveiling rules governing an efficient integration of new neurons in pre-existing circuits;
- b) revealing how external stimuli interact with extrinsic and intrinsic growthmodulators in neurons to promote circuit remodelling;
- c) understanding similarities and differences between parenchymal astroglia and stem cells and regulatory mechanisms of adult stem cells in order to implement the reparative properties of non-germinal glia upon brain damage;
- d) understanding physiopathology of oligodendrocyte progenitor cells (OPCs);
- e) exploiting the knowledge gained with these studies to define:
- effective strategies based on preventive/therapeutic cell replacement approaches in rodent models of Ataxia and HD;
- molecular manipulations and rehabilitative training protocols helpful to promote neuroprotection and recovery of lost functions through the broadening of glial and neuronal plasticity.

e. Results (4000 characters)

Major findings:

i) Specification of multipotent progenitors and integration of new neurons into neural circuits The transcription factor Neurogenin2 was shown to modulate the cell cycle of early progenitors and Purkinje cell (PC) dendritogenesis (Florio et al., Development 2012). We found that all GABAergic interneurons derive from a common pool of progenitors that proliferate in the prospective white matter (PWM) of the perinatal/early postnatal cerebellum and then delaminate to fully mature. The fate choices of postmitotic immature interneurons depend on environmental cues of the PWM (Leto et al., J Neurosci 2006; 2009) while their number is regulated by Shh and cyclin D2 (De Luca et al., Cerebellum 2015; Leto et al., Development 2011). Finally, we identified two astrocyte-like progenitor types in the PWM: bipotent progenitors generate both interneurons and WM astrocytes while gliogenic progenitors exclusively produce other astrocytes (Parmigiani et al. J Neurosci 2015). We are now investigating how the various cerebellar astroglial phenotypes are produced. As for cell integration, correct placement of grafted neurons depends on timing of their migration (Carletti et al., Dev Biol 2008; Williams et al Neurobiol Dis 2008) and neuronal lifespan is independent of the species-specific lifetime (Magrassi et al., PNAS 2013). These data were instrumental to study cell replacement and rehabilitative training in models of Ataxia or HD.

ii) Interplay between experience, intrinsic growth-regulatory factors and extrinsic cues in the control of CNS axon plasticity We found that increased environmental stimulation induces axonal plasticity and PNN reduction in the mouse cerebellar nuclei. These events are enhanced in mice overexpressing (*ov*) GAP-43 in PCs (Foscarin et al. PLoS ONE 2011). GAP-43 *ov* injured PCs also show a reduced sensitivity to myelin, due to altered subcellular distribution of receptors for myelin inhibitors (Foscarin et al., EJN, 2009). We also found axon terminal plasticity in concomitance with PNN reduction in the cerebellar nuclei or vestibular nuclei after deafferentation. Moreover, in the vestibular nuclei PNNs are restored when vestibular deficits are resolved (Carulli et al. MCN 2013; Faralli et al., Brain Struct Funct 2015). We discovered that the chemorepulsive molecule Sema3A is a PNN component that decreases in conditions of plasticity (Vo et al., MCN 2013; Carulli et al., MCN 2013), suggesting a key role of Sema3A in PNN inhibitory properties. Finally, lack of PTEN in PCs alters PC morphology and physiology, and induces autistic-like traits (Cupolillo et al. Neuropsych 2015).

iii) <u>Stem/progenitor functions of glia</u> We found that reactive glia can be engaged in neurogenesis by expression of neurogenic determinants (Buffo et al., PNAS 2005) and that a subset of reactive astroglia resume proliferation and behaves as neurogenic stem-cell ex vivo (Buffo et al. PNAS 2008). Notably, such a transition can occur spontaneously in striatal astrocytes after damage (Nato et al., Development 2015). We demonstrated that the plasticity restrictors Nogo-A/NgR1 are negative regulators of adult neurogenesis (Rolando et al. J Neurosci 2012) and that early damage signals (purines) affect adult stem cells both directly and through reactive astrocytes (Boccazzi et al., Glia 2014).

As regards OPCs, we identified the GPR17 receptor as a key marker of the preoligodendrocyte stage that modulates OPC differentiation (Lecca et al.,PLoS One 2008; Boda et al., Glia 2011; Ceruti et al., Glia 2010; Fratangeli at al., J Bioch Chem 2013). We also discovered that, similar to stem cells, OPCs undergo asymmetric division and that their division mode is altered by aging and demyelination (Boda et al., Glia 2015). We also investigated molecular mechanisms implicated in OPC specification/differentiation (Jagged1, Beattle et al., in preparation), cell division (CitronK, Boda et al. in preparation) that might be exploitable to treat myelin alterations.

f. Advancement in the field (1000 characters)

Major findings:

i) -multipotent features of progenitors for cerebellar interneurons and role of extrinsic cues in their differentiation;

-demonstration that bipotent progenitors generate cerebellar interneurons and astrocytes.

ii) -role of PNN modulation in the regulation of plasticity both in physiological and injury conditions;

-key-role of the PTEN pathway in PCs in the induction of autistic-like traits.

iii) -unprecedented stem cells properties in reactive astroglia;

-inhibitory role of NogoA/NgR in the homeostasis of adult neurogenesis;

-the role of GPR17 in the regulation of oligodendrocyte maturation and characterization of OPC asymmetric divisions.

These findings contributed to the establishment of new paradigms in brain plasticity, as testified by the high citation index of several publications, citations on textbooks (eg Glial physiology and pathophysiology" by Verkhratsky and Butt, Wiley-Blackwell, 2013) and by the strong international visibility of the group (see sections 1-5).

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: Peripheral Nerve Regeneration Unit

1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION - PERSONNEL:

• Principal Investigator

Stefano Geuna Birthdate: 25/09/1965 Degree: Graduated in Medicine and Surgery, University of Turin Gender: Male Nationality: Italian Phone: +39 011/6705433 Email: stefano.geuna@unito.it

Personnel

1. Stefania Raimondo

Birthdate: 25/02/1977 Degree: Biological Sciences, University of Turin Gender: Female Role: Researcher Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Light, confocal and electron microscopy
- Stereological and morpho-quantitative analysis
- Retro-transcriptase polymerase-chain-reaction (RT/PCR) and Western Blot
- Functional tests for motor recovery (grasping test)
- Cell and tissue transplantation
- Cell cultures

2. Giulia Ronchi

Birthdate 27/11/1982 Degree: Master degree in Neurobiology, University of Turin Gender: Female Role: Post-doctoral fellowship recipient Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Light, laser confocal and electron microscopy.
- Immunohistochemistry and Western blot.
- RT-PCR and quantitative Real Time PCR
- Cell and tissue (DRG explants) culture.
- Surgical procedures to induce peripheral nerve damages.
- Stereological and morpho-quantitative analysis
- Functional tests for motor recovery (grasping test)

3. Federica Fregnan

Birthdate: 02/07/1976 Degree: biological sciences (five-year degree), University of Turin Gender: Female Role: Post-doctoral fellowship recipient Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Optical microscopy and confocal analysis of histological and cytological specimens prepared by histological techniques, histochemical and immunofluorescence.
- Electron microscopy and ultrastructural analysis.

- Analysis of recovery of motor function in rats and mice using behavioral tests.
- Quantitative morphological analysis of the regeneration of nerve fibers by stereological methods.
- Extraction and culture of primary lines of ganglion sensory neurons.
- Analysis of protein expression (western blotting) and mrna (qualitative rt-pcr and real time quantitative rt-pcr).
- Cell culture, transient and stable transfection, proliferation assays, migration assays, time lapse.
- Recombinant techniques of molecular biology (cloning, production of fusion proteins with gfp or flag, preparation of constructs in plasmids, adenoviral and lentiviral vectors).
- Validation of microarray analysis.

4. Luisa Muratori

Birthdate 02/05/1984 Degree: Neurobiological Science, University of Turin Gender: Female Role: PhD Student Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Light and laser confocal microscopy.
- Immunohistochemistry and Western blot.
- RT-PCR and quantitative Real Time PCR
- Cell and tissue (DRG explants) culture.

5. Sara Gnavi

Birthdate: 10/10/1985 Degree: Biomolecular Science, University of Turin Gender: Female Role: Post-doctoral fellowship recipient Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Light and laser confocal microscopy.
- Immunohistochemistry and Western blot.
- RT-PCR and quantitative Real Time PCR
- Cell and tissue (DRG explants) culture.

6. Benedetta Elena Fornasari

Birthdate: 11/07/1989 Degree: Molecular and Cellular Biology, University of Turin Gender: Female Role: PhD Student Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- BIOMOLECULAR TECHNIQUES: DNA, RNA and protein extraction, quantitative Real-time PCR, primers study and design, Western blot.
- CELLULAR BIOLOGY: cell colture, primary colture of Schwann cells and dorsal root ganglia, cell transfection, cell migration assays, proliferation and viability assays, time lapse assays.
- MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS: immunocitofluorescence, resin embedding procedures
- ANIMAL CARE

- BIOMATERIAL PRODUCTION: production of fibres through electrospinning technique

7. Michela Morano

Birthdate: 29/10/1988 Degree: Molecular and Cellular Biology, University of Turin Gender: Female Role: PhD Student Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Manual ability with different type of cell cultures (cell lines and also primary cultures)
- Molecular and cellular biology techniques known and used: PCR, Real-Time PCR, cloning plasmids, western blot, cell transfection, transwell migration assay, immunofluorescence, ELISA, MTT survival assay.
- Informatics competences: well knowledge of programs with biological application (Annhyb, GraphPad, ImageJ, PlasmaDNA,) graphic software (Photoshop, Prezi, Inkscape), Microsoft Office (Excel, Word, PowerPoint) and editing software (Mendelev, Endnote).

8. Loredana Grasso

Birthdate: 13/08/1982
Degree:
Gender: Female
Role: Fellowship recipient
Nationality: Italian
Expertise:

- Cell (blood cell) cultures.
- DNA extraction from whole blood by Phenol / Chloroform
- Surgical procedures to induce muscle damages and muscle's extraction.
- Paraffin embedding
- Histological staining
- Western blotting
- Immunohistochemistry

9. Bompasso Simone

Birthdate 18/07/1986 Degree: laboratory technician, University of Turin Gender: Male Role: Fellowship recipient Nationality: Italian Expertise:

- Optical microscopy and confocal analysis of histological and cytological specimens prepared by histological techniques, histochemical and immunofluorescence.
- Light, confocal and electron microscopy
- Stereological and morpho-quantitative analysis
- Quantitative morphological analysis of the regeneration of nerve fibers by stereological methods.

2. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

Graduated in Medicine and Surgery at the University of Torino 1990.

Professional Licensure for Medical and Surgical Practice 1990

Member of the Professional Register of Physicians and Surgeons of the Province of Torino 1991

Specialization in Child Neurology and Psychiatry at the University of Torino 1991-1995.

Senior Researcher at the Department of Clinical and Biological Sciences of the University of Torino, 1998-2007

Employment and research experience:

Full-time employee of the University of Torino as Associate Professor of Anatomy at the Department of Clinical and Biological Sciences of the University of Torino and Research Leader of the Peripheral Nerve Regeneration Unit at the Cavalieri Ottolenghi Institute of Neuroscience.

Relevant discoveries:

The results of our recent research, in the context of the European Project funded (Biohybrid), allowed to put on the market Reaxon[®] Nerve Guide, a chitosan conduit design for the repair of peripheral nerves. Reaxon[®] Nerve Guide got the CE mark in January 2014.

Starting- end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directl y Availa ble to NICO
2011-2014	National	PI	Regione Piemonte	Biconerve: Biomimetic constructs for nerve regeneration	POR-FESR Piemonte 2007-2013 - Attività I.1.2 Polo di innovazione	€ 170.742	
2012-2015	Internatio nal	Compone nt	EU	Biohybrid templates for peripheral nerve regeneration	EU FP7 research grant (HEALTH.2 011.1.4-2)	€ 508,400	
2013- 2014	National	PI	Università degli Studi di Torino	Neurolink - Esercizio fisico e malattie del sistema nervoso: focus sulle cellule della glia	Fondo per la Ricerca Locale	€ 33.014	
2014-2015	National	PI	Università degli Studi di Torino	Neurolink 2 - Esercizio fisico e malattie del sistema nervoso: focus sulle cellule della glia	Fondo per la Ricerca Locale	€ 26.373	

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).

Please list the name of PhDs you have supervised.

- Morano Michela
- Muratori Luisa
- Pascal Davide

Please list honours, prizes or awards received, If applicable.

July 2012, best paper award as author of the paper entitled: "Gene therapy for promoting nerve regeneration after tubulisation repair" at the European Congress of Microsurgery, Cluj Napoca, Romania.

Please list your outreach activities

• International collaborative experiences.

2010-present: President of the Eurpean Microsurgical Research Association.

2011- 2015: coordination board member of the project "Biohybrid templates for peripheral nerve regeneration" of EU-FP7-Health-2011.

2014: Co-founder of the European Scoiety for Peripheral Nerve Repair and Regeneration, Bruxelles.

Invited talks

- "Tissue engineering of the peripheral nerve" 7th European Plastic Surgery Research Council, Hamburg, Germany (27–30 August 2015).
- "Writing the draft of a scientific paper" 6th International Scientific Writing Workshop, Zanzibar Island, Tanzania (26-27 March 2015)
- "Nanotechnology for nerve reconstruction" Frontier Research Academy for Young Researchers, Kyushu Institute of Technology; Fukuoka, Japan (9- 14 February 2015)
- "Tissue engineering of the peripheral nerve" Termis EU 2014 Congress, Genova, Italy (10-13 June 2014)
- "Biohybrid templates for peripheral nerve repair" 2013 TERMIS-AP Annual Conference, Shanghai, China (23-26 October 2013)
- "Nerve repair and regeneration" FESSH Congress, Milan, Italy (14-16 January 2013)
- "Stereology of peripheral nerve fibers" Asian and African Stereology Congress, Samsun, Turkey (6-8 November 2012)
- "Advances in peripheral nerve tissue engineering" TERMIS World Congress 2012, Vienna, Austria (5-8 September 2012)
- "Nerve tissue engineering" Pre 6th Congress of the World Society for Reconstructive Microsurgery Bucharest, Romania (25-27 June 2011)

• Editorial duties

Member of Editorial Board of Microsurgery

Please list your organizational activities:

Speakers invited

- Carla Taveggia: San Raffaele Scientific Institute Milan, Italy
- Lars B. Dahlin: Department of Hand Surgery, Skane University Hospital Malmo, Sweden

Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized

Member of the Organizing Committee:

2nd International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration, January 23rd - 25th,
 2014 in Turin, Italy

- 3rd International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration, September 24th and 25th, 2015 in Hannover, Germany
- 26th Annual Meeting of the Italian Society for Microsurgery (SIM), November 26th 28th, 2015, Turin, Italy

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable

In 2015, a patent about the production of iron-conjugated neuregulin 1 for promoting peripheral nerve regeneration has been issued.

3. PI's PUBBLICATIONS:

Geuna S, Raimondo S, Fregnan F, Haastert-Talini K, Grothe C. (2015) In vitro models for peripheral nerve regeneration. *Eur J Neurosci.* Aug 26. doi: 10.1111/ejn.13054. [Epub ahead of print] Review. PubMed PMID: 26309051. IF 3,181 R=108/252

Ribeiro J, Pereira T, Caseiro AR, Armada-da-Silva P, Pires I, Prada J, Amorim I, Amado S, França M, Gonçalves C, Lopes MA, Santos JD, Silva DM, Geuna S, Luís AL, Maurício AC. (2015) Evaluation of biodegradable electric conductive tube-guides and mesenchymal stem cells. *World J Stem Cells*. 26;7(6):956-75. Times cited = 0

Ronchi G, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Gambarotta G. (2015) New insights on the standardization of peripheral nerve regeneration quantitative analysis. <u>*Neural Regen Res.*</u> 10(5):707-9. IF= 0,22; R = 247/252; Times cited = 0

Catalano F, Accomasso L, Alberto G, Gallina C, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Giachino C, Martra G. (2015) Uptake: Factors Ruling the Uptake of Silica Nanoparticles by Mesenchymal Stem Cells: Agglomeration Versus Dispersions, Absence Versus Presence of Serum Proteins. *Small.* 11(24):2919-28.

IF= 8,368; R = 16/260; Times cited = 0

Tos P, Crosio A, Pellegatta I, Valdatta L, Pascal D, Geuna S, Cherubino M. (2015) Efficacy of anti-adhesion gel of carboxymethylcellulose with polyethylene oxide on peripheral nerve: Experimental results on a mouse model. <u>*Muscle Nerve*</u>. doi: 10.1002/mus.24739. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 26082205. IF: 2,283 R= 98/192

Gnavi S, Fornasari BE, Tonda-Turo C, Laurano R, Zanetti M, Ciardelli G, Geuna S. (2015) The Effect of Electrospun Gelatin Fibers Alignment on Schwann Cell and Axon Behavior and Organization in the Perspective of Artificial Nerve Design. <u>*Int J Mol Sci.*</u> 16(6):12925-42. IF= 2,862; R = 134/290; Times cited = 0

Ronchi G, Haastert-Talini K, Fornasari BE, Perroteau I, Geuna S, Gambarotta G. (2015) The Neuregulin1/ErbB system is selectively regulated during peripheral nerve degeneration and regeneration. *Eur J Neurosci.*

doi: 10.1111/ejn.12974. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 26061116.

IF 3,181 R=108/252

Gambarotta G, Pascal D, Ronchi G, Morano M, Jager SB, Moimas S, Zentilin L, Giacca M, Perroteau I, Tos P, Geuna S, Raimondo S. (2015) Local delivery of the Neuregulin1 receptor ecto-domain (ecto-ErbB4) has a positive effect on regenerated nerve fiber maturation. <u>*Gene*</u> <u>*Ther.*</u> 22(11): 901-7.

IF 2,942 R=117/290 Times cited=0

Shapira Y, Tolmasov M, Nissan M, Reider E, Koren A, Biron T, Bitan Y, Livnat M, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Rochkind S. (2015) Comparison of results between chitosan hollow tube and autologous nerve graft in reconstruction of peripheral nerve defect: An experimental study. *Microsurgery*.

doi: 10.1002/micr.22418. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 25899554. IF:2,354 R=46/204

Meyer C, Wrobel S, Raimondo S, Rochkind S, Heimann C, Shahar A, Ziv-Polat O, Geuna S, Grothe C, Haastert-Talini K. (2015) Peripheral nerve regeneration through hydrogel enriched chitosan conduits containing engineered Schwann cells for drug delivery. <u>*Cell Transplant.*</u> [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 25876520. IF: 3,127 R=11/21

Geuna S, Herrera-Rincon C. Update on stereology for light microscopy. (2015) <u>*Cell Tissue*</u> <u>*Res.*</u> 360(1):5-12. IF= 3.565; R = 78/184; Times cited = 0

Muratori L, Ronchi G, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Fornaro M. (2015) Generation of new neurons in dorsal root Ganglia in adult rats after peripheral nerve crush injury. *Neural Plast.* 860546.

IF= 3.582; R= 87/252 Times cited = 0

Catalano F, Accomasso L, Alberto G, Gallina C, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Giachino C, Martra G. (2015) Factors Ruling the Uptake of Silica Nanoparticles by Mesenchymal Stem Cells: Agglomeration Versus Dispersions, Absence Versus Presence of Serum Proteins. <u>Small.</u> (24):2919-28.

IF= 8,368; R = 16/260; Times cited = 0

Geuna S. (2015) The sciatic nerve injury model in pre-clinical research. <u>J Neurosci Methods</u>. 243:39-46.

IF= 2,025; R = 174/252; Times cited = 1

Gnavi S, Fornasari BE, Tonda-Turo C, Ciardelli G, Zanetti M, Geuna S, Perroteau I. (2015) The influence of electrospun fibre size on Schwann cell behavior and axonal outgrowth. <u>Mater</u> <u>Sci Eng C Mater Biol Appl.</u> 48:620-31. IF= 3,088; R = 17/33; Times cited = 1

Morano M, Wrobel S, Fregnan F, Ziv-Polat O, Shahar A, Ratzka A, Grothe C, Geuna S, Haastert-Talini K. (2014) Nanotechnology versus stem cell engineering: in vitro comparison of neurite inductive potentials. Int J Nanomedicine. 14;9:5289-306. IF= 4,383; R = 23/80; Times cited = 1

Gonzalez-Perez F, Cobianchi S, Geuna S, Barwig C, Freier T, Udina E, Navarro X. (2015) Tubulization with chitosan guides for the repair of long gap peripheral nerve injury in the rat. *Microsurgery.* 35(4):300-8.

IF= 2,421; R = 46/204; Times cited = 1

Ronchi G, Jager SB, Vaegter CB, Raimondo S, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Geuna S. (2014) Discrepancies in quantitative assessment of normal and regenerated peripheral nerve fibers between light and electron microscopy. <u>*J Peripher Nerv Syst.*</u> 19(3):224-33. IF= 2,758; R = 129/252; Times cited = 2 Sinis N, Geuna S, Viterbo F. (2014) Translational research in peripheral nerve repair and regeneration. <u>*Biomed Res Int.*</u> 2014:381426. IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 0

Gambarotta G, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Perroteau I. (2014) Neuregulin 1 isoforms could be an effective herapeutic candidate to promote peripheral nerve regeneration. <u>Neural Regen Res.</u> 15;9(12):1183-5.

IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 0

Jager SB, Ronchi G, Vaegter CB, Geuna S. (2014) The mouse median nerve experimental model in regenerative research. *Biomed Res Int.* 2014:701682.

IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 0 Romeo M, Cuccia G, Qiu SS, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Hontanilla B. (2014) Innervation of a prefabricated flap: a new experimental model. <u>*Biomed Res Int.*</u> 2014:549819. IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 0

Gambarotta G, Ronchi G, Friard O, Galletta P, Perroteau I, Geuna S. (2014) Identification and validation of suitable housekeeping genes for normalizing quantitative real-time PCR assays in injured peripheral nerves. <u>*PLoS One.*</u> 9(8):e105601. IF= 3,234; R = 9/57; Times cited = 1

Beck-Broichsitter BE, Lamia A, Geuna S, Fregnan F, Smeets R, Becker ST, Sinis N. (2014) Does pulsed magnetic field therapy influence nerve regeneration in the median nerve model of the rat? <u>*Biomed Res Int.*</u> 2014:401760. IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 0

Beck-Broichsitter BE, Becker ST, Lamia A, Fregnan F, Geuna S, Sinis N. (2014) Sensoric protection after median nerve injury: babysitter-procedure prevents muscular atrophy and improves neuronal recovery. <u>*Biomed Res Int.*</u>724197. IF= 1.579; R = 107/163; Times cited = 0

Ziv-Polat O, Shahar A, Levy I, Skaat H, Neuman S, Fregnan F, Geuna S, Grothe C, Haastert-Talini K, Margel S. (2014) The role of neurotrophic factors conjugated to iron oxide nanoparticles in peripheral nerve regeneration: in vitro studies. <u>*Biomed Res Int.*</u> 2014:267808. IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 1

Riccio M, Pangrazi PP, Parodi PC, Vaienti L, Marchesini A, Neuendorf AD, Bottegoni C, Tos P, Geuna S. (2014) The amnion muscle combined graft (AMCG) conduits: a new alternative in the repair of wide substance loss of peripheral nerves. <u>*Microsurgery*</u>. 34(8):616-22. IF= 2,421; R = 46/204; Times cited = 1

Pereira T, Gärtner A, Amorim I, Almeida A, Caseiro AR, Armada-da-Silva PA, Amado S, Fregnan F, Varejão AS, Santos JD, Bartolo PJ, Geuna S, Luís AL, Mauricio AC. (2014) Promoting nerve regeneration in a neurotmesis rat model using poly(DL-lactide- ϵ -caprolactone) membranes and mesenchymal stem cells from the Wharton's jelly: in vitro and in vivo analysis. <u>Biomed Res Int.</u> 2014:302659. IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 0

Marvaldi L, Thongrong S, Kozłowska A, Irschick R, Pritz CO, Bäumer B, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Hausott B, Klimaschewski L. (2014) Enhanced axon outgrowth and improved long-distance axon regeneration in sprouty2 deficient mice. *Dev Neurobiol.* 75(3):217-31. IF= 3,37; R = 95/252; Times cited = 1

Gärtner A, Pereira T, Armada-da-Silva P, Amado S, Veloso A, Amorim I, Ribeiro J, Santos J, Bárcia R, Cruz P, Cruz H, Luís A, Santos J, Geuna S, Maurício A. (2014)Effects of umbilical cord tissue mesenchymal stem cells (UCX®) on rat sciatic nerve regeneration after neurotmesis injuries. *J Stem Cells Regen Med.* 30;10(1):14-26. Times cited = 2

Dimauro I, Grasso L, Fittipaldi S, Fantini C, Mercatelli N, Racca S, Geuna S, Di Gianfrancesco A, Caporossi D, Pigozzi F, Borrione P. (2014) Platelet-rich plasma and skeletal muscle healing: a molecular analysis of the early phases of the regeneration process in an experimental animal model. <u>*PLoS One*</u>. 23;9(7).

IF= 3,234; R = 9/57; Times cited = 0

Shirosaki Y, Hayakawa S, Osaka A, Lopes MA, Santos JD, Geuna S, Mauricio AC. (2014) Challenges for nerve repair using chitosan-siloxane hybrid porous scaffolds. <u>*Biomed Res Int.*</u> 2014:153808.

IF= 1,579; R = 85/123; Times cited = 2

Carvalho M, Costa LM, Pereira JE, Shirosaki Y, Hayakawa S, Santos JD, Geuna S, Fregnan F, Cabrita AM, Maurício AC, Varejão AS. (2014) The role of hybrid chitosan membranes on scarring process following lumbar surgery: post-laminectomy experimental model. <u>Neurol</u> <u>Res.</u> 37(1):23-9.

IF= 1,439; R = 212/252; Times cited = 1

Gnavi S, di Blasio L, Tonda-Turo C, Mancardi A, Primo L, Ciardelli G, Gambarotta G, Geuna S, Perroteau I. (2014) Gelatin-based hydrogel for vascular endothelial growth factor release in peripheral nerve tissue engineering. <u>*J Tissue Eng Regen Med.*</u> 2014 Jun 19. doi: 10.1002/term.1936. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 24945739. IF: 5,199 R=5/21

Crosio A, Valdatta L, Cherubino M, Izzo M, Pellegatta I, Pascal D, Geuna S, Tos P. (2014) A simple and reliable method to perform biomechanical evaluation of postoperative nerve adhesions. <u>*J Neurosci Methods*</u>. 15;233:73-7. IF= 2,025; R = 174/252; Times cited = 0

Manoli T, Werdin F, Gruessinger H, Sinis N, Schiefer JL, Jaminet P, Geuna S, Schaller HE. Correlation analysis of histomorphometry and motor neurography in the median nerve rat model. <u>*Eplasty*</u>. 14:e17. eCollection 2014. Times cited = 0

Geuna S, Tos P, Titolo P, Ciclamini D, Beningo T, Battiston B. (2014) Update on nerve repair by biological tubulization. *J Brachial Plex Peripher Nerve Inj*. 7;9(1):3. Times cited = 7

Novajra G, Tonda-Turo C, Vitale-Brovarone C, Ciardelli G, Geuna S, Raimondo S. (2013) Novel systems for tailored neurotrophic factor release based on hydrogel and resorbable glass hollow fibers. <u>*Mater Sci Eng C Mater Biol Appl.*</u> 1;36:25-32. IF= 3,088; R = 17/33; Times cited =4

Geuna S, Perroteau I, Tos P, Battiston B. (2013) Peripheral nerve repair is no longer a matter of surgical reconstruction only. *Int Rev Neurobiol*. 109:xi-xii. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =0

Tos P, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Battiston B. (2013) Future perspectives in nerve repair and regeneration. *Int Rev Neurobiol.* 109:165-92. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =6

Rochkind S, Geuna S, Shainberg A. (2013) Phototherapy and nerve injury: focus on muscle response. *Int Rev Neurobiol*. 109:99-109. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =2

Gnavi S, Barwig C, Freier T, Haastert-Talini K, Grothe C, Geuna S. The use of chitosanbased scaffolds to enhance regeneration in the nervous system. *Int Rev Neurobiol.* 109:1-62. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =5

Geuna S, Perroteau I, Tos P, Battiston B. (2013) Preface. tissue engineering of the peripheral nerve: stem cells and regeneration promoting factors. *Int Rev Neurobiol*. 108:xiii-xiv. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =0

Raimondo S, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Pascal D, Reano S, Filigheddu N, Graziani A. (2013) Ghrelin: a novel neuromuscular recovery promoting factor? *Int Rev Neurobiol.* 108:207-21. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =3

Geuna S, Gnavi S, Perroteau I, Tos P, Battiston B. (2013) Tissue engineering and peripheral nerve reconstruction: an overview. *Int Rev Neurobiol.*108:35-57. IF= 1,921; R = 182/252; Times cited =6

Haastert-Talini K, Geuna S, Dahlin LB, Meyer C, Stenberg L, Freier T, Heimann C, Barwig C, Pinto LF, Raimondo S, Gambarotta G, Samy SR, Sousa N, Salgado AJ, Ratzka A, Wrobel S, Grothe C. (2013) Chitosan tubes of varying degrees of acetylation for bridging peripheral nerve defects. *Biomaterials*.34(38) 9886-9904. IF= 8,557; R = 1/33; Times cited =14

Çolakoğlu S, Aktaş A, Raimondo S, Türkmen AP, Altunkaynak BZ, Odacı E, Geuna S, Kaplan S. (2013) Effects of prenatal exposure to diclofenac sodium and saline on the optic nerve of 4- and 20-week-old male rats: a stereological and histological study. <u>*Biotech Histochem.*</u> 89(2):136-44.

IF= 1,444; R = 161/184; Times cited =1

Borrione P, Grasso L, Chierto E, Geuna S, Racca S, Abbadessa G, Ronchi G, Faiola F, Di Gianfrancesco A, Pigozzi F. (2014) Experimental model for the study of the effects of plateletrich plasma on the early phases of muscle healing. *Blood Transfus.* 12:S221-S228. IF= 2,372; R =39/68; Times cited =2

Moimas S, Novati F, Ronchi G, Zacchigna S, Fregnan F, Zentilin L, Papa G, Giacca M, Geuna S, Perroteau I, Arnež ZM, Raimondo S. (2013) Effect of vascular endothelial growth factor gene therapy on post-traumatic peripheral nerve regeneration and denervation-related muscle atrophy. <u>*Gene Ther.*</u> 20(10):1014-21. IF= 3,104; R = 43/123; Times cited =2

Ronchi G, Gambarotta G, Di Scipio F, Salamone P, Sprio AE, Cavallo F, Perroteau I, Berta GN, Geuna S. ErbB2 receptor over-expression improves post-traumatic peripheral nerve regeneration in adult mice. <u>*PLoS One.*</u> 8(2):e56282. IF= 3,234; R = 9/57; Times cited =5 Jaminet P, Köhler D, Schäufele M, Rahmanian-Schwarz A, Lotter O, Fornaro M, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Rosenberger P, Schaller HE. (2013) Evaluating the role of Netrin-1 during the early phase of peripheral nerve regeneration using the mouse median nerve model. <u>*Restor Neurol Neurosci.*</u> 31(3):337-45.

IF= 2,49; R = 153/252; Times cited =4

Costa LM, Pereira JE, Filipe VM, Magalhães LG, Couto PA, Gonzalo-Orden JM, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Maurício AC, Nikulina E, Filbin MT, Varejão AS. (2013) Rolipram promotes functional recovery after contusive thoracic spinal cord injury in rats. <u>Behav Brain Res.</u> 15;243:66-73.

IF= 3,028; R = 115/252; Times cited =15

Papalia I, Raimondo S, Ronchi G, Magaudda L, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Geuna S. (2012) Repairing nerve gaps by vein conduits filled with lipoaspirate-derived entire adipose tissue hinders nerve regeneration. *Ann Anat*.195(3):225-30. IF= 1,483; R = 11/21; Times cited =6

Porporato PE, Filigheddu N, Reano S, Ferrara M, Angelino E, Gnocchi VF, Prodam F, Ronchi G, Fagoonee S, Fornaro M, Chianale F, Baldanzi G, Surico N, Sinigaglia F, Perroteau I, Smith RG, Sun Y, Geuna S, Graziani A. (2012) Acylated and unacylated ghrelin impair skeletal muscle atrophy in mice. *J Clin Invest.* 123(2):611-22. IF= 13,262; R =3/123; Times cited =39

Jaminet P, Köhler D, Rahmanian-Schwarz A, Lotter O, Mager A, Fornaro M, Ronchi G, Geuna S, Rosenberger P, Schaller HE. (2012) Expression patterns and functional evaluation of the UNC5b receptor during the early phase of peripheral nerve regeneration using the mouse median nerve model. <u>*Microsurgery*</u>. 33(3):216-22. IF=2,421; R =46/204; Times cited =3

Gärtner A, Pereira T, Alves MG, Armada-da-Silva PA, Amorim I, Gomes R, Ribeiro J, França ML, Lopes C, Carvalho RA, Socorro S, Oliveira PF, Porto B, Sousa R, Bombaci A, Ronchi G, Fregnan F, Varejão AS, Luís AL, Geuna S, Maurício AC. (2012) Use of poly(DL-lactide-ε-caprolactone) membranes and mesenchymal stem cells from the Wharton's jelly of the umbilical cord for promoting nerve regeneration

in axonotmesis: in vitro and in vivo analysis. *Differentiation.* 84(5):355-65. IF=3,437; R =86/184; Times cited =1

Papalia I, Ronchi G, Muratori L, Mazzucco A, Magaudda L, Geuna S. (2012) Direct muscle neurotization after end-to end and end-to-side neurorrhaphy: An experimental study in the rat forelimb model. <u>*Neural Regen Res.*</u> 15;7(29):2273-8. IF=0,22; R =247/252; Times cited =0

Geuna S, Tos P, Battiston B. (2012) Emerging issues in peripheral nerve repair. <u>Neural</u> <u>Regen Res.</u> 7(29):2267-72.

IF=0,22; R =247/252; Times cited =2

Geuna S. (2012) Peripheral nerve regeneration research: Why is it getting so "cool"? <u>Neural</u> <u>Regen Res.</u> 15;7(29):2245-6.

IF=0,22; R =247/252; Times cited =0

Jaminet P, Schäufele M, Geuna S, Schaller HE, Rosenberger P, Köhler D. (2012) Scope and limitations of the median nerve mouse model in research on peripheral nerve regeneration. *Handchir Mikrochir Plast Chir.* 44(4):204-8.

IF=0,651; R =169/198; Times cited =0

Accomasso L, Cibrario Rocchietti E, Raimondo S, Catalano F, Alberto G, Giannitti A, Minieri V, Turinetto V, Orlando L, Saviozzi S, Caputo G, Geuna S, Martra G, Giachino C. (2012) Fluorescent silica nanoparticles improve optical imaging of stem cells allowing direct discrimination between live and early-stage apoptotic cells. <u>Small.</u> 22;8(20):3192-200. IF=8,368; R =16/260; Times cited =7

Grothe C, Haastert-Talini K, Freier T, Navarro X, Dahlin LB, Salgado A, Rochkind S, Shahar A, Pinto LF, Hildebrandt M, Geuna S. (2012) BIOHYBRID – Biohybrid templates for peripheral nerve regeneration. *J Peripher Nerv Syst.* 2012 17(2):220-2. IF=2,758; R =129/252; Times cited =2

Mantovani C, Raimondo S, Haneef MS, Geuna S, Terenghi G, Shawcross SG, Wiberg M. (2012) Morphological, molecular and functional differences of adult bone marrow and adipose-derived stem cells isolated from rats of different ages. *Exp Cell Res.* 318(16):2034-48.

IF=3,246; R =96/184; Times cited =10

Sprio AE, Di Scipio F, Raimondo S, Salamone P, Pagliari F, Pagliari S, Folino A, Forte G, Geuna S, Di Nardo P, Berta GN. (2012) Self-renewal and multipotency coexist in a long-term cultured adult rat dental pulp stem cell line: an exception to the rule? <u>Stem Cells Dev.</u> IF=3,727; R =29/123; Times cited =2

Czaja K, Fornaro M, Geuna S. (2012) Neurogenesis in the adult peripheral nervous system. <u>Neural Regen Res. 2012</u> 7(14):1047-54. IF=0,22; R =247/252; Times cited =2

Muratori L, Ronchi G, Raimondo S, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Fornaro M, Geuna S. (2012) Can regenerated nerve fibers return to normal size? A long-term post-traumatic study of the rat median nerve crush injury model. <u>*Microsurgery*</u>. 32(5):383-7. IF=2,241; R =46/204; Times cited =22

Tos P, Battiston B, Ciclamini D, Geuna S, Artiaco S. (2012) Primary repair of crush nerve injuries by means of biological tubulization with muscle-vein-combined grafts. <u>*Microsurgery*</u>. 32(5):358-63.

IF=2,241; R =46/204; Times cited =15

Audisio C, Mantovani C, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Perroteau I, Terenghi G. (2012) Neuregulin1 administration increases axonal elongation in dissociated primary sensory neuron cultures. *Exp Cell Res.* 318(5):570-7.

IF=3,246; R =96/184; Times cited =1

Lanza C, Raimondo S, Vergani L, Catena N, Sénès F, Tos P, Geuna S. (2012) Expression of antioxidant molecules after peripheral nerve injury and regeneration. <u>*J Neurosci Res.*</u> 90(4):842-8.

IF=2,594; R =148/252; Times cited =5

Simões MJ, Gärtner A, Shirosaki Y, Gil da Costa RM, Cortez PP, Gartnër F, Santos JD, Lopes MA, Geuna S, Varejão AS, Maurício AC. (2011) In vitro and in vivo chitosan membranes testing for peripheral nerve reconstruction. <u>*Acta Med Port.*</u> 24(1):43-52. IF=0,36; R =135/154; Times cited =4

Tos P, Innocenti M, Artiaco S, Antonini A, Delcroix L, Geuna S, Battiston B. (2011) Perforatorbased propeller flaps treating loss of substance in the lower limb. <u>J Orthop Traumatol</u>. 12(2):93-9. Times cited =9

Kaplan S, Pişkin A, Ayyildiz M, Aktaş A, Köksal B, Ulkay MB, Türkmen AP, Bakan F, Geuna S. (2011) The effect of melatonin and platelet gel on sciatic nerve repair: an electrophysiological and stereological study. *Microsurgery*. 31(4):306-13. IF=2,241; R =46/204; Times cited =12

Raimondo S, Fornaro M, Tos P, Battiston B, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Geuna S. (2011) Perspectives in regeneration and tissue engineering of peripheral nerves. <u>Ann Anat.</u> 193(4):334-40.

IF=1,483; R =11/21; Times cited =19

Sinis N, Manoli T, Schiefer JL, Werdin F, Jaminet P, Kraus A, Fornaro M, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Schaller HE. (2011) Application of two different hemostatic procedures during microsurgical median nerve reconstruction in the rat does not hinder axonal regeneration. *Neurosurgery*. 68(5):1399-403.

IF: 3,62 R=21/198 Times Cited:0

Simões MJ, Amado S, Gärtner A, Armada-Da-Silva PA, Raimondo S, Vieira M, Luís AL, Shirosaki Y, Veloso AP, Santos JD, Varejão AS, Geuna S, Maurício AC. (2010) Use of chitosan scaffolds for repairing rat sciatic nerve defects. *Ital J Anat Embryol.* 115(3):190-210. Times cited =9

Tos P, Geuna S, Papalia I, Conforti LG, Artiaco S, Battiston B. (2011) Experimental and clinical employment of end-to-side coaptation: our experience. <u>Acta Neurochir Suppl.</u> 108:241-5.

Times cited =4

Geuna S, Fornaro M, Raimondo S, Giacobini-Robecchi MG. (2010) Plasticity and regeneration in the peripheral nervous system. <u>*Ital J Anat Embryol.*</u> 115(1-2):91-4. Times cited =9

Gigo-Benato D, Russo TL, Geuna S, Domingues NR, Salvini TF, Parizotto NA. (2010) Electrical stimulation impairs early functional recovery and accentuates skeletal muscle atrophy after sciatic nerve crush injury in rats. <u>*Muscle Nerve*</u>. 41(5):685-93. IF= 2,283 R=160/252 Times cited=26

Turgut M, Geuna S. (2010) International symposium on peripheral nerve repair and regeneration and 2nd club Brunelli meeting<u>. *J Brachial Plex Peripher Nerve Inj*</u>.5:5. Times cited: 11

Amado S, Rodrigues JM, Luís AL, Armada-da-Silva PA, Vieira M, Gartner A, Simões MJ, Veloso AP, Fornaro M, Raimondo S, Varejão AS, Geuna S, Maurício AC. (2010) Effects of collagen membranes enriched with in vitro-differentiated N1E-115 cells on rat sciatic nerve regeneration after end-to-end repair. *J Neuroeng Rehabil.*7:7.

IF= 2,74 R=132/252 Times cited=12

Ronchi G, Raimondo S, Varejão AS, Tos P, Perroteau I, Geuna S. (2010) Standardized crush injury of the mouse median nerve. <u>*J Neurosci Methods*</u>. 30;188(1):71-5. IF= 2,025 R=174/252 Times cited=11

Kaplan S, Geuna S, Ronchi G, Ulkay MB, von Bartheld CS. (2010) Calibration of the stereological estimation of the number of myelinated axons in the rat sciatic nerve: a multicenter study. *J Neurosci Methods.* 187(1):90-9. IF= 2,025 R=174/252 Times cited=25

Costa LM, Pereira JE, Filipe VM, Couto PA, Magalhães LG, Bulas-Cruz J, Maurício AC, Geuna S, Varejão AS. (2010) The effect of gait speed on three-dimensional analysis of hindlimb kinematics during treadmill locomotion in rats. *Rev Neurosci.* 21(6):487-97. IF= 3,33 R= 98/252 Times cited=5

Artiaco S, Tos P, Conforti LG, Geuna S, Battiston B. (2010) Termino-lateral nerve suture in lesions of the digital nerves: clinical experience and literature review. <u>*J Hand Surg Eur Vol.*</u> 35(2):109-14.

IF= 2,037 R= 73/198 Times cited=9

4.GROUP's PUBBLICATIONS:

Geuna S, Raimondo S, Fregnan F, Haastert-Talini K, Grothe C. (2015) In vitro models for peripheral nerve regeneration. *Eur J Neurosci.* Aug 26. doi: 10.1111/ejn.13054. [Epub ahead of print] Review. PubMed PMID: 26309051. IF 3,181 R=108/252

Ronchi G, Haastert-Talini K, Fornasari BE, Perroteau I, Geuna S, Gambarotta G. (2015) The Neuregulin1/ErbB system is selectively regulated during peripheral nerve degeneration and regeneration. <u>*Eur J Neurosci.*</u> doi: 10.1111/ejn.12974. [Epub ahead of print] PubMed PMID: 26061116.

IF 3,181 R=108/252

Muratori L, Ronchi G, Raimondo S, Geuna S, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Fornaro M. (2015) Generation of new neurons in dorsal root Ganglia in adult rats after peripheral nerve crush injury. <u>Neural Plast.</u> 860546

IF= 3.582; R= 87/252 Times cited = 0

Gambarotta G, Pascal D, Ronchi G, Morano M, Jager SB, Moimas S, Zentilin L, Giacca M, Perroteau I, Tos P, Geuna S, Raimondo S. (2015) Local delivery of the Neuregulin1 receptor ecto-domain (ecto-ErbB4) has a positive effect on regenerated nerve fiber maturation. <u>*Gene*</u> <u>*Ther.*</u> 22(11): 901-7

IF 3,104 R=117/290 Times cited=0

Gambarotta G, Ronchi G, Friard O, Galletta P, Perroteau I, Geuna S. (2014) Identification and validation of suitable housekeeping genes for normalizing quantitative real-time PCR assays in injured peripheral nerves. <u>*PLoS One.*</u> 9(8):e105601. IF= 3,234; R = 9/57; Times cited = 1

Ronchi G, Jager SB, Vaegter CB, Raimondo S, Giacobini-Robecchi MG, Geuna S. (2014) Discrepancies in quantitative assessment of normal and regenerated peripheral nerve fibers between light and electron microscopy. <u>J Peripher Nerv Syst.</u> 19(3):224-33. IF= 2,758; R=129/252; Times cited = 2

Ronchi G, Gambarotta G, Di Scipio F, Salamone P, Sprio AE, Cavallo F, Perroteau I, Berta GN, Geuna S. (2013) ErbB2 receptor over-expression improves post-traumatic peripheral nerve regeneration in adult mice. <u>*PLoS One.*</u> 8(2):e56282. IF= 3,234; R = 9/57; Times cited =5

Moimas S, Novati F, Ronchi G, Zacchigna S, Fregnan F, Zentilin L, Papa G, Giacca M, Geuna S, Perroteau I, Arnež ZM, Raimondo S. (2013) Effect of vascular endothelial growth factor gene therapy on post-traumatic peripheral nerve regeneration and denervation-related muscle atrophy. <u>*Gene Ther.*</u> 20(10):1014-21. IF= 3,104; R = 43/123; Times cited =2

Porporato PE, Filigheddu N, Reano S, Ferrara M, Angelino E, Gnocchi VF, Prodam F, Ronchi G, Fagoonee S, Fornaro M, Chianale F, Baldanzi G, Surico N, Sinigaglia F, Perroteau I, Smith RG, Sun Y, Geuna S, Graziani A. (2012) Acylated and unacylated ghrelin impair skeletal muscle atrophy in mice. <u>*J Clin Invest.*</u> 123(2):611-22.

IF= 13,262; R =3/123; Times cited =39

Fregnan F, Petrov V, Garzotto D, De Marchis S, Offenhäuser N, Grosso E, Chiorino G, Perroteau I, Gambarotta G. (2011) Eps8 involvement in neuregulin1-ErbB4 mediated migration in the neuronal progenitor cell line ST14A. *Exp Cell Res.* 317(6):757-69 IF 3,246; R 96/184; Times cited= 5

5. GROUP's additional information:

Please list the grants of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015according to the table below:

Starting- end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Availabl e to NICO
	National vs Internati onal	P. Rossi; PI vs. Component	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
2015_2017	National	S. Raimondo Pl	Compagnia di San Paolo	Moving Again: Integrated Therapies to Cure Post- Traumatic Paralysis	Progetti di Ricerca di Ateneo/ CSP 2014	€ 84.660	

Please list outreach activities of other members of the group:

• Describe your international collaborative experiences.

- Dr. Stefania Raimondo: 2015: stage in IINS Bordeaux.
- Dr. Stefania Raimondo: 2011- 2015: coordination board member of the project "Biohybrid templates for peripheral nerve regeneration" of EU-FP7-Health-2011.
- Dr. Michela Morano: July- December 2014: Internship as PhD student Institute of Neuroanatomy, Hannover Medical School (MHH), Hannover, Germany.
- Dr. Giulia Ronchi: 2013: Training at Medovent (Mainz, Germany) within the European project FP7-BIOHYBRID.
- Dr. Federica Fregnan: 2013: Training at Medovent (Mainz, Germany) within the European project FP7-BIOHYBRID.
- Dr. Sara Gnavi 2011-2012: stage at the Netherland Institute for Neuroscience, Amsterdam, The Netherland.
- Dr. Giulia Ronchi 2009-2010: Exchanging scholar at the Washington State University (Pullman, WA).

• Invited talks

- Dr. Stefania Raimondo: Fens 2010 Amsterdam.
- Dr. Sara Gnavi: Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology of Nervous system
 Degeneration and Regeneration Workshop, Centre for Neuroscience 2013 Brno,
 Czech Republic.

• Editorial duties

- Dr. Stefania Raimondo: Reviewer for Scientific International Journal (Acta Biomaterialia, International Review of Neurobiology, BioMed Research International).

- Dr. Giulia Ronchi Reviewer for Life Science and BioMed Research International.

Please list your organizational activities:

- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized by members of the group
- 2nd International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration, January 23rd 25th, 2015 in Turin, Italy.
- 3rd International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration, September 24th and 25th, 2015 in Hannover, Germany.

6 .Past Research activity

(Summarize the PI and group research activities in the last 10 years)

a. Summary (500 characters)

The research activities of Geuna's group have been focused on the study of peripheral nerve repair and regeneration. Different aspects have been studied: i) biological processes that occurs during peripheral nerve regeneration, ii) surgical techniques for nerve repair after different type of injuries, iii) biomaterials compatibility for nerve prosthesis constitution, iv) growth factors delivery strategies for the improvement of nerve regeneration or for the prevention of muscle atrophy.

b. Background (2000 characters)

Paralysis after peripheral nerve injury is a common condition and, although peripheral nerve fibres retain a considerable regeneration potential also in the adulthood, recovery is usually rather poor, especially in case of large nerve defects.

The increasing number of patients receiving nerve surgery will represent an enormous stimulus for more research in peripheral nerve regeneration and, most of all, for defining innovative strategies for improving functional recovery of repaired nerves.

Transected peripheral nerve fibers, unlike those of the central nervous system, are able to regenerate and lead to functional recovery provided that an appropriate milieu and guide is available. Thanks to this property, surgeons can obtain good functional recovery in patients who suffered a trauma that discontinued one or more nerve trunks by re-aligning and suturing the two stumps of the severed nerves. Unfortunately, severe traumas (especially at limb level) often cause substance loss in severed nerves so that direct repair is not possible, and a graft is required to bridge the proximal and distal stumps of the severed nerve(s). Transected fibers can thus regenerate inside the graft and reach their optimal milieu represented by the distal nerve trunk, which will eventually guide them towards their original peripheral target. Although autologous sensory nerve segments have proved to be an excellent graft material for bridging severed nerve trunks and have been widely used in the clinical practice, their employment implies the withdrawal of a healthy nerve, requires additional surgical incisions in adjacent areas and causes sensory residual deficits. Therefore alternative non-nervous graft materials, both biologic and synthetic, have been devised and successfully employed in the clinical practice.

c. Rationale (2000 characters)

Lesions of the nerve structure result in a decreased or a complete loss of sensitivity and/or motor activity in correspondence of the innervated territory. Since the clinical outcome after nerve lesions is far from being satisfactory and functional recovery is almost never complete, more research is needed in peripheral nerve trauma recovery field.

The poor outcome can be attributed to many factors, including (i) the lesion site, ii) the interval of time between the injury and the surgical repair, iii) the inability of denervated muscle to accept reinnervation and to recover from muscle atrophy, (iv) the reduced ability of injured axons to regenerate after a long axotomy and (v) the loss of the Schwann cell (SC) capability to support regeneration.

Such research bring together different disciplines which might contribute, not only to increase knowledge about the biological mechanisms that underlie the complex sequence of events which follows nerve damage, but also to define the best strategies for optimizing posttraumatic nerve regeneration and, eventually, the full recovery of the patient's motor and sensory function.

A complete rehabilitation after a peripheral nerve injury should follow three general phases: i) regeneration of the axons; ii) reinnervation of the targets; iii) recovery of function.

d. Objectives (1500 charcters)

The objectives of Geuna's group activities were to better understand biological process implicated in nerve regeneration and to study how improving functional recovery after peripheral nerve injuries, acting on peripheral nerve regeneration improvement and on prevention of denervated-muscle atrophy.

These goals have been reached: i) investigating new bioengineered and biomimetic graft materials for the repair of segmental nerve defects, as a powerful alternative to autographs, ii) developing new bio- and micro/nano-delivery systems of biomolecules stimulating nerve fiber regeneration with the effect to reduce the lag time before muscle reinnervation and inhibiting denervation-induced muscular atrophy until the nerve regeneration process has been completed and iii) analysing the changes in genes/proteins expression levels during the process of nerve injury-regeneration and muscle denervation–reinnervation.

Both in vitro and in vivo analysis have been conduct to describe the biological process implicated in peripheral nerve regeneration and to investigate new strategies for the repair of severe nerve lesions and to prevent muscle atrophy.

In vitro analysis have been useful to choose biomaterials that can be used for the constitution of the nerve prosthesis and to choose growth factors that act improving nerve regeneration and muscle tropism. The use of in vivo experimental models have been useful for the study of the basic biological processes and for the final pre-clinical testing of new strategies for improving peripheral nerve repair and regeneration.

e. Results (4000 characters)

Different activities have been carried out to reach the objectives. Both in vitro and in vivo analysis on animal models have been performed. All activities are summarized below.

Peripheral nerve regeneration study

In vitro and in vivo analysis have been performed in order to study the role on NRG/ErbB system during peripheral nerve injury and repair. The expression of NRG/ErbB genes and proteins have been analyzed in different type of nerve injury/repair (crush, end-to-end, tubulization) and at different time point after repair (early and late regeneration). Our results demonstrate that the components of the NRG1/ErbB system are differently regulated in the different phases a peripheral nerve undergoes after injury with the aim to regenerate. The precise regulation of this system indicates that each molecule is crucially involved in successful peripheral nerve regeneration and could be a target for pre-clinical evaluation of regeneration promoting factors. Moreover, also in vitro analysis allowed to evaluated the potential role of these molecules in the improvement of peripheral nerve regeneration and in the prevention of muscle atrophy.

Peripheral nerve repair with conduits

Main results about techniques of nerve repair have been obtained in the context of "Biohybrid" and "Biconerve" projects. Different type of chitosan conduits have been analyzed.

Basically, chitosan-based materials were used in in vitro and in vivo studies to evaluate the most efficient formulation in the context of nerve regeneration and to select the most promising types for the more complex approaches. We have demonstrated that fine-tuned chitosan conduits, with a degree of acetylation of ~5%, allow functional and structural regeneration across a 10-mm sciatic nerve gap in rats to a similar extent as autologous nerve grafts. These chitosan nerve conduits (Reaxon® Nerve Guide) got the CE mark in January 2014, market entry of Reaxon[®] Nerve Guide was performed in June 2014.

After that, the selected hollow chitosan tubes were modified with luminal fillers, biomatrices, and/or (genetically modified) cells and analysed in in vitro and in vivo studies, in order to then further support functional recovery especially in advanced animal models, across long gaps or even after delayed repair (45 days after nerve transection injury).

Study of muscle response to denervation/reinnervation

The regulation of NRG/ErbB system has also been investigated in skeletal muscles after different types of nerve injury/repair (crush injury, end-to-end repair, tubulization) at different time point (early and late regeneration). Results revealed a time-related modulation of both ErbB receptors and Nrg-1 suggesting that each molecule is crucially involved in processes related to muscle atrophy associated to denervation. Moreover, in vitro experiments with C2C12 cells stimulated with Nrg-1 were also performed to understand the involvement of this system during muscle atrophy. Our results, indeed, suggested that the system is deeply involved in this process and could be a target for new clinical therapies

f. Advancement in the field (1000 characters)

Results of our research, in the context of the European Project funded (Biohybrid), allowed to put on the market Reaxon® Nerve Guide, a chitosan conduit design for the repair of peripheral nerves.

Regarding the translational work Reaxon® Nerve Guide got the CE mark in January 2014. The product has already been implanted in patients with peripheral nerve defects at several German clinics. Moreover, FDA submission is under preparation. In addition, finalising of the translational work for clinical application of the hollow tube (ethic applications) and continuation of translational work for complex nerve conduits are ongoing activities. The preparation of a multicentre clinical trial on Reaxon® Nerve Guide in median and ulnar nerves is already completed.

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: NEUROENDOCRINOLOGY
1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION – PERSONNEL:

1.

2.

3.

4.

•	Principal Investigator			
	First name and surname	GianCarlo Panzica	Birthdate	(17/08/1949)
	Degree	PhD	Gender	male
	Nationality	Italian	Phone:	011 670 6607
	Email:	giancarlo.panzica@unito	.it	
•	Personnel			
	First name and surname	Stefano Gotti	Birthdate	(17/06/1971)
	Degree	PhD	Gender	male
	Role	Researcher RTI	Nationality	Italian
	Expertise	Co-PI		
	First name and surname	Giovanna Ponti	Birthdate	(05/04/1975)
	Degree	PhD	Gender	female
	Role	Researcher RTD	Nationality	Italian
	Expertise	Neurogenesis, phytoestrog	ens	
	First name and surname	Alice Farinetti	Birthdate	(23/12/1981)
	Degree	PhD	Gender	female
	Role	Post-Doc	Nationality	Italian
	Expertise	Neurogenesis, Gonadal ho	rmones	
	First name and surname	Marilena Marraudino	Birthdate	(08/06/1988)
	Degree	Master Degree	Gender	female
	Role	PhD Student	Nationality	Italian
	Expertise	Control of reproduction, en	docrine disrupto	ors

2. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

1973 Master degree in Biological Sciences (University of Torino, Italy). 1993 PhD in Neuroscience (University of Salamanca, Spain).

- After the degree in Biology, dr. Panzica had a fellowship (1974-1980) at the Institute of Histology and Embriology of the Faculty of Medicine, University of Torino, Italy. During this training period, I spent several months in Germany (University of Giessen and University of Ulm) to learn morphological techniques at light and electron microscopic level.

- After 1980, I spent several months at the University of Liege (dr. Balthazart lab) where I learnt behavioral techniques and started a cooperation that is still ongoing.

- In the period 1990-93 I spent several months at the University of Salamanca to develop my PhD thesis on the distribution of various peptidergic systems within the avian brain.

- In the period 1993-98 I spent several months at the University of Maryland, College Park, USA (Prof. Ottinger lab) to develop our joint studies on the Japanese quail.

Employment and research experience:

1980-1990 – Assistant Professor of Histology and Human Anatomy, University of Torino (Italy) 1990-2000 – Associate Professor of Human Anatomy, University of Torino (Italy) 2000-2006 – Full Professor of Comparative Anatomy, University of Torino (Italy) 2006-today - Full Professor of Human Anatomy, University of Torino (Italy)

During his career dr. Panzica was fellow at the University of Giessen, University of Ulm, University of Liege and University of Salamanca. He was visiting professor at the University of Madrid, University of Oviedo, University of Maryland (College Park, USA), charged of several PhD courses.

Management:

- 2003-2009 Coordinator of Master degree in Neurobiology, Faculty of Science, University of Torino (Italy) - 2007-2012 Head of the Department of Anatomy, Pharmacology and Forensic Medicine 2010-2012 Member of the Board of the Directors of the University of Torino Board of Italian Anatomical 2013-today Member of the the Collegium - 2013 - President of Master Degree in Evolution of animal and human behaviour, School of Science, University of Torino (Italy) 2013 ViceDirector for Research, Department of Neuroscience - 2014 – 15 and 2015-18 Director of the Department of Neuroscience

Relevant discoveries:

Dr. Panzica started his independent career as full time researcher (permanent position) in 1980, and his main interest was the study of hypothalamic circuits related to the control of different behaviors, in particular the reproductive behavior. During the period 1970-1980, many people started to investigate sex differences in brain structures, mainly in rodents (and in humans), but only a few studies were dedicated to this topic in other vertebrates. Dr. Panzica, in cooperation with dr. Balthazart (Liege) and dr. Viglietti (Torino), was the first to discover a sexually dimorphic nucleus within the preoptic area of the Japanese quail (Viglietti-Panzica et al., 1986). Several studies have been performed in our and other laboratories about the cellular populations, the presence of the enzyme aromatase, and the role played by this nucleus in the control of male copulatory behavior. The medial preoptic nucleus of the Japanese Quail is still considered the best model to link neural circuits, aromatase action and the control of a sexually dimorphic behavior. These discoveries were summarized in a review in the journal "Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology" (Panzica et al., 1996). This paper is still discussed in several classes of master courses in Behavioral Neuroendocrinology.

Following this research line, dr. Panzica and his coworkers tried to discover specific pathways particularly linked to the control of sexual behavior. They identified the parvocellular sexually dimorphic vasotocin system in the limbic system of the Japanese quail (Panzica et al., 1998). This paper was the first demonstration of a clear relationship among male sexual behavior and a

neurochemically defined circuit in birds (but also in all vertebrates) and gave a clean experimental model also in comparison with the several problems arising from the study of a similar system in mammals (De Vries and Panzica, 2006).

More recently, dr. Panzica and his team started to study the effects of endocrine disruptors over the neural circuits controlling food intake and energy metabolism. The current focus on the etiology of obesity remains on imbalance between food intake and energy expenditure, and the role of hypothalamic circuits in this process has been underestimated. Our team demonstrated for the first time a direct effect of one important obesogenic molecule (tributyltin, TBT) over hypothalamic circuits controlling feeding behavior and energy metabolism in mice, by using the cfos technique (Bo et al., 2011). This study was the first morphological evidence that obesogenic compounds may act not only at the periphery stimulating the increase of fat tissue, but also at the level of the hypothalamic circuits. This study is opening a new field of studies for the action of the so-called "metabolic disruptors" (Heindel et al., 2015): the alteration of the brain circuits dedicated to the control of food intake and energy metabolism.

Starting- end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
	National vs International	PI vs. Component	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
2009- 2013	National	PI	San Paolo- Progetto Neuroscien ze	Gender and affective disorders: role of vasopressin and neuroactive steroids		160.000	
2009- 2014	National	PI (F.Rossi, previous PI)	PRIN	Neurogenesis and neural differeniation: regulatory genes, molecular signals and experience		60.000	
2010- 2014	National	PI	Fondazion e CRT- Progetto Lagrange (4 year PhD fellowship)	Environment and brain sexual differentiation: role of endocrine disrupters		60.000	
2013- 2015	National	PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2012	Effetti cerebrali degli obesogeni		3.053	
2012- 2014	National (Spain)	С	Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovación (Spain)	Participación del óxido nítrico en el control neurohormon al de la ingesta		60.000	
2014- 2016	National	PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2013	Effetti cerebrali degli obesogeni: azione della TBT sul circuito a NPY		2.127	
2013- 2016	International Foudation		Postfinaste ride Foundation	Effects of finasteride on behavior and		14.656	1.465

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).

				neurosteroids		
2015- 2017	National	PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2014	Distruttori endocrini e circuiti che regolano l'assunzione di cibo ed il metabolismo energetico	2.343	187,43
2016- 2019	National (Spain)	С	Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovación (Spain)	Involvement of estradiol on feeding neurohormon al circuit programming in the rat	70.000	

List of supervised PhDs.

Adriana Paraninfo (1996) Nicoletta Aste (1996) joint PhD program with University of Liege (Liege, Belgium) Claudia Castagna (1998) Laura Plumari (2004) Stefano Gotti (2004) Monica Sica (2005) joint PhD program with University of Maastricht (Maastricht, Holland) Mariangela Martini (2008) joint PhD program with UNED (Madrid, Spain) Francesca Allieri (2008) joint PhD program with University of Paris VI (Paris, France) Elena Mura (2009) Daniela Grassi (2010) joint PhD program with UNED (Madrid, Spain) Elisabetta Bo (2011) Egidio Caricati (2011) joint PhD program with University of Marseille (Marseille, France) Desiree Miceli (2012) Alicia Rodriguez-Gomez (2013) joint PhD program with UNED (Madrid, Spain) Alice Farinetti (2014) Benedetta Foglio (2014)

Honours, prizes or awards received.

- Angelo Costa Prize (1986) for Anatomical, Embriological and Comparative anatomy studies, of the Faculty of Medicine.

- Prize "Extraordinario de Doctorado" (1994) of the University of Salamanca (Spagna), for the best PhD thesis of the year 1993

- Branemark Osseointegration Center Award for a paper presented at the 1st World Congress of Osseointegration (1994).

Please list your outreach activities

International collaborative experiences.

Dr. Panzica had several international cooperations, and many of them are still active. They are chronologically listed here:

1981-1990 Cooperation with dr. H. Korf (University of Giessen, Germany) on the hypothalamic magnocellular system in birds and its relations with osmoregulation.

1982-today Cooperation with dr. J. Balthazart (University of Liege, Belgium) on the definition of neural circuits controlling male copulatory behavior in the Japanese Quail.

1985-90 Cooperation with dr. R. Foster (University of Bristol, UK) on the photoperiodic control of the GnRH system in the Japanese Quail.

1990-today Cooperation with dr. M.A. Ottinger (University of Maryland, College Park, USA) on the effects of aging on vasotocin and GnRH systems in the Japanese Quail, and on the effects of endocrine disruptors on neural circuits and behaviors in birds.

1990-1995 Cooperation with dr. H. Vaudry (Rouen, France) on the distribution of the NPY system in birds.

1991-1996 Cooperation with dr. F. Sanchez and dr. J.R. Alonso (University of Salamanca) on the distribution of NADPH-diaphorase (nNOS) in the avian brain

1992-1999 Cooperation with dr. R. Grossman (Institute for Animal Science, Mariensee, Germany) on the sexually dimorphic vasotocin system in birds

2000-today Cooperation with dr. N. Harada (Kyoto University, Japan) on aromatase function in mammals, using a murine model knock-out for the aromatase gene.

2000-today Cooperation with dr. J. Bakker (University of Liege, Belgium) on sexually dimorphic vasopressin system in mice: effects of gonadal hormones in the differentiation and functioning of the system.

2001-today Cooperation with dr. P. Collado (UNED, Madrid, Spain) on the role of gonadal hormones in the regulation of nNOS expression, Vasopressin expression, and neural circuits controlling food intake and energy metabolism.

2005-2008 Cooperation with dr. K. Hallidin (Karoliska Institute, Stockholm, Sweden) on the effects of endocrine distruptors on sexual behavior and neural circuits in birds

2009-today Cooperation with L.M. Garcia Segura (Cajal Institute, Madrid, Spain) on the regulation of the expression of vasopressin in the paraventricular nucleus and in cell coltures in various experimental conditions

2009-today Cooperation with M.Keller (INRA, Tours, France) on the effects of endocrine disruptors on the kisspeptin system in mice

All these cooperations were supported by international grants from NATO, European training program, USDA, National Science Foundation, European Commission, France government, Spain Ministery of Science, CNR, FNRS.

NETWORKING

At present we are also involved in two European networks belonging to COST action. **COST ACTION: A systematic elucidation of differences of sex development (DSDnet)** http://www.cost.eu/COST Actions/bmbs/BM1303

To study Differences or Disorders of Sex Development (DSD) that constitute a complex group of rare diseases caused by chromosomal, genetic and endocrine metabolic disturbances that affect the endocrine-reproductive system, thereby modulating the sexual phenotype of a given person.

COST ACTION: GnRH NETWORK

http://www.gnrhnetwork.eu/hhn_home/hhn-cost/hhn-costorganization/hhn-wg3basicsciences.htm

Devoted to developing an international network of clinicians and investigators in the fields of reproductive medicine and neuroscience. Specifically we aim to explore the causes of GnRH deficiency, including Kallmann syndrome.

Dr. Panzica is also member of EDCs EU-ES TASK FORCE

http://www.endocrine.org/membership/email-newsletters/endocrine-insider/2014/april-17-2014/societyexpands-eu-advocacy-experts-talk-edcs-to-policymakers-in-brussels

It is a group of European and US scientists, working in the field of endocrine disruption, dedicated to to meet with EU policymakers on the issue of endocrine-disrupting chemicals. This group is part of a strategic initiative to ensure endocrine principles are incorporated into global EDC regulatory policies, the Endocrine Society established its EU EDC Task Force to inform and advocate with members of the European Parliament and officials within the EU Directorates General in charge of chemicals laws and regulations.

Invited talks (last ten years)

- Behavioral and neuroanatomical effects of xenoestrogens on avian models (Budapest, XXIX Ethological Conference, August, 2005)
- Gonadal hormones modulation of central nitrinergic systems (Int. Meeting Steroids and Nervous System, Torino, February, 2005)

- Xenoestrogens' action on brain and behavior differentiation: Avian models (International Conference on Food Contaminants and Neurodevelopmental Disorders, Valencia, March 2006)
- Xenoestrogens and Xenoandrogens action on Avian Vasotocin System (International Conference of Neuroendocrinology, Pittsburgh, August 2006)
- Sexual dimorphism and diergism of nitric oxide producing systems in the mammalian central nervous system (2nd World Congress on Gender-specific Medicine and Aging, Rome, March 2007)
- Effects of Xenoestrogens on the Differentiation of Behavioral Relevant Neural Circuits (24th Conference of European Comparative Endocrinologists, Genova, September 2008)
- Organizational Effects of Bisphenol-A on Kisspeptin Expression in the Hypothalamus of CD1 Mouse, 1st Kisspeptin World Conference, Cordoba, October 2008)
- Role of Androgens in the Differentiation of Rodent Arginine-Vasopressin System (XXXIII Congress of the Italian Society of Histochemistry, Rome, June 2009)
- Neuropeptidergic systems Targets for the Action of Endocrine Disrupting Chemicals in the Vertebrate Brain (Int. Symposium on Disturbance of Cerebral Function Induced by Food and Water Contaminants, Valencia, March 2010)
- Neuropeptidergic systems Targets for the Action of Xenoestrogens or Xenoandrogens in the Vertebrate Brain (Symposium on Neuroendocrine effects of Endocrine Disruptors - Rouen, July 2010)
- Avian vasotocin system: a model for the study of xenoestrogens' effects on brain circuits and behavior (International Conference of Neuroendocrinology, Rouen, July 2010)
- Environment and brain sexual differentiation: what role for endocrine disrupters? (Congresso Società Italiana di Anatomia, Padova, Settembre 2011)
- Hypothalamic NPY Expression in Adult Male Mice is Influenced by Adult Exposure to Environmental Endocrine Disruptors (The Obese Species, Erice, Italy, October 2011)
- Environment and brain sexual differentiation: what role for endocrine disrupters? (SiNAPSA Neuroscience Conference, Ljubljana, Slovenia, September 2011)
- Endocrine disruption of hypothalamic circuits controlling energy balance (Gordon Research Conference on Environmental Endocrine, Mount Snow, VT, USA, June 2012)
- Ambiente e Cervello: Come Nascono le Differenze tra i Sessi (Settimana del Cervello, Torino, Marzo 2012)
- Differenziamento Cerebrale e Ambiente Quale ruolo per i distruttori endocrini? (10° Congresso Società Italiana Andrologia e Medicina Sessuale, Lecce, November 2012)
- Ambiente e Cervello: Come Nascono le Differenze tra i Sessi (Infinitamente, Festival di Scienza, Verona, Marzo 2013)
- Sistema a Kisspeptina e Interferenti Endocrini (1° Incontro Network Ipogonadismo Centrale, NICe, Milano , Novembre 2013)
- Sexually dimorphic effects of endocrine disruptors on brain and behavior (8th Int. Conf. on Hormones Brain and Behavior, Liege, Belgium, June 2014)
- Distruttori endocrini e circuiti ipotalamici che controllano il metabolismo energetico (4i, Incontri Italiani Ipotalamo Ipofisari, Milano, Febbraio 2014)
- Impact of endocrine disrupters on neuroendocrine circuits controlling food intake (8th Copenhagen Workshop on Endocrine Disrupters, Copenhagen, April 2015)
- The sexually dimorphic vasotocin system as target for neuroendocrine disruption in birds (North American Society for Comparative Endocrinology, NASCE, Ottawa, Canada, June 2015)

Editorial duties.

Member of the Editorial board of:

- Domestic Animal Endocrinology (2007-2010)
- European Journal of Anatomy (1995-2010)
- Cell and Tissue Research (1996-today)
- Hormones and Behavior (2000-2015)
- Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy (2010-2015)

• Frontiers in Endocrinology (2015-today)

Guest editor of the following special issues:

- Neuropeptides and neuronal circuitries (a cura di G. Filogamo e G.C. **Panzica**), *Special Issue* di Basic and Applied Histochemistry, vol. 32/1, 1988, pp 1-192.
- Hormones, Brain, and Behavior (a cura di G.C.**Panzica** e J.Balthazart). *Special Issue* di Brain Research Bulletin, vol.44/4, 1997, pp.319-557.
- The Role of Nitric Oxide (a cura di G.C.**Panzica**). *Special Issue* di Eur. J. Anatomy, vol.2/1, 1998, pp.25-76.
- Neuroactive steroids in the third millenium (a cura di R.C.Melcangi e G.C. **Panzica**). *Special Issue* di Brain Research Reviews, vol. 37 (1-3), 2001, pp. 1-384.
- Steroids and The Nervous System. (a cura di R.C.Melcangi e G.C.**Panzica**), Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2003, Vol. 1007, pp.1-406.
- Action of environmental estrogens on neural circuits and behavior (a cura di G.C. **Panzica** e M.A.Ottinger), *Special Issue*, Brain Research Bulletin, vol. 65, 2005, pp. 185-275.
- Neuroactive steroids: Old players in a new game (a cura di R.C. Melcangi e G.C. **Panzica**), *Special Issue*, Neuroscience, vol.138(3), 2006, pp.733-1048.
- The endocrine nervous system: source and target for neuroactive steroids. (a cura di R.C.Melcangi e G.C.**Panzica**)), *Special Issue,* Brain Res. Reviews, vol. 57, 2008, pp. 271-605.
- Neuroactive steroids: effects and mechanisms of action (a cura di R.C. Melcangi e G.C. Panzica), *Special Issue*, Psychoneuroendocrinology, vol. 34 (Suppl. 1) 2009, pp. 1-286 ISSN.0306-4530.
- Neuroactive steroids: Focus on human brain (a cura di R.C. Melcangi, L.M. Garcia-Segura e G.C. Panzica), *Special Issue*, Neuroscience, vol. 191, 2011, pp. 1-158 ISSN.0306-4522.
- Recent advances in peptides and neurotransmitters (a cura di G.C.Panzica e L. D'Este), *Special Issue*, J. Chem. Neuroanatomy, vol. 42, 2011, pp. 221-340 ISSN.0891-0618.
- Steroids and the nervous system (a cura di G.C. Panzica e R.C. Melcangi), *Special Issue*, Journal of Neuroendocrinology, vol. 24, 2012, pp. 1-248 ISSN 0953–8194.
- Steroids and the nervous system (a cura di R.C. Melcangi e G.C. Panzica), *Special Issue*, Journal of Neuroendocrinology, vol. 25, 2013, pp. 957-1238 ISSN 0953–8194.
- Allopregnanolone: State of the art (a cura di Melcangi R.C., Panzica G.C.) Special Issue, Progr. Neurobiol, vol. 113, 2014, pp 1-136, ISSN: 0301-0082

Please list your organizational activities:

• Speakers invited

In addition to the speakers invited for the conferences and symposia, in the last 5 years we invited the following speakers for seminars at the Department of Neuroscience and/or NICO: Jacques Balthazart (Liege, Belgium), Luis Miguel Garcia Segura (Madrid, Spain), Guy Mensah-Nyagam (Strasbourg, France), Manuel Tena Sempere (Cordoba, Spain)

• Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized Conferences

- VI International Conference on Hormones, Brain and Behavior, Torino, August 1996

- VII International Conference on Hormones, Brain and Behavior, Torino, February 2009 - International Meeting Steroids and Nervous System, Torino. A series of conferences organized each two years in Torino, starting from 2001: 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, and 2015 (8th edition).

Satellite Symposia-

- Satellite symposium: Behavior as a biomarker of the effects of estrogenic pollutants in higher vertebrates, Torino, September 2001

- Satellite symposium: Action of environmental estrogens on behaviorally relevant neural circuits, Torino, February, 2003 -- Satellite Symposium: Steroid hormone regulation of NPY system, Torino, February 2005.

- Satellite Symposium: Selective Estrogen Receptors Modulators and the Brain, Torino, February 2007

- Satellite Symposium: Neuroactive steroids: Focus on human brain, Torino, February 2011

- Satellite Symposium: Allopregnalonone: State of Art, Torino, February 2013

- Satellite Symposium: Gender Differences on Neurodegenerative and Psychiatric Disorders, Torino February 2015

Workshops

- Image analysis on neurohistology - Technical Workshop of ENA meeting, Torino, 1989

- Metodi e problematiche della neurobiologia comparata - Workshop for the Meeting of the UZI, Torino, Italy, 1993

- II Ruolo del NO - Workshop for the Meeting of the Società Italiana di Anatomia, Torino, 1997 - Avian models for studying xenoestrogens action on brain and behavior - Workshop for the XXIX Ethological Conference, Budapest, August, 2005

3. **PI's PUBBLICATIONS:**

(Please list below your publications in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science). IF and Ranking of the year of publication.

Farinetti, A., Tomasi, S., Foglio, B., Ferraris, A., Ponti, G., Gotti, S., Peretto, P., Panzica, G.C. (2015). Testosterone and estradiol differentially affect cell proliferation in the subventricular zone of young adult gonadectomized male and female rats. Neuroscience. 286, 162-170. IF= 3.357; R = 96/252; Times cited = 0

Heindel, J.J., vom Saal, F.S., Blumberg, B., Bovolin, P., Calamandrei, G., Ceresini, G., Cohn, B.A., Fabbri, E., Gioiosa, L., Kassotis, C., Legler, J., La Merrill, M., Rizzir, L., Machtinger, R., Mantovani, A., Mendez, M.A., Montanini, L., Molteni, L., Nagel, S.C., Parmigiani, S., Panzica, G., Paterlini, S., Pomatto, V., Ruzzin, J., Sartor, G., Schug, T.T., Street, M.E., Suvorov, A., Volpi, R., Zoeller, R.T., Palanza, P. (2015). Parma consensus statement on metabolic disruptors. Environmental health : a global access science source. 14, 54.

IF= 3.37; R = 37/223 (Env Health) R=24/165 (Public Health); Times cited = 1

Bonomi, M. Cappa, M., Cariboni, A. Di Schiavi, E., Fabbri, A., Ferlin, A., Foresta, C., Ghizzoni, L., Jannini, E., Krausz, C., Loche, S., Lombardo, F., Maggi, M., Maggi, R., Maghnie, M., Mancini, A., Merlo, G., Panzica, G., Radetti, H., Russo, G., Simoni, M., Sinisi, A.A., Persani, L. (2014) Kallmann's syndrome and normosmic isolated hypogonadotropic hypogonadism: two largely overlapping manifestations of one rare disorder. J Endocrinol Invest. May;37(5):499-500. IF= 1.448; R = 109/128; Times cited = 1

Grassi, D., Lagunas, N., Calmarza-Font, I., Diz-Chaves, Y., Garcia-Segura, L.M., Panzica, G.C. (2014). Chronic unpredictable stress and long-term ovariectomy affect arginine-vasopressin expression in the paraventricular nucleus of adult female mice. Brain research. 1588, 55-62. IF= 2.843; R = 122/252; Times cited = 1

Melcangi, R.C., Panzica, G.C. (2014). Allopregnanolone: state of the art. Progress in neurobiology. 113, 1-5. IF= 9.992; R = 11/252; Times cited = 11

Rodriguez-Gomez, A., Filice, F., Gotti, S., Panzica, G. (2014). Perinatal exposure to genistein affects the normal development of anxiety and aggressive behaviors and nitric oxide system in CD1 male mice. Physiology & behavior. 133, 107-114. IF= 2.976; R = 19/51; Times cited = 2

Allieri, F., Spigolon, G., Melcangi, R.C., Collado, P., Guillamon, A., Gotti, S., Panzica, G.C. (2013). Androgen receptor deficiency alters the arginine-vasopressin sexually dimorphic system in Tfm rats. Neuroscience. 253, 67-77. IF= 3.327; R = 104/252; Times cited = 2

Grassi, D., Bellini, M.J., Acaz-Fonseca, E., Panzica, G., Garcia-Segura, L.M. (2013). Estradiol and testosterone regulate arginine-vasopressin expression in SH-SY5Y human female neuroblastoma cells through estrogen receptors-alpha and -beta. Endocrinology. 154(6), 2092-2100.

IF= 4.644; R = 24/124; Times cited = 4

Grassi, D., Lagunas, N., Amorim, M., Pinos, H., Panzica, G., Garcia-Segura, L.M., Collado, P. (2013). Role of oestrogen receptors on the modulation of NADPH-diaphorase-positive cell number in supraoptic and paraventricular nuclei of ovariectomised female rats. Journal of neuroendocrinology. 25(3), 244-250.

IF= 3.507; R = 50/124; Times cited = 1

Grassi, D., Lagunas, N., Amorin, M., Pinos, H., Panzica, G.C., Garcia-Segura, L.M., Collado, P. (2013). Estrogenic regulation of NADPH-diaphorase in the supraoptic and paraventricular nuclei under acute osmotic stress. Neuroscience. 248, 127-135. IF= 3.327; R = 104/252; Times cited = 0

Melcangi, R.C., Panzica, G.C. (2013). Neuroactive steroids and the nervous system: further observations on an incomplete tricky puzzle. Journal of neuroendocrinology. 25(11), 957-963. IF= 3.507; R = 50/124; Times cited = 2

Frye, C.A., Bo, E., Calamandrei, G., Calza, L., Dessi-Fulgheri, F., Fernandez, M., Fusani, L., Kah, O., Kajta, M., Le Page, Y., Patisaul, H.B., Venerosi, A., Wojtowicz, A.K., Panzica, G.C. (2012). Endocrine disrupters: a review of some sources, effects, and mechanisms of actions on behaviour and neuroendocrine systems. Journal of neuroendocrinology. 24(1), 144-159. IF= 3.331; R = 47/122; Times cited = 79

Panzica, G.C., Balthazart, J., Frye, C.A., Garcia-Segura, L.M., Herbison, A.E., Mensah-Nyagan, A.G., McCarthy, M.M., Melcangi, R.C. (2012). Milestones on Steroids and the Nervous System: 10 years of basic and translational research. Journal of neuroendocrinology. 24(1), 1-15. IF= 3.331; R = 47/122; Times cited = 14

Razzoli, M., Bo, E., Pascucci, T., Pavone, F., D'Amato, F.R., Cero, C., Sanghez, V., Dadomo, H., Palanza, P., Parmigiani, S., Ceresini, G., Puglisi-Allegra, S., Porta, M., Panzica, G.C., Moles, A., Possenti, R., Bartolomucci, A. (2012). Implication of the VGF-derived peptide TLQP-21 in mouse acute and chronic stress responses. Behavioural brain research. 229(2), 333-339. IF= 3.327; R = 13/49; Times cited = 8

Bo, E., Viglietti-Panzica, C., Panzica, G.C. (2011). Acute exposure to tributyltin induces c-fos activation in the hypothalamic arcuate nucleus of adult male mice. Neurotoxicology. 32(2), 277-280.

IF= 3.096; R = 74/261 (Pharmacol); Times cited = 6

Genestine, M., Caricati, E., Fico, A., Richelme, S., Hassani, H., Sunyach, C., Lamballe, F., Panzica, G.C., Pettmann, B., Helmbacher, F., Raoul, C., Maina, F., Dono, R. (2011). Enhanced neuronal Met signalling levels in ALS mice delay disease onset. Cell death & disease. 2, e130. IF= 5.333; R = 45/181; Times cited = 13

Gotti, S., Caricati, E., Panzica, G. (2011). Alterations of brain circuits in Down syndrome murine models. Journal of chemical neuroanatomy. 42(4), 317-326. IF= 2.435; R = 141/244 (Neuroscience); Times cited = 9

Martini, M., Pradotto, M., Panzica, G. (2011). Synergic effects of estradiol and progesterone on regulation of the hypothalamic neuronal nitric oxide synthase expression in ovariectomized mice. Brain research. 1404, 1-9. IF= 2.728; R = 126/244; Times cited = 4

Martini, M., Sica, M., Gotti, S., Eva, C., Panzica, G.C. (2011). Effects of estrous cycle and sex on the expression of neuropeptide Y Y1 receptor in discrete hypothalamic and limbic nuclei of transgenic mice. Peptides. 32(6), 1330-1334. IF= 2.434; R = 114/261 (Pharmacology); Times cited = 0

Melcangi, R.C., Panzica, G., Garcia-Segura, L.M. (2011). Neuroactive steroids: focus on human brain. Neuroscience. 191, 1-5. IF= 3.380; R = 94/244; Times cited = 47

Panzica, G.C., Bo, E., Martini, M.A., Miceli, D., Mura, E., Viglietti-Panzica, C., Gotti, S. (2011). Neuropeptides and enzymes are targets for the action of endocrine disrupting chemicals in the

vertebrate brain. Journal of toxicology and environmental health Part B, Critical reviews. 14(5-7), 449-472.

IF= 4.725; R = 7/83 (Toxicology); Times cited = 8

Aimetti, M., Romano, F., Cricenti, L., Perotto, S., Gotti, S., Panzica, G., Graziano, A. (2010). Merkel cells and permanent disesthesia in the oral mucosa after soft tissue grafts. Journal of cellular physiology. 224(1), 205-209.

IF= 3.986; R = 13/78 (Physiology); Times cited = 1

Grassi, D., Amorim, M.A., Garcia-Segura, L.M., Panzica, G. (2010). Estrogen receptor alpha is involved in the estrogenic regulation of arginine vasopressin immunoreactivity in the supraoptic and paraventricular nuclei of ovariectomized rats. Neuroscience letters. 474(3), 135-139. IF= 2.055; R = 161/239; Times cited = 16

Gotti, S., Martini, M., Viglietti-Panzica, C., Miceli, D., Panzica, G. (2010). Effects of estrous cycle and xenoestrogens expositions on mice nitric oxide producing system. Italian journal of anatomy and embryology = Archivio italiano di anatomia ed embriologia. 115(1-2), 103-108. IF= 0; Times cited = 6

Martini, M., Miceli, D., Gotti, S., Viglietti-Panzica, C., Fissore, E., Palanza, P., Panzica, G. (2010). Effects of perinatal administration of Bisphenol A on the neuronal nitric oxide synthase expressing system in the hypothalamus and limbic system of CD1 mice. Journal of neuroendocrinology. 22(9), 1004-1012.

IF= 4.650; R = 25/116 (endocrinology); Times cited = 12

4.GROUP's PUBBLICATIONS:

(Please list below up to ten most relevant publications of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science)

Ponti, G., Obernier, K., Alvarez-Buylla, A. (2013) Lineage progression from stem cells to new neurons in the adult brain ventricular-subventricular zone. CELL CYCLE 12: 1649 - 1650. IF= 4.565; R = 57/184; Times cited = 5

Ponti G, Obernier K, Guinto C, Jose L, Bonfanti L, Alvarez-Buylla A (2013) Cell cycle and lineage progression of neural progenitors in the ventricular-subventricular zones of adult mice, *PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (PNAS* - ISSN:1091-6490), pp. E1045- E1054. Vol. 110. IF= 9.674; R = 4/57; Times cited = 39

Ponti G, Reitano E, Aimar P, Cattaneo E, Conti L, Bonfanti L (2010) Neural-specific inactivation of ShcA function results in anatomical disorganization of subventricular zone neural stem cell niche in the adult brain, *NEUROSCIENCE* (ISSN:0306-4522), pp. 314-322. Vol. 168. IF= 3.357; R = 96/252; Times cited = 6

Ponti G, Crociara P, Armentano M, Bonfanti L (2010) Adult neurogenesis without germinal layers: the "atypical" cerebellum of rabbits. Arch Ital Biol. 2010 Jun;148(2):147-58. IF= 0.078; R = 213/239; Times cited =17

5. GROUP's additional information:

Please list the grants of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015- according to the table below:

Starting- end date	Origin	Name and Role of Group Member	Funding Source	Project Title	Proje ct ID	Overall Amoun t Funde d	Directly Available to NICO
	National vs International	P. Rossi; PI vs. Componen t	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
01/01/201 3- 31/12/201 5	National	Gotti S; PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2012	NEUROSTEROI DI E MODULAZIONE DELLA NEUROGENESI NELL'IPPOCAM PO DI RATTO		2.787	
01/01/201 4- 31/12/201 5	National	Gotti S; PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2013- progetti speciali di ateneo	Effects of perinatal administration of estradiol in the development of the sexually dimorphic arginine- vasopressin system in mice		10.300	
01/01/201 5- 31/12/201 7	National	Gotti S; PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2014	The Kisspeptin neuronal system: study of the distribution and of the pubertal development		1.854	148,33
1/1/2015- 31/1/2016	National	Ponti G; PI	UNITO-ex 60% 2013	Analisi dell'effetto dei fitoestrogeni sullo sviluppo del sistema nervoso centrale nei mammiferi		10.000	

Please list honours, prizes or awards received by other members of the group If applicable.

Ponti G.

• 2013 has achieved the National Academic Qualification as Associate Professor in Veterinary Anatomy

• 2009-2012 Marie Curie Outgoing International Fellowship: "*Imaging of the neural stem cell origin, proliferation, and fate within the stem cell niches of the mammalian brain*", University of California San Francisco, Department of Neurosurgery (Prof. Arturo Alvarez-Buylla lab.) in collaboration with the University of Turin, Italy, Department of Veterinary Morphophysiology (230669 €)

Please list outreach activities of other members of the group:

• Describe your international collaborative experiences.

Ponti G

2012-2014 National member of the COST ACTION: NANONET

Prof. Arturo Alvarez-Buylla, UCSF, San Francisco, California, USA Prof. Elly Hol (University of Utrecht) Prof. Roy Quinlan (University of Newcastle) Prof. J.C.V.M (Sjef) Copray (University of Groningen)

Gotti S

Prof. Guy Mensah-Nyagan, Equipe Stéroïdes, Neuromodulateurs et Neuropathologies, University of Strasbourg, France

- Invited talks
- Editorial duties

Ponti G

Since 2015 referee for FISM-AISM

Since 2014Review panel member for Frontiers in NeuroscienceSince 2013Euraxess expert

Since 2009 Associate Faculty Member of F1000

Gotti S

Since 2006 guest referee for these international scientific journals: Brain Research, Journal of, Chemical Neuroanatomy, Cell and Tissue Research, Physiology and Behavior, Neurological Science, Histology and Histopathology

Please list your organizational activities:

• Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized by members of the group

Gotti S

Member of the Local Organizing Committee of the International Meeting Steroids and Nervous System (Turin, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015) and co-editors of the scientific abstracts issue.

Ponti G

Member of the Local Organizing Committee of the International Meeting Steroids and Nervous System (Turin, 2013, 2015)

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable **6** .**Past Research activity**

a. Summary

The central focus of our researches has been the study of the interactions among steroids and nervous circuits. In particular, in the last ten years we studied the role played by early exposure to exogenous estrogens (XE) and androgens (XE) in the differentiation of sexually dimorphic circuits and behaviors in birds and mammals. Three main circuits and behaviors have been considered: arginine-vasopressin, NO-producing, and NPY systems, related to social, reproductive, and food intake behaviors.

b. Background

Among the hormonal signals with high impact on brain development, gonadal hormones, such as 17β -estradiol (E₂) and androgens, play key roles in the development of primary and secondary sex characteristics in higher vertebrates, including several steroid dependent behaviors. Our knowledge of how estrogens affect mammalian brain function and development has substantially broadened in recent years. After the demonstration that both nuclear estrogen receptors (ER α and ER β) and the membrane receptor (GPER-1) are expressed in many brain areas during ontogeny, it was soon realized that estrogens may modulate neuronal differentiation, notably by influencing cell migration, survival and death, and synaptic plasticity of neurons. These effects

were initially seen in the classical target area for E2, the hypothalamus and, later, also in other brain regions that revealed neuro-trophic effects of estrogen.

Appropriate levels of gonadal hormones are essential for normal development and sexual differentiation of the central nervous system (CNS), and of the reproductive behavior. Disturbing this developmental milieu, via exogenous estrogen treatment or gonadectomy, during critical periods of the pre- and/or postnatal development, may induce irreversible changes in the organization of the central nervous system and determine behavioral alterations in many species. Due to the fact that many endocrine distrupting chemicals (EDCs) are xenoestrogens (XEs) or xenoandrogens (XAs), they could, even in very low concentrations, deeply influence the development and the function of gonadal hormones-dependent neural circuits and related behaviors. Behavioral responses represent the culmination of several integrated systems, therefore, even small changes of neural or neuroendocrine components are likely to disrupt or modify behavior. Importantly, disturbances in normal behavior may influence the individual fitness and, therefore, assume a real biological significance in both animal and human ecosystems.

c. Rationale

When we started the study of neural and behavioral effects of EDCs, the current understanding of the activity and metabolism of XEs/XAs was based mainly on in vitro models, which do not provide detailed knowledge of XEs low dose effects. In addition, the traditional toxicological testing paradigms consider measures that are not tailored for impact on endocrine systems. In fact, EDCs' effects must consider end-points that are sensitive and reliable for assessing the effects of these compounds on the whole living organism, as well as on the integrated functions (behaviors) that could be affected.

An interesting example is bisphenol A (BPA), which is widely used in the food industry and in dentistry. BPA is known to have a weak estrogenic action due to its low affinity for the ER α . In spite of this weak binding activity, very low doses of BPA administered during the perinatal period have consequences on male mice, specifically increased prostate weight and decreased sperm production. In addition, mice fetuses exposed to BPA and then raised by untreated foster mothers still showed significant increase of body weight at weaning, earlier vaginal opening signaling accelerated puberty onset, as well as alterations of maternal behavior when adult.

EDCs acting at low levels can exert subtle effects by interfering with gene expression and other cellular activities, which can cause transient activational responses, or permanent impairment. Thus, the impact of EDCs will vary depending upon a variety of factors, including when exposure occurs in the life-cycle of an organism, as well as the duration and amount of the exposure. During the life-cycle of an organism, developmental stages are typically far more vulnerable to signal disruption than adult stages and the consequences of fetal exposure may be drastically different from those of adult exposure. This is thought to occur for several reasons, including the absence of fully developed protective enzyme systems and higher metabolic rates. Most importantly, however, the events underway in development involve a series of organizational alternatives that are (largely) irreversible once the "choice" in development is determined.

d. Objectives

The combination of steroid sensitivity (or the presence of gender differences) of specific neural circuits controlling specific behaviors is not too easy to find. Therefore our priority objective was to select animal models that could be suitable for the investigation on the EDCs effects. In addition, we were also interested in obtaining a comparative approach to the problem.

Our main model is the sexual behavior and the neural circuits that are controlling this behavior. Many of these circuits are, in turn, sexually dimorphic and their differentiation is due to the exposure to the correct steroid hormone during a particular period of life called critical period.

In birds and mammals, this effect is largely due to the intracerebral conversion of testosterone into estradiol via the enzyme aromatase. For this reason we have studied for a long time the cerebral distribution and activation of this enzyme, in particular in the avian brain.

However, contrary to other neural systems, the aromatase producing system does not show a strong dimorphism. Therefore, we have investigated, in turn, several neural systems, focusing mainly on the sexually dimorphic vasotocin (AVT)/vasopressin (AVP) system and the nitrinergic system.

e. Results

Sexually dimorphic AVT/AVP system. In the Japanese quail, embryonic exposure to estradiol benzoate (EB), prior to day 12 of incubation (critical period), irreversibly de-masculinizes both adult male copulatory behavior and the parvocellular AVT system of BST (**Panzica et al. 1998**). To test the estrogenic activity of different XE, eggs were injected at day 3 of incubation (simulating the accumulation of exogenous EDC by the mother within eggs). When 2-month old male quails were examined, XE affected both male copulatory behavior and AVT immunoreactivity. In particular, we observed a significant demasculinizing effect of diethylstilbestrol (DES), genistein, or ethylene, 1,1- dichloro-2,2-bis-*p*-chlorophenyl (DDE) on the sexually dimorphic parvocellular AVT system of the nucleus of the stria terminalis and on its projections to medial preoptic nucleus and lateral septum (**Viglietti-Panzica, et al. 2005; 2007; Mura et al. 2009**). For other EDCs the effects on this neural system were not significant or absent. Ethynylestradiol (EE₂) and methoxychlor (MCX), both affecting male sexual behavior, did not induce significant alterations of the AVT system (**Mattsson et al. 2008**).

A dissociation between demasculinization of behavior and demasculinization of the VT-ir system was found in these studies, suggesting that these effects are induced by estrogens via at least partly different pathways. Estrogen-induced effects on reproductive organ differentiation are mediated by ER α , whereas demasculinization of male copulatory behavior and AVT-immunoreactive (ir) system is not stimulated by activation of ER α alone. Therefore, it was postulated that ER β might have a primary role for the development of these circuits and behavior. This is also supported by the observation that during development of hypothalamic and limbic regions of Japanese quail, ER α appears later than ER β .

In mammals, we are investigating the AVP system and its regulation by gonadal hormones (Grassi et al., 2010, 2013a).

Nitric oxide synthase. Nitric oxide (NO) is a ubiquitous gaseous messenger molecule produced through the action of the enzyme nitric oxide synthase (NOS). NO is involved in various physiological activities, such as long-term potentiation, neuroprotection, or neural degeneration. NO plays a crucial role in reproduction at various level in the organism, from mounting behavior to lordosis and ovulation. We have published the first detailed description of the distribution of NO-producing neurons in mice (**Gotti et al. 2005**). NO-producing neurons were detected in several hypothalamic and limbic nuclei of rodents implicated in the control of reproduction (**Sica et al. 2009**). Our studies suggested complex relationships among nNOS system and gonadal hormones, suggesting the existence of significant neuroendocrine relationships (**Panzica et al. 2006; Carrillo et al. 2007; Gotti et al. 2009; Sica et al. 2009; Martini et al., 2009; Gotti et al. 2010; Grassi et al., 2013b, 2013c**). In addition, the analysis of mutant animals with knockout for ER-alpha or aromatase, and of Tfm rats with spontaneous mutation of the androgen receptor demonstrated that both estrogens and androgens exert a relevant role for the sexual differentiation of the hypothalamic nNOS system (**Martini et al. 2008**).

We have, therefore, examined the longterm effects of early exposure of mice of both genders to BPA on the nitrinergic system. Mice of both genders were exposed for 10 prenatal and 8 postnatal days to BPA that was administered to the mothers. The maternally exposed mice were sacrificed at the age of 2 months. Significant effects of BPA exposure were detected on the number of nNOS immunoreactive cells in a gender-oriented and dose-dependent way (Martini et al. 2010).

In recent years, we started the study of the effects of adult exposure to a potent obesogen, (tributiltyn, TBT) over the system controlling food intake (**Bo et al., 2011; Panzica et al., 2011**). We are also exploring the effects of phytoestrogens on NO- (**Rodriguez et al., 2014**) and AVP-systems.

f. Advancement in the field (1000 characters)

The health problems related to endocrine disruptors (in particular those related to obesity) gained more attention then 10 years ago both for politicians and for the people. Our studies, as well as those performed in other laboratories, esthablished some new end-points to determine the EDCs activity, in particular the behavior and the brain circuits. In addition, these studies pointed to the importance of "windows of activity" to determine the effects of these molecules (Frye et al., 2012). Our activity generated also some interactions with the political authorities of the European

Commission, to participate at the discussions about the new regulation of EDCs in Europe (task force of the Endocrine Society). A consensus paper about the new concept of "metabolic disruptors" was recently published (Heindel et al., 2015) and a commentary on the activity of the task force has been recently submitted to *Environmental Health Perspective*.

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: Neurophysiology of degenerative diseases

1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION – PERSONNEL:

• Principal Investigator

First name and surname Filippo Tempia Birthdate 20/08/1960 Degree MD, PhD Gender male Nationality Italian Phone: +390116706609 Email: filippo.tempia@unito.it

Personnel

- First name and surname Eriola Hoxha
 Birthdate 26/01/1981
 Degree PhD
 Gender female
 Role Postdoc
 Nationality Albanian
 Expertise patch-clamp, immunohistochemistry, molecular biology, behavior
- First name and surname Francesca Montarolo
 Birthdate (14/05/1983)
 Degree PhD
 Gender female
 Role Phd student, then postdoc
 Nationality Italian
 Expertise: immunohistochemistry, behavior, enriched environment
- First name and surname Mohcene Sadallah
 Birthdate (06/12/1981)
 Degree PhD
 Gender male
 Role Phd student, then postdoc
 Nationality Algerian
 Expertise: immunohistochemistry, transplantation of embryonic tissue

2. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

1979-1986: Medical School at the University of Torino

- 1986: M.D. degree with 110/110 cum laude. Thesis on "Functional aspects of the olivocerebellar pathway". The thesis was recognized as "worth of publication".
- 1986-1989: Ph.D. student in "Neurological Sciences" at the Department of Human Anatomy and Physiology of the University of Torino.
- 1990: Ph.D. degree with a thesis on "Role of the olivo-cerebellar system in dynamic and adaptive control of gaze stabilization".

Employment and research experience:

- 1986: guest scientist at the Hirnforschung Institut of Zürich working on a project on the role of the inferior olive in the plasticity of the vestibulo-ocular reflex, in collaboration with Dr. B.J.M. Hess.
- 1989: Short-term fellowship of the European Science Foundation for an overall period of 4 months of stay in Munich to work in collaboration with prof. N. Dieringer at the Ludwig Maximilian Universität, on a project on the role of the inferior olive in the adaptation and short-term habituation of the vestibulo-ocular reflex.
- 1990-1998: Assistant Professor ("Ricercatore Universitario") at the Department of Human Anatomy and Physiology (Department of Neuroscience since 1996), University of Torino.
- 1992-1993: on sabbatical leave at the Max Planck Institut für biophysikalische Chemie, Göttingen (Germany) and at the I. Physiologisches Institut der Universität des Saarlandes, Homburg/Saar (Germany) to work with prof. Arthur Konnerth on calcium permeability of glutamate receptor channels of Purkinje cells, medial septum neurons and hippocampal pyramidal cells.
- 1998-2004: Associate Professor of Human Physiology at the Section of Human Physiology of the Department of Internal Medicine, University of Perugia, Italy.
- 1998, 2000: short visits to the RIKEN Brain Science Institute in Wako-Shi (Japan) for a collaboration with Dr. Thomas Knöpfel.
- 2004-2005: Associate Professor of Physiology at the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Torino, Italy.
- Since 2005: Full Professor of Physiology at the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Torino, Italy.
- 2006-2012: Member of the "Rita Levi-Montalcini Center for Brain Repair" of the University of Torino and of the "National Institute of Neuroscience " (INN).
- Since 2008: Tenured Full Professor of Physiology at the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Torino, Italy.
- Since 2010: Group Leader at the Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi (N.I.C.O.)

April 18–June 24, 2012: Visiting Scientist at the University of Texas Medical Branch, Galveston, Texas (USA).

August 2013-August 2014: in sabbatical leave, Visiting Scientist at the Department of Pharmacology and Toxicology of the University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston, Texas (USA).

Relevant discoveries:

- synaptic integration and maturation of electrophysiological properties of synaptic currents of Purkinje cells from embryonic cerebellum grafts
- postsynaptic currents due to metabotropic glutamate receptors in Purkinje cells
- electrophysiological alterations of Purkinje cells in an animal model of the human genetic disease ataxia telangiectasia
- synaptic physiology of deep cerebellar nuclei
- cerebellar synaptic plasticity induced by fear conditioning
- expression and physiological roles of voltage-dependent potassium currents (I_A, Kv3, erg) and resurgent sodium current in Purkinje cells
- role of neuronal activity on the progression of the pathological lesions in murine models of Alzheimer's disease
- mechanisms of spreading of pathological lesions in Alzheimer's disease models, by means of transplantation
- structural and functional alterations in animal models of hereditary ataxia

Grants (last five yrs).

Starting- end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
	National vs International	PI vs. Compon ent	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
2012	International (USA)	PI	National Ataxia Foundation	Pilot study of the first knock-in animal model of SCA28, harboring the M666R mutation		€ 16,000 (\$15,000)	€ 16,000 (\$15,000)
2012/2015	National	co-Pl	MIUR	Morphological and functional alterations in knock-in mice, model of spinocerebellar ataxia SCA28		€ 110,000	€ 110,000
2012/2015	National	co-Pl	Telethon-Italy	Spinocerebellar ataxia type 28: cellular and animal models to unravel the pathogenesis and to identify potential therapeutic targets	GGP12217	€ 156,800	€ 156,800
2013/2014	National	PI	University of Turin – Local Grants	Integration of healthy embryonic nervous tissue in the adult brain of mice models of Alzheimer's disease		€ 3,000	€ 3,000
2014/2015	National	PI	University of Turin – Local Grants	Sintomi cerebellari e meccanismi cellulari in un modello murino di atassia spino- cerebellare tipo 38 (SCA38)		€ 2,400	€ 2,400
2014/2017	National	co-Pl	Telethon-Italy	Translating molecular pathology into a therapeutic strategy in SCA38, a newly identified form of spinocerebellar ataxia	GGP14225	€ 86,400	€ 86,400

Please list the name of PhDs you have supervised.

- 1999-2003 **Tiziana Sacco**, Neuroscience PhD Program. **PhD thesis Mentor**, University of Torino.
- 2006-2010 **Enrica Boda**, Neuroscience PhD Program. **PhD thesis Mentor**, University of Torino.
- 2007-2011 **Eriola Hoxha**, Neuroscience PhD Program. **PhD thesis Mentor**, University of Torino.
- 2008-2012 **Francesca Montarolo**, Neuroscience PhD Program. **PhD thesis Mentor**, University of Torino.
- 2010-2013 **Mohcene Sadallah**, Neuroscience PhD Program. **PhD thesis Mentor**, University of Torino.

Please list honours, prizes or awards received, If applicable.

- 2006: Invited Member of the "Rita Levi-Montalcini Center for Brain Repair" of the University of Torino
- 2006: Invited Member of the "National Institute of Neuroscience" (Consortium of Neuroscience Research Universities)
- 2007: Member of the Interdepartmental Center "Neuroscience Institute of Turin" (NIT)
- 2008: Invited Member of the Gallarate Center of Philosophical Studies (Italian National)
- 2010: Appointed Group Leader at the Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi (N.I.C.O.)
- 2010: Appointed Director of the Animal Facility of N.I.C.O.
- 2012 (April 18–June 24): Invited Visiting Scientist at the Department of Pharmacology & Toxicology of the University of Texas Medical Branch, Galveston, Texas (USA).
- 2014: Appointed member of the Scientific Board of the Center for Interdisciplinary Documentation of Science and Faith (DISF) of the Pontifical University of the Holy Cross (Rome, Italy).

Please list your outreach activities

- describe your international collaborative experiences.
 - 1986: guest scientist at the Hirnforschung Institut of Zürich working on a project on the role of the inferior olive in the plasticity of the vestibulo-ocular reflex, in collaboration with Dr. B.J.M. Hess.

1989: Short-term fellowship of the European Science Foundation for an overall period of 4 months of stay in Munich to work in collaboration with prof. N. Dieringer at the Ludwig Maximilian Universität, on a project on the role of the inferior olive in the adaptation and short-term habituation of the vestibulo-ocular reflex.

1992-1993: on sabbatical leave at the Max Planck Institut für biophysikalische Chemie, Göttingen (Germany) and at the I. Physiologisches Institut der Universität des Saarlandes, Homburg/Saar (Germany) to work with prof. Arthur Konnerth on calcium permeability of glutamate receptor channels of Purkinje cells, medial septum neurons and hippocampal pyramidal cells.

1998, 2000: RIKEN Brain Science Institute in Wako-Shi (Japan) for a collaboration with Dr. Thomas Knöpfel.

April 18–June 24, 2012: Visiting Scientist at the University of Texas Medical Branch, Galveston, Texas (USA).

August 2013-August 2014: in sabbatical leave, Visiting Scientist at the Department of Pharmacology and Toxicology of the University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston, Texas (USA).

Invited talks

18/08/1993: II. Institute of Physiology, University of Saarland, Homburg/Saar (Germania).

09/10/1998: Brain Science Institute, RIKEN, Wako-shi (Japan)

28/02–01/03/2000 "The cerebellum: from development to higher brain functions" Paris (France).

25-27/09/2000: Round Table "Cerebellar modules: anatomical and functional aspects" 51^a Riunione Autunnale della Società Italiana di Fisiologia, Catania (Italy).

22/02/2001: (invitation) Dept. of Biochemical Sciences, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa (U.S.A.)

25-28 /09/2001: Round Table "Channelopathies: what link between genetic heterogeneity and clinical phenotype? 52nd Annual Meeting of the Italian Physiological Society, Ancona (Italy).

20-23/06/2003: Second Conference on Epileptogenesis, Ferrara (Italy).

10-15/07/2003: Symposium at the IBRO Meeting, Prague (Czech Republic).

VI Convegno Nazionale Istituto Nazionale di Biostrutture e Biosistemi (INBB), Napoli 4-6 novembre 2004.

VIII Congresso Nazionale SIAMOC, Cuneo 24-27 ottobre 2007.

Editorial duties

(Editorial Boards)

Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience (Review Editor) Frontiers in Dementia (Review Editor) Frontiers in Synaptic Neuroscience (Review Editor) International Journal of Brain Science Journal of Neuroscience and Rehabilitation TheScientificWorldJOURNAL The American Journal of Alzheimer's disease American Journal of Life Sciences

(Reviewer)

Behavioural Brain Research British Journal of Pharmacology European Journal of Neurology European Journal of Neuroscience Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience Frontiers in Dementia Frontiers in Synaptic Neuroscience Journal of Neurophysiology Journal of Physiology (London) Molecular Neurobiology Nature Communications Neurobiology of Disease Neurochemistry International Neuropharmacology Neuroscience Neuroscience Research Pflügers Archiv - European Journal of Physiology Physiological Research Physiology & Behavior PLoS ONE Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (PNAS) The Journal of Physiological Sciences

Please list your organizational activities:

- Speakers invited
- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable

3. PI's PUBBLICATIONS:

Di Bella D, Lazzaro F, Brusco A, Plumari M, Battaglia G, Pastore A, Finardi A, Cagnoli C, Tempia F, Frontali M, Veneziano L, Sacco T, Boda E, Brussino A, Bonn F, Castellotti B, Baratta S, Mariotti C, Gellera C, Fracasso V, Magri S, Langer T, Plevani P, Di Donato S, Muzi-Falconi M, Taroni F. (2010) Mutations in the mitochondrial protease gene *AFG3L2* cause dominant hereditary ataxia SCA28. *Nature Genetics* 42: 313-331 (doi:10.1038/ng.544). IF: 36.377; R = 1/156 ; Times cited = 94

Sacco T^{*}, Boda E^{*}, Hoxha E, Pizzo R, Cagnoli C, Brusco A, Tempia F. (2010) Mouse brain expression patterns of *Spg7*, *Afg3l1*, and *Afg3l2* transcripts, encoding for the mitochondrial *m*-AAA protease. *BMC Neuroscience* 11: 55 (doi:10.1186/1471-2202-11-55). IF: 3.091; R = 101/239 ; Times cited = 5

Bianchi FT, Camera P, Ala U, Imperiale D, Migheli A, Boda E, Tempia F, Berto G, Bosio Y, Oddo S, LaFerla FM, Taraglio S, Dotti CG, Di Cunto F (2011) The collagen chaperone HSP47 is a new interactor of APP that affects the levels of extracellular beta-amyloid peptides. *PLoS ONE* 6(7): e22370 (13 pages) (doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0022370). IF: 4.411; R = 7/56; Times cited = 3

Boda E, Viganò F, Rosa P, Fumagalli M, Labat-gest V, Tempia F, Abbracchio MP, Dimou L, Buffo A. (2011) The GPR17 receptor in NG2 expressing cells: focus on *in vivo* cell maturation and participation in acute trauma and chronic damage. *Glia* 59:1958-1973 (doi: 10.1002/glia.21237). IF: 5.186; R = 46/244; Times cited = 21

Boda E^{*}, Hoxha E^{*}, Pini A, Montarolo F, Tempia F (2012) Brain expression of Kv3 subunits during development, adulthood, aging and in a murine model of Alzheimer's disease. *J Mol Neurosci* 46: 606-615 (doi: 10.1007/s12031-011-9648-6). IF: 2.922; R = 137/290; Times cited = 6

Hoxha E, Boda E, Montarolo F, Parolisi R, Tempia F (2012) Excitability and synaptic alterations in the cerebellum of APP/PS1 mice. *PLoS ONE* 7(4): e34726 (13 pages) (doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0034726). IF: 4.411; R = 7/56; Times cited = 10

Hoxha E, Tonini R, Montarolo F, Croci L, Consalez GG, Tempia F (2013) Motor dysfunction and cerebellar Purkinje cell firing impairment in *Ebf2* null mice. *Mol Cell Neurosci* 52: 51-61. (doi: 10.1016/j.mcn.2012.09.002). IF: 3.734; R = 82/252; Times cited = 1

Di Gregorio E, Bianchi FT, Schiavi A, Chiotto AM, Rolando M, Verdun di Cantogno L, Grosso E, Cavalieri S, Calcia A, Lacerenza D, Zuffardi O, Retta SF, Stevanin G, Marelli C, Durr A, Forlani S, Chelly J, Montarolo F, Tempia F, Beggs HE, Reed R, Squadrone S, Abete MC, Brussino A, Ventura N, Di Cunto F, Brusco A. (2013) A de novo X;8 translocation creates a PTK2-THOC2 gene fusion with THOC2 expression knockdown in a patient with psychomotor retardation and congenital cerebellar hypoplasia. *J Med Genet*. 50: 543-551. (doi:10.1136/jmedgenet-2013-101542). IF: 5.636; R = 19/165; Times cited = 4

Montarolo F, Parolisi R, Hoxha E, Boda E, Tempia F (2013) Early enriched environment exposure protects spatial memory and accelerates amyloid plaque formation in APP^{Swe}/PS1^{L166P} mice. *PLoS ONE* 8(7): e69381. (doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0069381). IF: 3.730; R = 8/55; Times cited = 1

Di Gregorio E, Borroni B, Giorgio E, Lacerenza D, Ferrero M, Lo Buono N, Ragusa N, Mancini C, Gaussen M, Calcia A, Mitro N, Hoxha E, Mura I, Coviello DA, Moon YA, Tesson C, Vaula G, Couarch P, Orsi L, Duregon E, Papotti MG, Deleuze JF, Imbert J, Costanzi C, Padovani A,

Giunti P, Maillet-Vioud M, Durr A, Brice A, Tempia F, Funaro A, Boccone L, Caruso D, Stevanin G, Brusco A. (2014) ELOVL5 Mutations Cause Spinocerebellar Ataxia 38. *Am J Hum Genet* 95: 209-217. pii: S0002-9297(14)00310-3. doi: 10.1016/j.ajhg.2014.07.001. IF: 10.931; R = 6/197; Times cited = 8

Lippiello P, Hoxha E, Volpicelli F, Lo Duca G, Tempia F*, Miniaci MC. (2015) Noradrenergic Modulation of the Parallel Fiber-Purkinje Cell Synapse in Mouse Cerebellum. *Neuropharmacol* 89: 33-42. DOI: 10.1016/j.neuropharm.2014.08.016. (* corresponding author).

IF: 5.106; R = 20/255; Times cited = 0

Nenov MN, Tempia F, Denner L, Dineley KT, Laezza F. (2015) Impaired firing properties of dentate granule neurons in an Alzheimer's disease animal model are rescued by PPARγ agonism. *J Neurophysiol* 113: 1712-1726.DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1152/jn.00419.2014. IF: 2.887; R = 28/83; Times cited = 1

Sallam HS, Tumurbaatar B, Zhang WR, Tuvdendorj D, Chandalia M, Tempia F, Laezza F, Taglialatela G, Abate N. (2015) Peripheral adipose tissue insulin resistance alters lipid composition and function of hippocampal synapses. *J Neurochem* 133: 125-133. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/jnc.13043 IF: 4.281; R = 56/252; Times cited = 0

Tempia F, Hoxha E, Negro G, Alshammari MA, Alshammari TK, Panova-Elektronova N and Laezza F (2015) Parallel fiber to Purkinje cell synaptic impairment in a mouse model of spinocerebellar ataxia type 27. *Front. Cell. Neurosci.* 9:205. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.3389/fncel.2015.00205 IF: 4.289; R = 55/252; Times cited = 0

Sadallah M, Labat-Gest V, Tempia F. Propagation of neuronal damage to embryonic grafts transplanted in the hippocampus of murine models of Alzheimer's disease. *Rejuvination Res.* 2015 November 5 epub ahead of print. doi: http://dx.10.1089/rej.2015.1672. IF: 3.311; R = 15/50; Times cited = 0

Lippiello P, Hoxha E, Speranza L, Volpicelli F, Ferraro A, Leopoldo M, Lacivita E, Perrone-Capano C, Tempia F and Miniaci MC. The 5-HT7 Receptor Triggers Cerebellar Long-Term Synaptic Depression via PKC-MAPK. *Neuropharmacol* 101:426-438 doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.neuropharm.2015.10.019 IF: 5.106; R = 20/255; Times cited = 0

Cupolillo* D, Hoxha* E, Faralli A, De Luca A, Tempia F, Rossi F, Carulli D. Autistic-like traits and cerebellar dysfunction in Purkinje cell PTEN knock-out mice. *Neuropsychopharmacol* 2015, November 5: epub ahead of print. doi: 10.1038/npp.2015.339 IF: 7.048; R = 11/255; Times cited = 0

4. GROUP'S PUBBLICATIONS:

The publications of the group coincide with those of the PI.

5. GROUP's additional information:

There is no additional information that wasn't mentioned in the PI's profile.

6 Past Research activity

(Summarize the PI and group research activities in the last 10 years)

a. Summary (500 characters)

Neurodegenerative diseases currently lack a therapy aimed at stopping or reverting cell death mechanisms. We have studied several murine models of ataxia in order to identify the cell types affected and the molecular mechanisms. In animal models of Alzheimer's disease we have defined several novel mechanisms responsible for early functional deficits, neuronal lesions and propagation of the pathology inside the brain.

b. Background (2000 characters)

At present there is no effective therapy to stop cell death in neurodegenerative diseases. At the time of the transfer of our laboratories to the NICO we started to exploit the technology and knowledge of physiological brain functions to tackle the problem of the causes and pathogenesis of neurodegenerative diseases like spino-cerebellar ataxias (SCAs) and Alzheimer's disease.

SCAs are relatively rare autosomal dominant motor disorders with a prevalence of about 1/30,000. They mainly affect the cerebellum, but other brain regions are often involved. No therapy is currently available to slow or stop the progression of motor disability in SCA patients. The gene involved in SCA28 (AFG3L2) was discovered in 2010 (Nature Genetics 42: 313-331) by a large collaborative effort, with our contribution in defining the expression of AFG3L2 in the cerebellum. Most of the current knowledge about SCA28 derives from studies of knock-out mice, which lack one or both Afg3l2 alleles instead of having one mutated allele like patients. The laboratory of Genetics led by Dr. Alfredo Brusco at the University of Torino generated a knock-in mouse model of SCA28 introducing the mutation associated with the most severe phenotype. The discovery of a druggable mechanism is highly awaited, with the hope that it might have a generalizable beneficial effect in all types of SCA. Several other rare forms of ataxia have been discovered, and for some of them an animal model is available.

Alzheimer's disease (AD) is the most frequent neurodegenerative disorder. In year 2015 about 44 million people worldwide live with AD or a related dementia. In spite of the discovery in the 1970's of the specific proteins forming the pathological lesions (extracellular beta-amyloid and intracellular tau protein), so far all clinical trials aimed at stopping AD progression failed. Recent advances in the field showed that both synaptic transmission and intrinsic excitability are disrupted in animal models of AD. New discoveries of the mechanisms responsible for these alterations are needed to better understand why cognitive symptoms arise and to design a first therapeutic approach to stop or revert AD progression.

c. Rationale (2000 characters)

Utilizing previous experience of studies of physiological functions of the cerebellum, spanning from synaptic transmission to the bases of intrinsic excitability and to motor control, we started collaborations with laboratories of Genetics that were investigating novel forms of SCA. Since the mechanisms responsible for ataxic symptoms in SCA28 are not known, we studied a knock-in animal model. The functional consequences of the mutation are also unknown, although is has been hypothesized that loss of function or negative dominant effects could be involved. An answer to this question could come from a

comparison of the knock-in model with the knock-out (obtained from Dr. Giorgio Casari of San Raffaele Institute). An unanswered question for most neurodegererative diseases is the selective loss of a specific cell type. A first hint can derive from the pattern of expression of the protein involved. We pursued this initial approach for several proteins involved in ataxia, like SCA28, SCA27, SCA38, ataxias caused by mutation or loss of *PTK2/THOC2*, *Ebf2*. The overall plan is to find, whenever possible, animal models of these diseases, and to study them in order to understand the pathophysiological mechanism.

Regarding AD, we followed different lines in order fill some gaps in the current knowledge of the mechanisms involved. We used two animal models, a double and a triple transgenic mouse. HSP47 is a protein that recent research showed to be associated with AD; Kv3 potassium channels allow fast action potential firing in interneurons involved in dementia; changes in membrane excitability are an early dysfunction in AD models; the level of neuronal activity has been linked to the velocity of formation of neuronal lesions; insulin resistance is considered as a major mechanism triggering AD; it has been proposed that cell damage propagates from affected to healthy neurons. The aforementioned mechanisms are currently hot topics in the research aimed at underpinning the critical mechanisms of AD, which might be targeted by novel therapies.

d. Objectives (1500 characters)

The common objective of the last decade of research of my laboratory has been to discover pathophysiological mechanisms responsible for specific neurodegenerative diseases, ranging from ataxias (**Aim 1**) to AD (**Aim 2**).

Aim 1.1. Experiments on the knock-in model of SCA28 were aimed at finding structural, functional or molecular alterations, caused by the mutation in the cerebellum or in other regions of the nervous system related to neurologic diseases linked to the m-AAA protease. Similar goals were related to the projects on SCA27 (**Aim 1.2**), SCA38 (**Aim 1.3**), *PTK2/THOC2* (**Aim 1.3**), *Ebf2* (**Aim1.4**). A specific aim about SCA28 was to elucidate loss of function versus negative dominant effect of the mutation and the consequences of the mutation in homozygous animals.

Aim 2. Regarding the projects on AD, the final goal was to discover novel mechanisms of cell damage and propagation of neuronal lesions. The specific aims were to establish the role of HSP47 (**Aim 2.1**) and of Kv3 potassium channels (**Aim 2.2**) in AD; to investigate the changes in membrane excitability in a brain region relatively spared by AD pathology, like the cerebellum (**Aim 2.3**); to define the consequences of an increased versus decresed level of neuronal activity in the formation of amyloid plauqes (**Aim 2.4**); to demonstrate that insulin resistance can impair synaptic transmission in the hippocampus (**Aim 2.5**); to illustrate the propagation of AD lesions to healthy neurons (**Aim 2.6**).

e. Results (4000 characters)

AIM 1: MODELS OF ATAXIA

Aim 1.1. We showed that the gene mutated in SCA28 (*AFG3L2*) is highly expressed by cerebellar Purkinje cells (Di Bella et al., 2010, *Nature Genetics* 42: 313-331; Sacco et al., 2010, *BMC Neuroscience* 11: 55). The knock-in model of SCA28 was developed and studied in detail (Hoxha et al., 2015, 45th annual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, Abstract), showing that the cerebellum is intact, while mitochondria of peripheral nerves are disrupted. Our results rule out a dominant negative effect of the mutation, and point to a partial loss of function.

Aim 1.2. Mice knock-out for *Fgf14*, mutated in SCA27, in addition to a decrease in excitability also show synaptic deficits in the cerebellar cortex (Tempia et al., 2015, *Front. Cell. Neurosci.* 9:205)

Aim 1.3. Initial evidence about a role of *ELOVL5*, mutated in SCA38, was provided by showing that the ELOVL5 protein is enriched in cerebellar Purkinje cells of mice and humans (Di Gregorio et al., 2014, *Am J Hum Genet* 95: 209-217). Mice knock-out for *ElovI5* have been obtained from the UT Southwestern Medical Center and are currently bred in our vivarium.

Aim 1.3. PTK2 and THOC2, associated with a case of cerebellar hypoplasia, were upregulated during development and were highly expressed by cerebellar Purkinje cells, supporting the hypothesis of their involvement in cerebellar impairment (Di Gregorio et al., 2013, *J Med Genet*. 50: 543-551).

Aim 1.4. Mice knock-out for *Ebf2*, associated with cerebellar hypotrophy, showed deficits in motor coordination and learning and their Purkinje cells were hyperexcitable because of alterations in passive and active membrane properties (Hoxha et al., 2012, *PLoS ONE* 7: e34726).

AIM 2: MODELS OF ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE

Aim 2.1. HSP47 is a collagen chaperone, which physically interacts with APP, accumulates in amyloid plaques and modulates the rate of Abeta secretion (Bianchi et al., 2011, *PLoS ONE* 6: e22370): it might be a novel therapeutic target in AD. Kv3 potassium channels allow generation of action potentials at high rates in cortical interneurons that degenerate in AD.

Aim 2.2. In a murine model of AD Kv3 channels were found to be strongly downregulated, indicating a role in cognitive impairment (Boda et al., 2012, *J Mol Neurosci* 46: 606-615).

Aim 2.3. In the cerebellum, which is relatively spared by AD pathology but is reached by soluble forms of Abeta, cerebellar Purkinje cells showed reduced excitability and impaired GABAergic signaling (Hoxha et al., 2012, *PLoS ONE* 7: e34726).

Aim 2.4. An increased neuronal signaling induced by exposure to an enriched environment accelerated the rate of amyloid formation, while a block of neuronal activity slowed down amyloid deposition (Montarolo et al., 2013, *PLoS ONE* 8: e69381).

Aim 2.5. Insulin resistance, induced by high fat diet in mice with the ENPP1 transgene targeted to the adipose tissue, caused a suppression of synaptic transmission selectively in the CA1 field of the hippocampus, establishing a link between metabolic syndrome, insulin resistance and memory impairment in AD (Sallam et al., 2015, *J Neurochem* 133: 125-133).

Aim 2.6. We showed that embryonic neurons transplanted into an adult brain with AD pathology integrate well in the host tissue. However, the growth of axons in the host is impaired, they present a deficit of dendritic spines, they accumulate amyloid deposits and they are targeted by a microglial reaction of the host (Sadallah et al., 2016, *Rejuvination Res.*).

Other projects. In addition to these two main research lines, we also conducted studies on the following topics:

3.1. role of the GPR17 receptor in the reaction to traumatic brain injury and to AD pathology (Boda et al., 2011, *Glia* 59:1958-1973),

3.2 role of noradrenaline (Lippiello et al., 2015, *Neuropharmacol* 89: 33-42) and of serotonin (Lippiello et al., 2016, *Neuropharmacol*) in the modulation of synaptic transmission and plasticity in the cerebellar cortex.

3.3 effect of a PPARgamma agonist to revert the excitability alteration in a model of AD (Nenov et al., 2015, *J Neurophysiol* 113: 1712-1726).

3.4 Purkinje cell-selective model of autism presents with alterations in cerebellar excitability and synaptic signaling (Cupolillo et al., *Neuropsychopharmacol*).

f. Advancement in the field (1000 characters)

In animal models of ataxia we have shown novel mechanisms of structural and functional alterations in specific cell types of the cerebellar cortex, including changes in membrane excitability, synaptic signaling, mitochondrial structure. In murine models of AD we discovered new molecules and mechanisms involved in the pathology, electrophysiological dysfunctions, the transmission of neuronal lesions to neural transplants. Some of these discoveries are currently the basis to design novel therapies, including drugs acting on mitochondrial function, membrane excitability, synaptic transmission, transplantation.

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGHI



Fondazione Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi

Auto-evaluation form

Laboratory name: Brain development and disease

1. LABORATORY DESCRIPTION – PERSONNEL:

•	Principal Investigator	
	Alessandro Vercelli MD PhD Italian Email: alessandro.vercelli@unito.it	09/07/1961 Male Phone: 011/6706617
•	Personnel	
1.	Adriano Ceccarelli MD PhD Role Associate Professor Expertise molecular biology	Birthdate (28/10/1957) Male Nationality Italian
2.	Elena Tamagno PhD Role Assistant Professor Expertise Alzheimer's disease	14/07/1967 Female Nationality Italian
3.	Marina Maria Boido PhD Role Assistant Professor RTD Expertise: Spinal cord injury, motone	Birthdate 06/09/1980 Gender Female Nationality Italian euron diseases, stem cell transplantation
4.	Michela Guglielmotto PhD Role Post-doc Expertise Alzheimer's disease	Birthdate (28/02/1977) Female Italian
5.	Debora Monteleone PhD Role Post-doc Expertise Alzheimer's disease	Birthdate (06/02/1986) Female Nationality Italian
6.	Roberta Schellino PhD Role Post-doc	Birthdate (11/02/1985) Female Nationality Italian

Expertise: Neurogenesis, motoneuron diseases. Behavior

- 7. Olena Butenko Birthdate (12/05/1981)
 PhD Female
 Role Post-doc Nationality Ukrayne
 Expertise: Electrophysiology, behavior, motoneuron diseases
- 8. Giusi Manassero Birthdate (01/11/1979)
 PhD Female
 Role Post-doc Nationality Italian
 Expertise Alzheimer's disease, neuropathic pain
- Ivan Enrico Repetto Birthdate (11/09/1986)
 MS Biotechology Male
 Role doctorate student Nationality Italian
 Expertise neuronal death, stroke models.
- 10. Matilde GhibaudiBirthdate (19/09/1988)MS BiotechologyFemaleRole doctorate studentNationality ItalianExpertise spinal cord injury, miRNA, molecular biology
- 11. Marta TropianoBirthdate (09/06/1985)MS BiotechologyFemaleRole doctorate studentNationality ItalianExpertise confocal microscopy, stem cell transplantation
- 12. Elena SignorinoBirthdate (06/10/1976)Biology degreeFemaleRole technicianNationality ItalianExpertise molecular biology

2. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CURRICULUM VITAE (two pages)

Education and training:

PhD Anatomy – Lausanne 1992; PhD Ophthalmology – Torino 1990 MD – Torino 1986 (110/110 cum laude)

Employment and research experience:

- 2/7/2015 **full professor** in Human Anatomy, University of Torino Medical School
- 1/6/2014 **Scientific director** of the Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi.
- 26/3/2014 **President** of the Consorzio Interuniversitario "Istituto Nazionale di Neuroscienze"
- From July 2013 **Director** of the interdepartmental center Neuroscience Institute of Turin (NIT).
- In the past, **guest researcher** at the Dept. of Brain & Cognitive Sci., MIT, Cambridge, MA, USA (c/o proff. G.Schneider and S.Jhaveri), Department of Physiology, Oxford (c/o prof. Zoltan Molnàr), Harvard Medical School (c/o prof. Arlotta) and **assistant médecin** at the Institute of Anatomy of the University of Lausanne, CH (supervisor prof. G.M. Innocenti, Dir. prof. H. van der Loos).
- PhD in Anatomy (Lausanne, supervisor G.M.Innocenti) and Ophthalmologic Sciences (Torino, supervisor Prof. G.Filogamo).

Relevant discoveries:

Characterization of pyramidal dendritic bundles, stem cell therapy for ALS, role of JNK in neuronal death

Starting - end date	Origin	Role	Funding Source	Project Title	Projec t ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
	National vs International	PI vs. Component	MIUR, ERC, ecc			€	€
2016-19	International	Coordinator	Horizon 2020	My-AHA		€ 4.3 M	480.000 (overhead 38400)
2015	National	Coordinator	Compagni a San Paolo	Grandi apparecchiat ure		€ 400000	No overhead on funding, but overhead on use
2015	International		Aargau Canton	fellowship		€ 27000	27000 (overhead 2700)
2015	International		Pharmafo x	fellowship		€ 28000	28000 (overhead 2800)
2015	National		Girotondo Onlus			€ 30000	30000 (overhead 3000)

Please list your grants according to the table below (last five yrs).
2014	National		Girotondo Onlus			€ 25000	25000 (overhead 2500)
2013	National		Girotondo Onlus			€ 10000	10000 (overhead 1000)
2015	National		SMAratho n	fellowship		€ 15000	15000 (overhead 1500)
2014	National		SMAratho n	fellowship		€ 15000	15000 (overhead 1500)
2014-18	International	PI: succeeded to F Rossi/ with A. Buffo	FP7 European Union	Neurostemc ellrepair		€ 400000	€400000 (overhead 32000)
2012-15	National	PI	MIUR	Generazione di neuroni umani striatali autentici da cellule staminali pluripotenti per il trapianto nell'Huntingt on	2010J MMZL Y_002	€ 95882	95882 (overhead 7670)
2012-13	Local	PI	Cassa Risparmio Cuneo	Il dolore neuropatico postoperato rio: studio sperimental e e clinico		40000	40000 (overhead 4000)
2009-15	National	PI	Ministero Salute (Ric Fin)	Motor neuron death in Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA): new animal models and innovative therapeutic strategies		105000	105000 (overhead 10500)

Please list the name of PhDs you have supervised. 2004 Mariaelena Repici, 2005 Madalina Mereuta and Patrizia Muzzi, 2011 Marina Boido and Giada Spigolon, 2012 Simone Tomasi and Giusi Manassero, 2013 Antonio Piras and Valentina Grande

Please list your outreach activities

- describe your international collaborative experiences.
- Invited talks

A. Vercelli was an **expert for the Court of Brescia in the Stamina affair** in two different trials.

In Turin

9 giugno 2013, Staminali cosa sono e cosa servono? Torino, Politecnico Maggio 2014 "La bellezza delle neuroscienze: la cellula piramidale" Torino, rassegna "Now new"

Maggio 2014 "Il metodo Stamina" rassegna "Le bufale in Medicina"

10 ottobre 2014, Torino, Hotel Santo Stefano, Corso di Urologia Funzionale: Il pavimento pelvico: come funzionano i muscoli.

14 March 2015 The Neuroscience Institute Cavalieri Ottolenghi Alzheimer Associations Chieri

24 March 2015 Come ti senti? La consapevolezza del proprio corpo. Rotary

30 September 2015 Alzheimer disease Infine Onlus, Biblioteca Civica Amoretti 5 October 2015 Alzheimer disease Infine Onlus UIL

19-20 November 2015 Stem cell therapy in neurodegenerative diseases "Engineered Biomaterials And Biomedical Devices In The Regenerative Medicine Of The Nervous System"

In Italy

2011 Stem cells in spinal cord injury repair, Brescia

March 2012 L'ambiente Interagisce con i geni e li modifica permanentemente nello sviluppo del cervello, InfinitaMente, Verona;

April 2012 Trapianti di cellule staminali in modelli murini di traumi del midollo spinale, riunione FAIP presso Ministero Salute, Roma;

17 April 2012 Il movimento e l'atrofia muscolare spinale, Soroptimist Biella

17 May 2012 Ruolo di JNK nella morte neuronale da eccitotossicità e sua inibizione: cittadini pacifici diventano killer, Università Cattolica, Roma;

22 June 2012 Of mice and man: MSC in ALS. Lost in translation? Università di Cagliari.

17 June 2013 Sviluppo normale e patologico della corteccia cerebrale, Fondazione Ferrero, Alba (CN)

23 April 2014, Verona; Staminali: cosa sono e cosa servono

10 October 2014 Milano, Dipartimento di Bioscienze, Morfometria nel sistema nervoso centrale

27 October 2014 Milano, Department of Pharmacological and Biomolecular Sciences, Center of Excellence on Neurodegenerative Diseases, Development of cortical pyramidal neurons in the control and pathological brain

30 October 2014 Ferrara, "Immunomodulation and neuroprotection by stem cell administration"

26 November 2015 Venice, Nanobiotech, Microvesicles/exosomes, biological nanosized systems for the pathogenesis and therapy of neurodegenerative diseases

26 February 2015 SOPSI, Milano, Development, neural plasticity and schizophrenia.

24 September 2015 Anatomical connectivity of cortical projection neurons, in The brain and gliomas, Brescia

23 October 2015 Mesenchymal Stem Cells progress in stem cells research for ALS/MND, Novara

Abroad

MGH Ctr for Regenerative Medicine (Massachusetts General Hospital), Boston 2010: Development, plasticity and organisation in modules of cortical pyramidal neurons. Stem cell therapy in spinal cord disease, Buzios (Brazil), 2010. EPFL, Lausanne 2011 Development, plasticity and organisation in modules of cortical pyramidal neurons

2 June 2013, Role of JNK in neuronal death in development and disease, Al Quds University (Jerusalem Arab University)

3 June 2013, Understanding cortical maldevelopment, Peres Center for Peace, Jaffa (Israele)

13 December 2013 "I am not my body, I am my mind" in "2013: year of the Italian Culture in the US", Italian Embassy in Washington.

12 December 2014 Interoception and the insula. Anatomical and functional connectivity of the insula. 2nd Italy-Japan colloquium on the neurosciences and the aging society, Sendai, Organized by Tokyo Italian Embassy.

13 March 2015 Immunomodulation and neuroprotection by stem cell administration, Hasselt (Belgium)

22 April 2015 Role of JNK in neuronal death in development and disease, Karolinska Institute

18 October 2015, Chicago Neuroscience Meeting Exploring the role of MKK7 in excitotoxicity and cerebral ischemia: a novel pharmacological strategy against brain injury

9 December 2015: 3rd Italy-Japan colloquium on the neurosciences and the aging society, Tokyo, Organized by Tokyo Italian Embassy.

Please list your organizational activities:

- Speakers invited see general list of the Institute
- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized Treasurer of IBRO 2011 World meeting (Florence); Member of the Host Committee FENS2014 meeting (Milano); Member of the Young Investigator's Training Committee (2014); organizer of Neurosciences Olympic Games in Piedmont (2012-15); organizer of several Brain Awareness Weeks (2012-15)

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable US Patent No: 6,030,949 Macrophage stimulating protein for the treatment of pathologies of the nervous system (con P. Comoglio et al.).

Participation to development and experimentation of D-JNKI-1, named XG-102, from Xigen SA, Lausanne

3. PI's PUBBLICATIONS:

(Please list below your publications in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science).

For each publication, please indicate:

* if you contributed equally to the fist-author, as stated in the published article

1) Valenza, M., Chen, J.Y., Di Paolo, E., Ruozi, B., Belletti, D., Ferrari, Bardile, C., Leoni, V., Caccia, C., Brilli, E., Di Donato, S., Boido. M.M., Vercelli, A., Vandelli, M.A., Forni, F., Cepeda, C., Levine, M.S., Tosi, G., Cattaneo, E. (2015). Cholesterol-loaded nanoparticles ameliorate synaptic and cognitive function in Huntington's disease mice. EMBO Mol Med., [Epub ahead of print]

IF= 8.665; R = 9/123; Times cited = 0

2) Mazzini, L., Vescovi, A., Cantello, R., Gelati, M., Vercelli, A. (2015). Stem cells therapy for ALS. Expert Opin Biol Ther., [Epub ahead of print]

IF= 3.74; R = 30/163; Times cited = 0

3) Vercelli, A., Biggi, S., Sclip, A., Repetto, I.E., Cimini, S., Falleroni, F., Tomasi, S., Monti, R., Tonna, N., Morelli, F., Grande, V., Stravalaci, M., Biasini, E., Marin, O., Bianco, F., di Marino, D., Borsello, T. (2015). Exploring the role of MKK7 in excitotoxicity and cerebral ischemia: a novel pharmacological strategy against brain injury. Cell Death Dis., 13;6:e1854 IF= 5.01; R = 50/184; Times cited = 0

4) Grande, V., Manassero, G., Vercelli, A. (2014). Neuroprotective and anti-inflammatory roles of the phosphatase and tensin homolog deleted on chromosome Ten (PTEN) Inhibition in a Mouse Model of Temporal Lobe Epilepsy. PLoS One., 12;9(12):e114554

IF= 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 1

5) Valsecchi, V., Boido, M.M., De Amicis, E., Piras, A., Vercelli, A. (2015). Expression of Muscle-Specific MiRNA 206 in the Progression of Disease in a Murine SMA Model. PLoS One.,1;10(6):e0128560

IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 0

6) Perino, A., Beretta, M., Kilić, A., Ghigo, A., Carnevale, D., Repetto, I.E., Braccini, L., Longo, D., Liebig-Gonglach, M., Zaglia, T., Iacobucci, R., Mongillo, M., Wetzker, R., Bauer, M., Aime, S., Vercelli, A., Lembo, G., Pfeifer, A., Hirsch, E. (2014). Combined inhibition of PI3Kß and PI3Ky reduces fat mass by enhancing α -MSH-dependent sympathetic drive. <u>Sci Signal.</u> 18:7(352):ra110

IF = 6.28; R = 35/290; Times cited = 6

7) Guglielmotto, M., Monteleone, D., Piras, A., Valsecchi, V., Tropiano, M., Ariano, S., Fornaro, M., Vercelli, A., Puyal, J., Arancio, O., Tabaton, M., Tamagno, E. (2014). AB1-42 monomers or oligomers have different effects on autophagy and apoptosis. Autophagy., 1;10(10):1827-43

IF = 11.75; R = 15/184; Times cited = 2

8) Boido, M., Piras, A., Valsecchi, V., Spigolon, G., Mareschi, K., Ferrero, I., Vizzini, A., Temi, S., Mazzini, L., Fagioli, F., Vercelli, A. (2014). Human mesenchymal stromal cell transplantation modulates neuroinflammatory milieu in a mouse model of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Cytotherapy., 16(8):1059-72

IF = 3.29: R = 42/163: Times cited = 3

9) Queiroga, C.S., Vercelli, A., Vieira, H.L. (2015). Carbon monoxide and the CNS: challenges and achievements. Br J Pharmacol., 172(6):1533-45

IF = 4.84; R = 24/255; Times cited = 3

10) Tomassy, G.S., Berger, D.R., Chen, H.H., Kasthuri, N., Hayworth, K.J., Vercelli, A., Seung, H.S., Lichtman, J.W., Arlotta, P. (2014). Distinct profiles of myelin distribution along single axons of pyramidal neurons in the neocortex. Science., 18;344(6181):319-24 IF = 33.61; R = 2/57; Times cited = 39

11) Cauda, F., Geminiani, G.C., Vercelli, A. (2014). Evolutionary appearance of von Economo's neurons in the mammalian cerebral cortex. Front Hum Neurosci., 14;8:104 IF = 3.63; R = 13/76; Times cited = 1

12) Innocenti, G.M., Vercelli, A., Caminiti, R. (2014). The diameter of cortical axons depends both on the area of origin and target. Cereb Cortex., 24(8):2178-88.

IF = 8.67; R = 16/252; Times cited = 9

13) Mazzini, L., Vercelli, A., Ferrero, I., Boido, M.M., Cantello, R., Fagioli, F. (2012). Transplantation of mesenchymal stem cells in ALS. *Prog Brain Res.*, 201:333-59 IF = 2.83; R = 123/252; Times cited = 14

14) Verderio, C., Muzio, L., Turola, E., Bergami, A., Novellino, L., Ruffini, F., Riganti, L., Corradini, I., Francolini, M., Garzetti, L., Maiorino, C., Servida, F., Vercelli, A., Rocca, M., Dalla Libera, D., Martinelli, V., Comi, G., Martino, G., Matteoli, M., Furlan, R. (2012). Myeloid microvesicles are a marker and therapeutic target for neuroinflammation. <u>Ann Neurol.</u>, 72(4):610-24

IF = 9.98; R = 5/192; Times cited = 35

15) Tamagno, E., Guglielmotto, M., Monteleone, D., Vercelli, A., Tabaton, M. (2012). Transcriptional and post-transcriptional regulation of β -secretase. <u>*IUBMB Life.*</u>, 64(12):943-50 IF = 3.14; R = 115/290 Times cited = 5

16) Queiroga, C.S., Tomasi, S., Widerøe, M., Alves, P.M., Vercelli, A., Vieira, H.L. (2012). Preconditioning triggered by carbon monoxide (CO) provides neuronal protection following perinatal hypoxia-ischemia. *PLoS One.*, 7(8):e42632

IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 8

17) Cauda, F., Vercelli, A. (2013). How many clusters in the insular cortex? <u>*Cereb Cortex.*</u>, 23(11):2779-80

IF = 8.67; R = 16/252; Times cited = 1

18) Guglielmotto, M., Monteleone, D., Boido, M.M., Piras, A., Giliberto, L., Borghi, R., Vercelli, A., Fornaro, M., Tabaton, M., Tamagno, E. (2012). A β 1-42-mediated down-regulation of Uch-L1 is dependent on NF- κ B activation and impaired BACE1 lysosomal degradation. <u>Aging</u><u>Cell.</u>, 11(5):834-44

IF = 6.34; R = 2/50; Times cited = 12

19) Manassero, G., Repetto, I.E., Cobianchi, S., Valsecchi, V., Bonny, C., Rossi, F., Vercelli, A. (2012). Role of JNK isoforms in the development of neuropathic pain following sciatic nerve transection in the mouse. *Mol Pain.*, 22;8:39

IF = 3.65; R = 83/252; Times cited = 9

20) Cauda, F., Costa, T., Torta, D.M., Sacco, K., D'Agata, F., Duca, S., Geminiani, G., Fox, P.T., Vercelli, A. (2012). Meta-analytic clustering of the insular cortex: characterizing the meta-analytic connectivity of the insula when involved in active tasks. <u>*Neuroimage.*</u>, 1;62(1):343-55

IF = 6.36; R = 1/14; Times cited = 64

21) Cauda, F., Torta, D.M., Sacco, K., D'Agata, F., Geda, E., Duca, S., Geminiani, G., Vercelli, A. (2013). Functional anatomy of cortical areas characterized by Von Economo neurons. Brain Struct Funct., 218(1):1-20

IF = 5.62; R = 2/21; Times cited = 15

22) Zhao, Y., Spigolon, G., Bonny, C., Culman, J., Vercelli, A., Herdegen, T. (2012). The JNK inhibitor D-JNKI-1 blocks apoptotic JNK signaling in brain mitochondria. *Mol Cell Neurosci.*, 49(3):300-10

IF = 3.84; R = 74/252; Times cited = 11

23) Piras, A., Gianetto, D., Conte, D., Bosone, A., Vercelli, A. (2011). Activation of autophagy in a rat model of retinal ischemia following high intraocular pressure. *PLoS One*., 6(7):e22514 IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 31

24) Tomasi, S., Sarmientos, P., Giorda, G., Gurewich, V., Vercelli, A. (2011). Mutant prourokinase with adjunctive C1-inhibitor is an effective and safer alternative to tPA in rat stroke. *PLoS One.*, 6(7):e21999

IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 4

25) Buschini, E., Piras, A., Nuzzi, R., Vercelli, A. (2011). Age related macular degeneration and drusen: neuroinflammation in the retina.. *Prog Neurobiol*.,15;95(1):14-25

IF = 9.99; R = 11/252; Times cited = 73

26) Morello, N., Bianchi, F.T., Marmiroli, P., Tonoli, E., Rodriguez Menendez, V., Silengo, L., Cavaletti, G., Vercelli, A., Altruda, F., Tolosano, E. (2011). A role for hemopexin in oligodendrocyte differentiation and myelin formation. *PLoS One.*, 6(5):e20173 IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 14

27) Bartolini, A., Vigliani M.C., Magrassi, L., Vercelli, A., Rossi, F. (2011). G-CSF administration to adult mice stimulates the proliferation of microglia but does not modify the outcome of ischemic injury. *Neurobiol Dis.*, 41(3):640-9

IF = 5.08; R = 39/252; Times cited = 8

28) Vieira, H.L., Alves, P.M., Vercelli, A. (2011). Modulation of neuronal stem cell differentiation by hypoxia and reactive oxygen species. *Prog Neurobiol.*, 93(3):444-55 IF = 9.99; R = 11/252; Times cited = 47

29) Cauda, F., D'Agata, F., Sacco, K., Duca, S., Geminiani, G., Vercell, A. (2011). Functional connectivity of the insula in the resting brain. *Neuroimage.*, 1;55(1):8-23

IF = 6.36; R = 1/14; Times cited = 179

30) Spigolon, G, Veronesi, C., Bonny, C., Vercelli, A. (2010). c-Jun N-terminal kinase signaling pathway in excitotoxic cell death following kainic acid-induced status epilepticus. *Eur J Neurosci.*, 31(7):1261-72

IF = 3.18; R = 108/252; Times cited = 20

31) Innocenti, G.M., Vercelli, A. (2010). Dendritic bundles, minicolumns, columns, and cortical output units. *Front Neuroanat.*, 12;4:11

IF = 3.54; R = 3/21; Times cited = 15

32) Nucera, C., Muzzi, P., Tiveron, C., Farsetti, A., La Regina, F., Foglio, B., Shih, S.C., Moretti, F., Della Pietra, L., Mancini, F., Sacchi, A., Trimarchi, F., Vercelli, A., Pontecorvi, A. (2010). Maternal thyroid hormones are transcriptionally active during embryo-foetal development: results from a novel transgenic mouse model. *J Cell Mol Med.*, 14(10):2417-35 IF = 4.01; R = 24/123; Times cited = 8

4.GROUP's PUBBLICATIONS:

(Please list below up to ten most relevant publications of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015-. Please indicate the journal IF, ranking, and the number of citations as reported in the ISI Web of Science)

Boido M., Garbossa D., Vercelli A. (2011). Early graft of neural precursors in spinal cord compression reduces glial cyst and improves function. Journal of Neurosurgery - Spine, 15(1):97-106, 2011.

IF = 2.38: R = 56/198: Times cited = 12

Boido M., Garbossa D., Fontanella M., Ducati A., Vercelli A. (2014; Epub. 2012). Mesenchymal stem cell transplantation reduces glial cyst and improves functional outcome following spinal cord compression. World Neurosurgery. 81(1):183-90. IF = 2.878; R = 39/198; Times cited = 10

d'Errico P.*, Boido M.*, Piras A., Valsecchi V., De Amicis E., Locatelli D., Capra S., Vagni F., Vercelli A., Battaglia G. (2013). Selective vulnerability of spinal and cortical motor neuron subpopulations in delta7 SMA mice. Plos One, e82654. *co-authorship. IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 3

Gamba, P., Leonarduzzi, G., Tamagno, E., Guglielmotto, M., Testa, G., Sottero, B., Gargiulo, S., Biasi, F., Mauro, A., Viña, J., Poli, G. (2011). Interaction between 24-hydroxycholesterol, oxidative stress, and amyloid- β in amplifying neuronal damage in Alzheimer's disease: three partners in crime. Aging Cell. 10(3):403-417. IF = 6,34; R = 2/50; 36/184; Times cited = 28

Garbossa D.*, Boido M.*, Fontanella M., Fronda C., Ducati A., Vercelli A. (2012). Recent therapeutic strategies for spinal cord injury treatment: possible role of stem cells. Neurosurgical Review, 35(3):293-311. *co-authorship IF = 2.18; R = 63/198; Times cited = 21

Guglielmotto, M., Giliberto, L., Tamagno, E., Tabaton M.(2010). Oxidative stress mediates the pathogenic effect of different Alzheimer's disease risk factors. Front Aging Neurosci., 9:2:3 IF = 4.00; R = 8/50; 66/252; Times cited = 39

Guglielmotto, M., Monteleone, D., Giliberto, L., Fornaro, M., Borghi, R., Tamagno, E.,

Tabaton, M. (2011). Amyloid- β_{42} activates the expression of BACE1 through the JNK

pathway. J Alzheimers Dis. 27(4):871-883. IF = 4,151; R = 58/252; Times cited = 16

Gunetti M., Tomasi S., Giammò A., Boido M., Rustichelli D., Mareschi K., Errichiello E., Parola M., Ferrero I., Fagioli F., Vercelli A., Carone R. (2012). Myogenic potential of whole bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells in vitro and in vivo for usage in urinary incontinence. Plos. One, 7(9):e45538.

IF = 3.23; R = 9/57; Times cited = 9

Mastrocola, R., Guglielmotto, M., Medana, C., Catalano, M.G., Cutrupi, S., Borghi, R., Tamagno, E., Boccuzzi, G., Aragno, M. (2011) Dysregulation of SREBP2 induces BACE1 expression. Neurobiol Dis. 44(1):116-124. IF= 5,078; R= 39/252; Times cited= 3

Tamagno, E., Guglielmotto, M., Monteleone, D., Tabaton, M. (2012). Amyloid-β production: major link between oxidative stress and BACE1. Neurotox Res. 22(3):208-219. IF = 3,538; R = 90/252; Times cited = 20

5. GROUP's additional information:

Please list the grants of the other members of the group in the last 5 years -2010/2015- according to the table below:

Starting Orig - end date	in Name a Role of Group Membe	nd Funding Source r	Project Title	Project ID	Overall Amount Funded	Directly Available to NICO
01/01/14 Natio - 31/12/15	onal M. Boid	0 UNITO	Unraveling the role of miRNA206 in the cross- talk between motor neurons and muscle		€ 6700	€ 6700 (overhead 536)
17/11/14 Natio - 18/09/16	onal M. Boid	o CRT	Utilizzo di scaffold biomimetici e di cellule staminali per sostenere la rigenerazion e del midollo spinale lesionato	41491	€ 30000	€ 30000 (overhead 2400)
		_	L			

Please list honours, prizes or awards received by other members of the group If applicable.

Boido M. - June 2010: Travel fellowship for the FENS-IBRO European Neuroscience School "Neuroproteomics in animal model for neurodegenerative disorders" (Smolenice, Slovakia, 20-25/06/2010).

Boido M. - June 2011: Travel fellowship for the meeting "XXI Convegno Nazionale del Gruppo Italiano per lo Studio della Neuromorfologia (G.I.S.N.)" (San Benedetto del Tronto, Italy, 9-10/06/2011).

Schellino R. – October 2011: Award for the best oral presentation in "Plasticity" section; Italian Society of Neuroscience SINS; 6th Meeting on Molecular Mechanisms in Neuroscience, Rome Italy

Schellino R. – June 2012: Selected for the FENS-IBRO Summer School on "Chemical Senses: Neurobiology and Behavior". Bertinoro (FC), Italy.

Schellino R. – June 2013: Award for the best poster in Neuroscience topic; D-Day 2013, Doctoral School in Life and Health Sciences; University of Turin, Italy.

Ghibaudi M. – September 2014: Award "OPTIME" Industry Union of Turin, Certificate of merit for study.

Boido M. - November 2014: EFEM (European Federation for Experimental Morphology) travel grant, spent in the Lab. headed by Prof. Puyal (Department of Cellular Biology and Morphology (University of Lausanne, Switzerland).

Ghibaudi M. – November 2014: FENS-IBRO stipend awarded to attend the course "Stem cells in Neuroscience", Lausanne, Switzerland.

Please list outreach activities of other members of the group:

- Describe your international collaborative experiences.
 - Invited talks

Boido M. Immunomodulation and neuroprotection by stem cell transplantation. DiSFeB meets NICO: Neuroscience builds a bridge from Milan to Turin, Milano, 18/11/2014.

Tamagno E. Abeta 1-42 monomers and oligomers have different effects on autophagy and apoptosis: role in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer Disease. DiSFeB meets NICO: Neuroscience builds a bridge from Milan to Turin, Milano, 11/12/2014.

Boido M. Nanotechnologies and neurosciences. 2015 E-MRS Spring Meeting, Simposio "Nanomedicine advancing from bench-to-bedside: the role of materials", Lille, 11-15/05/2015.

Tamagno E. Study of the different effects of amyloid beta oligomers and monomers on aggregation of tau protein. Role on the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease. "New perspectives on the role of Tau in neurodegeneration" Torino, Italy. 09/03/2015

Tamagno E. La proteina Beta amiloide: la "primula rossa" della malattia di Alzheimer. Emergenza Alzheimer - Tra realtà e futuro, Chieri (TO), Italy, 14/03/2015.

Tamagno E. Oxidative stress and Beta-Amyloid Production. X Convegno Nazionale Sindem, Genova, Italy, 27/03/2015

• Editorial duties

Please list your organizational activities:

- Speakers invited by members of the group see attached list
- Workshops, Schools or Conferences organized by members of the group

Please list your technology transfer achievements (patents, etc.), if applicable

6 Past Research activity

(Summarize the PI and group research activities in the last 10 years)

a. Summary (500 characters)

We study the development of the CNS from the embryo to the aged, and the common neurobiological mechanisms and molecular pathways which lead to normal development and to neurodegeneration. We are interested in the molecular pathways leading to neuronal cell death, which we study in development and in experimental models of transient/permanent cerebral ischemia, acute/chronic glaucoma, epilepsy, SMA (spinal muscular atrophy) and AD (Alzheimer disease). Finally, we are studying cell therapy in ALS (amyotrophic lateral sclerosis), SCI (spinal cord injury) and HD (Huntington disease).

b. Background (2000 characters)

The study of the CNS represents a great challenge to the scientist of the 21st century, and neurodevelopmental and neurodegenerative disorders provide major insights in the understanding of its anatomy, physiology and pathology and the design of new therapies. Many cellular events and mechanisms occurring during development may have profound influences on the adult nervous system, and healthy aging may be considered as the last phase of neural development.

Recently, Europe with the Human Brain Project and USA with the Connectome project, together with similar projects launched by other countries such as Japan and China, targeted the micro-, meso- and macro-connectome from a normal and pathological point of view. In the meanwhile, collaborative projects such as the Joint Program for Neurodegenerative Diseases and ERA-NET Neuron in Europe aim to investigate the basic mechanism underlying neurodegenerative diseases, with a translational aim to design new diagnostic and therapeutic measures. Networks from genes to miRNAs and molecules, from neurons to brain areas represent the building blocks of neural function. On the one hand, they may represent pathways for spreading of neurodegenerative diseases and, on the other, some nodes in the network (such as the "hubs") may be more liable to disease. Therefore, only an holistic approach, from molecules to brain areas, from development to disease and from a multidisciplinary point of view can provide new insights and concept on brain function, disease and repair.

c. Rationale (2000 characters)

Understanding the development of the CNS, and how neurons can form axonal connections participating in anatomical and functional networks is fundamental to the comprehension of brain function and disease, and to design new therapeutic strategies. To this aim we take advantage of the study of normal brains and of the brains of transgenic mice, in which specific molecules are knocked down to investigate their function. On the other hand, we have developed through the years several cellular and animal models of neurodegenerative diseases, in which to study the molecular mechanisms involved and to target them with stem cell therapy or specific inhibitors to prevent disease and promote brain repair at cellular, network and behavioral levels. Finally, we maintain a close connection with clinicians in order not only to favor a translation from bench to bedside but also to have a continuous feedback on the clinical needs.

The advancement of science does not only consist of new ideas, concepts and mechanisms to be understood but also of new tools which allow to investigate the nervous system from new points of view. To this aim, we are spending part of our time and economical efforts to technological improvement and to apply other disciplines to neuroscience, believing that only the contamination among different forms of knowledge may provide breakthrough innovation in the field. The collection of increasing amount of data with IoT (Internet of things) and big data pose new challenges to Neuroscience and we would like to participate to this new era.

d. Objectives (1500 characters)

We aim to the structural and functional building blocks of the cerebral cortex and their circuitry, as substrate for brain activities and entities which may be disrupted in several congenital and degenerative diseases. In particular we study pyramidal neurons and the organization of their dendritic bundles and axonal projections. At a larger extent, we aim to study neural networks and connectivity, and how they are disrupted in disease.

We study the mechanisms of neuronal death during development and disease, such as excitotoxicity, apoptosis, autophagy and oxidative stress induced in different models of human disease, in order to prevent them. In particular, we have addressed the role of a MAP-kinase (JNK) in neuronal death and using specific inhibitors we have obtained substantial prevention of neuronal death in models of cerebral ischemia, AD and epilepsy.

In several neurodegenerative diseases, the pathology is not cell-autonomous, i.e. pathogenesis involves other cells in addition to neurons. Therefore, we study neuroinflammation in stroke, ALS and SMA and how to prevent it to delay the onset and the development of disease.

Stem cells are a growing field of research related to normal development, disease and cancer. We study the integration of neural stem cells and neural progenitors grafted into the striatum or spinal cord. Moreover, we use neural and/or mesenchymal stem cells to treat neurodegenerative diseases, to provide trophic and immunomodulatory substances to host neurons.

e. Results (4000 characters)

Development of cerebral cortex

We studied the development of pyramidal neurons and their assemblies in minicolumns and the composition of apical dendritic bundles (Innocenti and Vercelli, 2010). We have also investigated the morphology of their axons, the relationship between axonal size and the pattern of projection / the area of origin showing that they have both a strong correlation with size (Innocenti 2014). Studying the myelination of axons of pyramidal neurons with a new electron microscope which allows 3D reconstructions, we observed that myelination is layer-specific and that single axons have several interruptions in the myelin envelope (Tomassy 2014). These findings have a profound relevance in the study of the oligodendroglia/axonal relationship and of the factors which influence axonal myelination, size, geometrical and time computing properties.

Mechanisms of neuronal death in neurodegenerative diseases

We investigated the molecular mechanisms of cell death in models of excitotoxic death (stroke, glaucoma, epilepsy) and neurodegenerative diseases, focusing on apoptosis and autophagy. We identified the pathways of JNK (Vercelli 2015) and PTEN (Grande 2014) as key molecular pathways in eliciting cell death and therapeutic targets. We also put in evidence a role for CO in eliciting neuroprotective mechanisms (Queiroga 2012, 2015; Vieira 2011).

We studied the mechanisms of motoneuron death in SMA (d'Errico 2013), highlighting the role of autophagy (Piras, in preparation). We showed that miRNA-206 is activated as a survival endogenous mechanism in order to induce reinnervation, (Valsecchi 2015).

Part of our group studies the molecular mechanisms involved in Alzheimer disease. Oxidative stress (Tamagno 2002; 2005), together with important oxidative stressrelated risk factors related to AD such as hypoxia (Guglielmotto 2009), hyperglycemia (Guglielmotto 2012) and hypercholesterolemia (Gamba 2011; Mastrocola 2011), are potential causes of the increased BACE1 activity. We discovered that BACE1 activation is regulated by the γ -secretase activity, and that A β 1-42 is the product of the γ -secretase cleavage that up-regulates BACE1 expression (Tamagno 2008; Giliberto et al., 2009). A β 1-42 increases BACE1 gene transcription through the activation of JNK/c-jun signaling pathway (Guglielmotto et al., 2011). Thus, A β 1-42-induced gene expression may have important implications in the neuronal dysfunction and degeneration that occurs in AD.

Stem cell therapy in SCI and neurodegenerative diseases

Our group has investigated the potential effects of cell therapy in experimental models of neurodegenerative diseases and in SCI. We showed that MSCs transplanted in a model of ALS into the spinal cord (Vercelli 2008) and in the lumbar cistern (Boido 2014) can prevent astrogliosis and microglial activation, delay cell death, and ameliorate motor performance. Moreover, they can modify the expression of immunomodulatory and inflammatory molecules by the host. Therefore MSCs are good candidates for ALS cell therapy (Mazzini 2009, 2010, 2012 and 2015).

We also showed that, in SCI, stem cell transplantation reduced significantly glial cyst volume, increased number of serotonergic fibers and promoted functional recovery (Boido 2009, 2011, 2012, 2014; Garbossa 2012). Recently, we labelled MSCs with the MRI agent Gadoteridol, to track the cells *in vivo* (Filippi submitted).

With E. Cattaneo and A. Buffo we are exploring the potential of human IPSCs in an experimental model of HD, with promising results in terms of cell replacement and establishment of new connections.

Functional anatomy of the human insula

With F. Cauda, we studied the connectivity of the human insula by resting state fMRI and metaanalysis (Cauda 2011, 2012, 2013a and 2013b), putting in evidence the partition of the human insula in different areas, involved in different networks, respectively related a) to the limbic system and the processing of emotional aspects and b) to sensorymotor integration. Areas involved in interoceptive and emotional processing such as the insula are characterized by the presence of von Economo's neurons, affected in several neuropsychiatric diseases and found in higher mammals (Cauda 2014). We are studying VENs in schizophrenia and frontotemporal dementia, in neuropathological samples, voxel-based morphometry and fMRI.

f. Advancement in the field (1000 characters)

Our group is actually working in several hot topics in Neuroscience, such as axonal development and growth in the normal brain and disease, neuronal cell death and stem cell therapy. It is also involved in the study of anatomical and functional connectivity of the human brain, and how it is altered in disease. Some of our contributions to the field were very relevant, and we are collaborating with other groups worldwide. Also, we are involved in the technical revolution about microscopy to investigate micro- and meso-connectome, with the use of confocal microscopy and, more recently, 2 photon microscopy. Moreover, we collaborated with Harvard University in a paper using the new Multisem Electron Microscope. On the other hand, we are collaborating with groups working on fMRI aiming to macroconnectome, and the PI is involved in the Brain Imaging center of the University of Torino.

SOSTIENI IL NICO



RICERCA

CONTATTI

HOME CHI SIAMO

ISTITUTO

SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE

PRESS

NEWS SCIENZA	Visualizza n. 25	
RICERCA	TITOLO	VISITE
5.12.2012 - The Journal of	10.11 Roma - Stem Cell Therapy for Neurodegenerative Diseases	15136
Neuroscience	19-20.11 Politecnico di Torino - Engineered Biomaterials and Biomedical Devices in the Regenerative Medicine of the Nervous System	16616
INTERVISTE Primaradio 16.02	23.10 - A. Carboni, University of Milan	189
Vercelli racconta la	22.9 - F. Laezza, University of Texas Medical Branch	348
Settimana del Cervello	11.9 - A. Poletti, University of Milan	392
BACHECA	8-11.10 Cagliari, SINS CONGRESS 2015	411
Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging	10.07 - V. Magnaghi, Università di Milano	731
Brain: Cellular Mechanisms	2.07 - O. Butenko, Institute of Experimental Medicine, Czech Republic	842
Interracing Human Pathology, DEADLINE 15.7	12.06 - Toshitaka Oohashi, Okayama University, Japan	642
	4.06 - D. De Pietri Tonelli, IIT Genova	820
NEWS SOCIETÀ	22.05 - F. Benfenati, University of Genova, IIT	827
	13.05 NIT - B.J.Traynor, NIA, NIH - Bethesda, USA	826
DIVULGAZIONE	15.05 - L. Musazzi, University of Milan	772
Museo Lombroso: chi lo	17.04 - M. Fumagalli, University of Milan	861
	10.04 - M. Studer, University of Nice Sophia-Antipolis	1085
GIORNATA STAMINALI	27.03 - A. Villa, University of Milan	1145
13 marzo > UniStemDay	20.03 - R. Molteni, Università di Milano	1140
2015	12-13.05 - The immune-brain axis: from molecules to behavior, Belgium	1106
SCUOLE	6.03 - P. Palanza, University of Parma	884
Olimpiadi delle	27.02 - N. Mitro, University of Milan	993
entro il 30 novembre	14.03.2015 - EmergenzAlzheimer, Chieri	149680
0	23.02 - J. Kwok, University of Cambridge (UK)	931
Cerca	13.02 - M. Tamietto, University of Turin	897
Seguici su Facebook	February 2015, Torino - 8th Int. Meeting STEROIDS and NERVOUS SYSTEM	247590
f	9.02 - F. Bradke, DZNE, Bonn	2118

Pagina 1 di 3

Inizio Prec 1 2 3 Succ Fine

FaLang translation system by Faboba

Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login



FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGH

HOME	CHI SIAMO	ISTITUTO	RICERCA	SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE	CONTATTI	SOSTIENI IL NICO	PRESS	
NEW	S SCIENZA	Visualiz	za n. 25					
RICERCA		TITOLO					VISITE	
5.12.2012 - The Journal of		23.01 -	F. Molinari, Poli	itecnico di Torino			1040	
Neuroscier	nce	30.01.20	015 - Aggiorna	menti in diagnosi e terapia nella S	M, Ospedale S. I	Luigi	138150	
INTERVISTE		19.12 -	F. Gardoni, Un	iversità di Milano			1028	
Primaradio	- 16.03 - A.	12.12 -	Italy-Japan C	olloquium on the Neurosciences			2756	
Vercellira	cconta la	5.12 - F	. Cauda, Ospe	edale Koelliker - Università di Torinc)		1302	
Settimana	del Cervello	28.11 -	C. Rolando, U	niversity of Basel			1153	
BACHECA		25.11 -	B. Viviani, Univ	ersità di Milano			1271	
Torino 28.9-	2.10 - The Aging	3.11 - A	. Sale, Istituto	di Neuroscienze - CNR di Pisa			1441	
Interfacing	i Human	7.11 - R	. Melcangi, Un	iversità di Milano			1366	
Pathology.	DEADLINE 15.7	17.10 -	P. Fabene, Uni	iversità di Verona			1898	
		11.10 E	tica della sper	imentazione sui viventi			184885	
NEW	NEWS SOCIETÀ		F. Bussolino, Ist	ituto di Candiolo IRCCS			1657	
51/11/0.47		19.09 -	A. Graur, The M	New York Academy of Sciences			1642	
Museo Lorr	IONE	26.9 Toi	rino - Terapia c	ellulare nelle malattie neurodege	enerative		207750	
conosce la	o difende	30.06 N	30.06 NICO - FENS Young investigator training program					
010001474		Liege, J	lune 25-27 201	4 - 8th ICHBB			2405	
13 marzo	NINALI	19.06 -	M. Balistreri, Un	iversità di Torino			1782	
2015	oniotembay	12.06 -	F. Pirri, Politecr	ico di Torino IIT			2269	
COLLOIT		30.5 - F	. Cremisi, Scuo	la Normale Superiore di Pisa			1993	
Olimpiadi	delle	5.07 FEI	NS 2014 - Milar	n, Symposium in honour of F. Rossi			257241	
Neuroscier	nze 2016: iscrizioni	5-7.6 V	erbania - Cong	gresso AINPeNC - AIRIC			2293	
entro il 30 r	novembre	4.04 - N	1. Caleo, Istitut	o di Neuroscienze - CNR, Pisa			2257	
Cerca		21.3 - U	. Dianzani, Uni	versità del Piemonte Orientale			2033	
Cerca		22-26.9	.2014 - Neural	Development and Neurodevelop	omental Disorder	S	2625	
Seguici su	Facebook	14.02 -	C. Farina, San	Raffaele, Milan			2153	
	f							
				Pagin Inizio Prec 1	azdi3 23 Succ Fine			
					2 3 8000 1110			
		East and Arts a	at make many many make many laws of the state of the					

FaLang translation system by Faboba

Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login

ISTITUTO

RICERCA

SOSTIENI IL NICO

CONTATTI



CHI SIAMO

HOME

FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGI

PRESS

NEWS SCIENZA	Visualizza n. 25	
RICERCA	TITOLO	VISITE
5.12.2012 - The Journal of	23-25.01.2014 Torino - International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration	4706
NEWS SCIENZA Visualiza n. 25 RCERCA TIOLO 5.12,2012 - The Journal of Neuroscience 23:25:01:2014 Torino - International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration 6:8:02:2014 - Incontri Italiani Ipotalarmo Ipofari, Miano INTERVISTE 23:25:01:2014 Torino - International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration 6:8:02:2014 - Incontri Italiani Ipotalarmo Ipofari, Miano INTERVISTE 21:12:2013 - L'etica della Spending Review, Torino Primaradio 16:03 - A. 13:12:2013 - Foresight in medicine, Washington USA Vercelli racconta la 22:11:2013 - Evoluzione e Cervello, Torino Settimana del Cervelio 18:11:2013 - Premio Mente e Cervello, Torino BACHECA 13:11:2013 - Premio Mente e Cervello 2013 Torino 28:9-2:10 - The Aging 14:11:2013 - S.J. Blakemore, University College London Brain: Cellular Mechanisms 12:11:2013 - L'ochelazzi, University of Verona Ratin: Collutor Mechanisms 12:11:2013 - L'ochelazzi, University of Verona Ratin: Collutor Mechanisms 12:11:2013 - L'ochelazzi, University of Verona Ratin: Collutor Mechanisms 12:10:2013 - G. Fisone, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm Nuseo Lombroso: chilo 18:10:2013 - M. Asunta Miquel, UJ, Spain DIVULGAZIONE 7:09:2013 - Huntington tra staminali ed evoluzione, Elena Cattaneo NMIND trainin	3090	
INTERVISTE	21.12.2013 - L'etica della Spending Review, Torino	2467
Primaradio 16.03 - A.	13.12.2013 - Foresight in medicine, Washington USA	2304
Vercelli racconta la	22.11.2013 - Evoluzione e Cervello, Torino	328902
Settimaria del Cervello	18.11.2013 - P. Bateson, Cambridge University	330298
BACHECA	13.11.2013 - Premio Mente e Cervello 2013	2249
Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging	14.11.2013 - S.J. Blakemore, University College London	331037
Interfacing Human	12.11.2013 - Tim Shallice, UCL, Londra e Sissa, Trieste	332014
Pathology. DEADLINE 15.7	8.11.2013 - L. Chelazzi, University of Verona	2346
	23.11.2013 - XVI Giornata Nazionale Trauma Cranico	337177
NEWS SOCIETÀ	28.10.2013 - G. Fisone, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm	3096
	18.10.2013 - M. Asunta Miquel, UJI, Spain	2408
DIVULGAZIONE Museo Lombroso: chi lo	27.09.2013 - Huntington tra staminali ed evoluzione, Elena Cattaneo	3950
NEWS SCIENZA Visualizza n. 25 RICERCA 5.12.2012 - The Journal of Neuroscience TITOLO 5.12.2013 - The Journal of Neuroscience 23-25.01.2014 Torino - International Symposium on Peripheral Nerve Regeneration 6-8.02.2014 - Incontril Italiani Ipotalamo Ipofisari, Milano INTERVISTE 21.12.2013 - L'etica della Spending Revlew, Torino Primaradio 16.03 - A. Vercelli racconta la Settimana del Cervello Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging 22.11.2013 - Foresight in medicine, Washington USA BACHECA 13.11.2013 - Premio Mente e Cervello, Torino 18.11.2013 - P. Bateson, Cambridge University Bacheco Journa 13.11.2013 - Premio Mente e Cervello 2013 Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging Brain: Cellular Mechanisms Interfacing Human Pathology. DEADLINE 15.7 13.11.2013 - SJ. Blakemore, University College London 8.11.2013 - L. Chelazzi, University of Verona 23.11.2013 - SJ. Blakemore, University of Verona 8.11.2013 - L. Chelazzi, University of Verona 23.11.2013 - M. Asunta Miquel, UJI, Spain PUVLICAZIONE Museo Lombroso: chi lo conosce lo difende 14.06 - Using New Technologies to Study the Genetics of Disease GIORNATA STAMINALI 13 marzo > UnStemDay 2015 27.05 - G. Vallortigara, University of Trento SCUOLE 24.05 - T. Felin, S. Bovetti, Italian Institute of Technology (III) Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2016: kortzon ento 130 novembre 130.6 - M. Hausser, University of California Cerca.	338570	
	14.06 - Using New Technologies to Study the Genetics of Disease	338487
GIORNATA STAMINALI	07.06 - L. Muzio, San Raffaele, Milano	2743
2015	30.05 - O. Marin, Instituto de Neurociencias (CSIC), Spain	337819
	27.05 - G. Vallortigara, University of Trento	341267
SCUOLE Olimpiadi delle	24.05 - T. Fellin, S. Bovetti, Italian Institute of Technology (IIT)	2931
Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizioni	16.05 - M. Häusser, University College, London	338291
entro il 30 novembre	03.05 - A. Alvarez-Buylla, University of California	2803
Cerca	12.04 - E. Terreno, Università di Torino	2698
Cerca	Steroids and Nervous System, 16-20 February	3491
Seguici su Facebook		

SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE

Pagina 3 di 3

Inizio Prec 1 2 3 Succ Fine

FaLang translation system by Faboba

Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login

f



FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGH

HOME CHI SIAMO	ISTITUTO RICERCA SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE CONTATTI SOSTIENI IL NICO	PRESS					
NEWS SCIENZA							
		LUCITE					
RICERCA		VISILE					
5.12.2012 - The Journal of Neuroscience	5.11 - Rejuvenation Research, F. Tempia	140					
	09.2015 - Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology, L. Bonfanti	167					
INTERVISTE	10.11 - Neuropsychopharmacology, D. Carulli	271					
Primaradio 16.03 - A. Vercelli racconta la	Environmental Health - Parma Consensus Statement on Metabolic Disruptors	212					
Settimana del Cervello	10.2015 - Cell Death and Disease, T. Borsello, IRCCS Mario Negri e A. Vercelli	245					
	10.2015 - The Cerebellum, K. Leto	456					
BACHECA	Giugno 2015 - Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience, F. Tempia	931					
Brain: Cellular Mechanisms	Maggio 2015 - Journal of Neuroscience, E. Parmigiani	2135					
Interfacing Human	Marzo 2015 - Frontiers in Neurogenesis, L.Bonfanti e P.Peretto	903					
Pathology. DEADLINE 15.7	24.04 Grant della Fondazione Veronesi a due ricercatrici del NICO						
	Le pubblicazioni del 2014	1776					
NEWS SOCIETA	November 2014 - Development, P. Peretto - F. Luzzati						
	December 2014 - Neuroscience, G. Panzica						
Museo Lombroso: chi lo	September 2014 - Brain Research, G. Panzica						
conosce lo difende	September 2014 - Eur J Neuroscience, S. Bonzano						
	The Cerebellum, October 2014: in memory of Ferdinando Rossi						
13 marzo > UniStemDay	11.09 GLIA, E. Boda - Come nascono e si rinnovano le cellule che formano la mielina	1869					
2015	12.8 Autophagy, E. Tamagno - Chiarito meccanismo che può rallentare l'Alzheimer						
	August 2014 - The Cerebellum, Symposium in Honor of Ferdinando Rossi	1732					
SCUOLE Olimpiadi dalla	7.8.2014 - ELOVL5 Mutations Cause Spinocerebellar Ataxia 38	1598					
Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizioni							
entro il 30 novembre	Pagina 1 di 2						
Cerca	Inizio Prec 1 2 Succ Fine						
Cerca							
Seguici su Facebook	FaLang translation system by Faboba						
f							
Mappa Bacheca Contatti Log	in Joomla templates by a4joomla						

1 di 1



ONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGH

HOME	CHI SIAMO	ISTITUTO	RICERCA	SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE	CONTATTI	SOSTIENI IL NICO	PRESS	
	S SCIENZA							
	NO OCILIZA	Visualiz	za n. 20					
RICERCA		TITOLO					VISITE	
5.12.2012 -	The Journal of	June 2	014 - Major uns	olved points in adult neurogenesis,	P.Peretto - L.Bo	nfanti	1943	
Neuroscie	nce	May 20	May 2014 - A. Rodriguez-Gomez, F. Filice, S. Gotti , G. Panzica					
INTERVIST	Ξ	May 20	14, P. Peretto -	E. Boda and A. Buffo			1916	
Primaradio	o 16.03 - A.	Februa	ry 2014 - Progr	ess in Neurobiology			2560	
Vercelli ra	cconta la	18.04.2	014 - Science				2265	
Settimana	del Celvello	16.04.2	014 - Frontiers i	n Neuroscience, E. Cattaneo - L. Bo	onfanti		2018	
BACHECA		26.3.20	14 - Fondazion	e Veronesi premia due ricercatori d	del NICO		2106	
Torino 28.9	-2.10 - The Aging	11.2013	- Molecular a	nd Cellular Neuroscience			2401	
Interfacing	y Human	13.11.2	013 - Developr	ment, The Company of Biologists			2269	
Pathology	. DEADLINE 15.7	11.2013	8 - Journal of N	euroendocrinology			3845	
		11.2013	- Internationa	I Review of Neurobiology			2357	
NEV	VS SOCIETÀ	07.05.2	013 - Plos One				3289	
		Cellule	staminali. Nuc	ve prospettive, di L. Bonfanti			3616	
DIVULGAZ	(IONE	25.02.2	013 - PNAS				3045	
conosce le	o difende	22.2.20	13 - PNAS				3986	
		5.12.2012 - The Journal of Neuroscience						
GIORNAT								
2015	> Unstembay			Pagina	a 2 di 2			
				Inizio Prec 1	2 Succ Fine			
SCUOLE Olimpiadi Neuroscier	delle nze 2016: iscrizioni	FaLang tran	slation system by Fabob	a				
entro il 30 Cerca Cerca	novembre							

Seguici su Facebook



<u>Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login</u>



HOME CHI SIAMO

conosce lo difende

2015

SCUOLE Olimpiadi delle

Cerca... Cerca...

GIORNATA STAMINALI 13 marzo > UniStemDay

Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizioni entro il 30 novembre

Ŧ

Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login

Seguici su Facebook

ISTITUTO RICERCA SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE CONTATTI

PRESS

SOSTIENI IL NICO

NEWS SCIENZA	Visualizza n. 15	
RICERCA	TITOLO	VISITE
5.12.2012 - The Journal of	Primaradio 16.03 - A. Vercelli racconta la Settimana del Cervello	2040
Neuroscience	Fondazione Veronesi - 25.11 Intervista a Enrica Boda	1700
INTERVISTE	Made in Italy Radio - 28.10 E. Tamagno su ricerca pubblicata su Autophagy	1379
Primaradio 16.03 - A.	Notte dei Ricercatori 2014 - Caffè Scientifico con Luca Bonfanti	1641
Vercelli racconta la	Torino Medica 26.09 - Terapie con staminali, solo speranza concreta, A. Vercelli	1482
	Prima Radio 11.09 - A. Vercelli su ricerca pubblicata su Autophagy	1746
BACHECA	Repubblica, il Fatto 17.1 - Stamina, per il perito del tribunale "cura inutile"	2625
Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging	La Repubblica R2 l'inchiesta 31.12 - F. Rossi e A.Vercelli	2471
Interfacing Human	La StampaTV 27.09 - F. Rossi per la Notte dei Ricercatori	2841
Pathology. DEADLINE 15.7	Rai 3 TGR 27.09 - Elena Cattaneo ospite del NICO	2676
12	Radio24 Sole24Ore 19.05 - Luca Bonfanti a Moebius	2788
NEWS SOCIETÀ	Rai 3 TG Leonardo 12.03 - Prof. Rossi e Bonfanti	3216
	Rai 3 TGR Piemonte 7.03 - Prof. Rossi e Bonfanti	2770
DIVULGAZIONE Museo Lombroso: chi lo	Prof.ssa Eva e il gene Npyr1 - TorinoMedica 01.2012	3408

FaLang translation system by Faboba

1	di	1



FONDAZIONE CAVALIERI OTTOLENGH

HOME CHI SIAMO	ISTITUTO RICERCA SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE CONTATTI SOSTIENI IL NICO	PRESS					
NEWS SCIENZA	Visualizza n. 25						
RICERCA	TITOLO						
22.2.2013 - PNAS	Museo Lombroso: chi lo conosce lo difende	580					
	29.9 - La sfida del secolo: una vita più lunga e più sana per tutti, C. Franceschi	642					
Primaradio 16.03 - A	25.9 Notte dei Ricercatori 2015 a Torino	630					
Vercelli racconta la	Premio Aldo Fasolo - candidature entro il 15 settembre	67809					
Settimana del Cervello	La Scienza fa bene, L. Bonfanti - A. Massarenti	1145					
BACHECA	16.5 - Oltre 140 ospiti al PorteAperte@NICO per Settimane della Scienza	98915					
Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging	VolleyBrain2015 > I VINCITORI	102897					
Brain: Cellular Mechanisms	Mettici la firma: il tuo 5xmille al NICO	1560					
Pathology. DEADLINE 15.7	24.3 Bambini e Bambine all'Università	956					
	16-21.03 Settimana del Cervello 2015 > GAMES AND THE BRAIN	112230					
NEWS SOCIETÀ	21.03 - Settimana del Cervello a Biella	112101					
	PREMIO GiovediScienza - candidature entro 26.2.2015	133134					
DIVULGAZIONE	Carnevale della Fisica - 46esima edizione	4782					
29.9 - La sfida del secolo:	31.10 La visita dell'Assessore Antonio Saitta	1438					
sana per tutti, C.	Oltre 100 ospiti per il PorteAperte@NICO - le foto						
	31.10 Concerto a favore del Coord. Para-Tetraplegici						
	25.10 PorteAperte@NICO	182387					
2015	26.09 il NICO alla Notte dei Ricercatori 2014	1985					
	25.09 Torino - Disturbi mentali nei bambini e negli adolescenti - S. Vicari	2484					
SCUOLE Olimpiadi dollo	28.05 - Oltre 60 ospiti per il nostro primo Porte Aperte	2027					
Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizioni	La necessità della ricerca fondamentale	2469					
entro il 30 novembre	28.05 - Porte aperte al NICO Vi aspettiamo!	252181					
Cerca	20-21.5.2014 Torino - Italia Unita per la Scienza	2326					
Cerca	Serca 16-18.5.14 Torino - Now.New La ricerca si racconta						
Seguici su Facebook	10.04.2014 - Serata in ricordo di Ferdinando Rossi	2101					
	Pagina 1 di 2						
	Inizio Prec 1 2 Succ Fine						

FaLang translation system by Faboba

<u>Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login</u>



HOME	CHI SIAMO	ISTITUTO	RICERCA	SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE	CONTATTI	SOSTIENI IL NICO	PRESS
<i>c</i>							
NEW	VS SCIENZA	Visualizz	za n. 25				
RICERCA		TITOLO					VISITE
5.12.2012 - 1	The Journal of	26.3.20	14 Alba - Le fro	ontiere delle Neuroscienze			277003
Neuroscier	nce	Dal 10	al 14 marzo - S	ettimana del cervello 2014			2093
INTERVISTE	E	17.02.20	014 - Accaden	nia delle Scienze di Torino			2176
Primaradic	o 16.03 - A.	7.2.2014	4 - Elena Catta	aneo all'Accademia delle Scienze			2459
Vercelli ra	cconta la	Premio	GiovedìScienz	a - proroga al 24.1.2014			2487
Settimana	del Celvello	21 nove	embre - 20 feb	braio: La scienza in diretta			2368
BACHECA		7-8.11.2	2013 - Successfi	ul Aging, Fondazione Ferrero			337460
Torino 28.9	-2.10 - The Aging	27.09.20	013 - I ricercato	ori del NICO in piazza - Le foto			2561
Interfacing	y Human	Volley	Brain 2013 - i vi	ncitori			339292
Pathology	. DEADLINE 15.7	17.06 A	lba - Nostri bim	nbi oggi, uomini domani.			2785
		8.06 - C	Contro la Disinfo	ormazione Scientifica			2507
NEW	VS SOCIETÀ	3.06 - D	a Torino a Tel A	Aviv, tributo alla Montalcini			2600
		Domen	nica 26 maggio	- Il NICO in piazza			2582
DIVULGAZ	(IONE	Verona	11-17 marzo 2	2013 Infinitamente			2924
conosce la	o difende	Torino 1	1-18 marzo Se	ttimana del cervello 2013			3294
		4/3 I lui	nedì dell'Unive	rsità: Ferdinando Rossi			2830
GIORNATA		Alba - I	22/2 Le stamina	ali tra scienza e fantascienza			339325
2015	Sonsteniday	l ricerca	atori del NICO	in piazza			3332
SCUOLE							

Pagina 2 di 2

Inizio Prec 1 2 Succ Fine

FaLang translation system by Faboba

Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login

f

Cerca... Cerca...

Olimpiadi delle

Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizioni

entro il 30 novembre

Seguici su Facebook



HOME	Chi siamo	ISTITUTO	RICERCA	SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE	CONTATTI	SOSTI

NK NK

HOME CHI SIAMO	ISTITUTO RICERCA SCOPRI LE NEUROSCIENZE CONTATTI SOSTIENI IL NICO	PRESS
NEWS BOIENZA	Visualizza n. 15	
RICERCA 22.2.2013 - PNAS	TITOLO	VISITE
	Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizioni entro il 30 novembre	25578
INTERVISTE Primaradio 16.03 - A. Vercelli racconta la Settimana del Cervello	Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze: Luca Inguaggiato 12° alla finale mondiale in Australia	454
	Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2015: vince Luca Inguaggiato di Novara	979
	27.04.2015 - PorteAperte per 140 studenti	1112
	25-29.05 torna la Scientific Summer Academy 2015	1090
BACHECA Torino 28.9-2.10 - The Aging Brain: Cellular Mechanisms Interfacing Human Pathology. DEADLINE 15.7	Novara vince le prove regionali delle Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2015	1265
	Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze - 400 studenti in gara in Piemonte	140385
	Primi in Europa alle Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2014	2064
	Scientific Summer Academy 2014	2472
	Anna Pan di Novara ha vinto le Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze	2364
NEWS SOCIETÀ	Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2014: i vincitori per il Piemonte	341843
	20.2.2014 - C'era una volta un neurone	3076
DIVULGAZIONE 29.9 - La sfida del secolo: una vita più lunga e più sana per tutti, C.	Scientific Summer Academy 2013	341892
	Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2013: i finalisti	5197
	FaLang translation system by Faboba	
GIORNATA STAMINALI 13 marzo > UniStemDay 2015		
SCUOLE Olimpiadi delle Neuroscienze 2016: iscrizion entro il 30 novembre		
Cerca		

Cerca... Seguici su Facebook



Mappa Bacheca Contatti Login

